

HPE StoreEver 1/8 G2 Tape Autoloader User and Service Guide

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Abstract

This guide provides information on installing, configuring, upgrading, and troubleshooting the tape autoloader. This guide is intended for system administrators and other users who need physical and functional knowledge of the tape autoloader.

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Features



WARNING MOVING PARTS: Only personnel with technical and product safety training (referred to as **users** in this document) may have access to or operate the autoloader.

Read all documentation and procedures before installing or operating the autoloader.

Hazardous moving parts exist inside this product. Do not insert any tools or any part of your body into the tape library while it is operating.

The autoloader provides a compact, high-capacity, low-cost solution for simple, unattended data backup. This unique design houses up to eight tape cartridges in a compact 1U form factor with easy access to tape cartridges through two removable magazines and a configurable mailslot. Each magazine can hold up to four cartridges.

The autoloader supports LTO Ultrium half-height tape drives. For the tape drives currently available for the autoloader, see the MSL QuickSpecs at https://www.hpe.com/support/hpesc. For a list of all supported configurations, see the compatibility matrix at: https://www.hpe.com/storage/StoreEverSupportMatrix

The autoloader is compatible with most operating systems and environments that support the SAS, parallel SCSI, or Fibre Channel interfaces. However, the autoloader requires either direct support from the operating system or a compatible backup application to take full advantage of its many features. To verify compatibility, see the compatibility matrix at:

https://www.hpe.com/storage/StoreEverSupportMatrix

The autoloader provides two user interfaces:

- Remote management interface (RMI)—With the RMI you can monitor and operate the autoloader from a web page. You can access most autoloader functions from the RMI.
- Operator control panel (OCP)—With the OCP you can monitor and operate the autoloader from the front panel.

Subtopics

Autoloader front panel

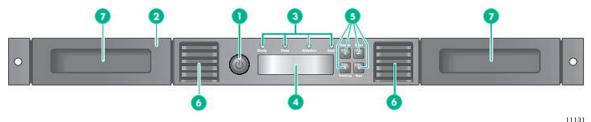
Autoloader back panel

Tape drive back panels

Autoloader options

Hardware-based encryption

Autoloader front panel



13:13:1

Item Description

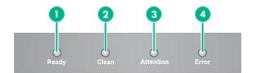
1	Power button
2	Mailslot
3	Front panel LEDs
4	Front panel LCD screen
5	Control buttons
6	Air vents
7	Magazine

Subtopics

OCP LEDs

OCP LEDs

The OCP LEDs indicate system status information.



11256

Item	Label	Color	Description
1	Ready	Green	Illuminated when power is on. Blinking when there is tape drive or robotics activity.
2	Clean	Amber	Illuminated when the tape drive has determined that a cleaning cartridge should be used. Cleaning is only necessary when the device directs you to do so. Additional cleaning is not necessary.
3	Attention	Amber	Illuminated if the autoloader has detected a condition that requires attention by the operator.
4	Error	Amber	Illuminated if an unrecoverable error occurs. A corresponding error message displays on the LCD screen.

Autoloader back panel



ltem	Description
1	Tape drive assembly
2	Fan
3	Power connector
4	Magazine release hole
5	Pull-out tab containing the serial number and other product information
6	Ethernet port
7	Serial port (Factory use only)
8	Controller health status indicator
9	USB port

Subtopics

Controller health status indicator

Controller health status indicator

The controller health status indicator is a green LED. The LED is located on the back panel in the lower right corner.



ltem	Color	Description
1	Green	 Controller health status LED. Pulses on and off in approximately one second cycles during normal operation. Solid green or not illuminated while the autoloader is powered on indicates that the controller is not operating correctly.

Tape drive back panels

Subtopics

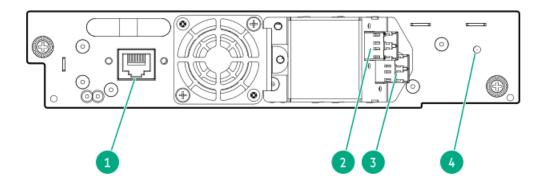
LTO-5 and LTO-6 FC tape drive back panels

LTO-7, LTO-8, and LTO-9 FC tape drive back panel

LTO-4, LTO-5, and LTO-6 SAS tape drive back panel

LTO-7, LTO-8, and LTO-9 SAS tape drive back panel

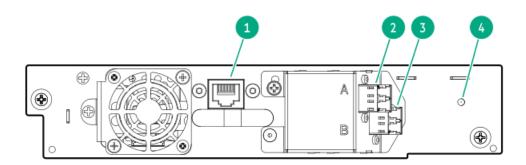
LTO-5 and LTO-6 FC tape drive back panels



Item Description

1	Tape drive Ethernet port
2	FC port A
3	FC port B (LTO-6)
4	Tape drive power LED, green

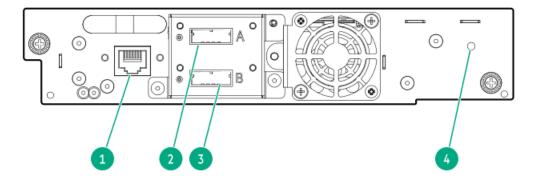
LTO-7, LTO-8, and LTO-9 FC tape drive back panel



Item Description

1	Tape drive Ethernet port
2	FC port A
3	FC port B
4	Tape drive power LED, green

LTO-4, LTO-5, and LTO-6 SAS tape drive back panel

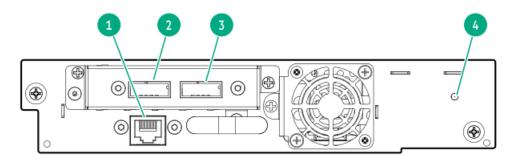


Item Description

- 1 Tape drive Ethernet port
- 2 SAS port A
- 3 SAS port B (LTO-6)
- 4 Tape drive power LED, green

LTO-7, LTO-8, and LTO-9 SAS tape drive back panel

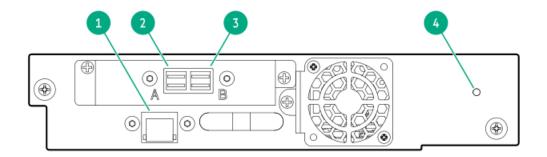
LTO-7 and LTO-8 SAS tape drive back panel



Item Description

- 1 Tape drive Ethernet port
- 2 SAS port A
- 3 SAS port B
- 4 Tape drive power LED, green

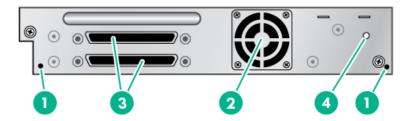
LTO-9 SAS tape drive back panel



Item Description

- 1 Tape drive Ethernet port
- 2 SAS Port A
- 3 SAS Port B
- 4 Tape drive power LED, green

Parallel SCSI tape drive back panel



Item Description

- 1 Magazine release hole
- 2 Fan
- 3 Parallel SCSI ports
- 4 Tape drive power indicator

Autoloader options

Subtopics

HPE StoreEver 1/8 G2 Tape Autoloader and MSL Tape Libraries Encryption Kit

Command View TL TapeAssure

LTFS Support

HPE StoreEver 1/8 G2 Tape Autoloader and MSL Tape Libraries Encryption Kit

The encryption kit provides secure generation and storage of encryption keys. The encryption kit can be used with any StoreEver 1/8 G2 Tape Autoloader or MSL2024, MSL3040, MSL4048, MSL6480, MSL8048, and MSL8096 Tape Library with at least one LTO-4 or later generation tape drive.

The encryption kit supports your manual security policies and procedures by providing secure storage for encryption keys. Access to the key server tokens and their backup files is protected with user-specified passwords. You will need to create processes to protect the tokens and secure the passwords.

Before enabling the encryption kit, verify that the autoloader is running the most current firmware to ensure compatibility between the token and autoloader.

To use the encryption kit, insert a key server token in the USB port on the back of the autoloader and then enable the encryption kit and configure the token from the RMI.



(i) IMPORTANT:

When encryption is enabled with the encryption kit, the autoloader will not use encryption keys from other sources, such as a key management system or application software. Disable encryption in applications writing to the autoloader when encryption is enabled with the encryption kit. Applications that attempt to control encryption while encryption is enabled with the encryption kit will not be able to do so, which can cause backups or other write operations to fail.

For information about configuring and using the encryption kit, see the encryption kit user guide, which is available from the Hewlett Packard Enterprise Information Library at https://www.hpe.com/info/storage/docs.

Command View TL TapeAssure

HPE Command View TL software provides a browser-based GUI for remote management and monitoring of most. Hewlett Packard Enterprise libraries. With Command View TL, you can view and analyze the performance and health of supported tape drives and media in multiple devices at the same time. In addition, TapeAssure displays more extensive drive and media health information than is visible in the RMI.

Command View TL software is installed on a management station. For best performance, locate the management station in the same physical location and on the same IP subnet as the autoloader. Command View TL software is available for download from the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website at https://www.hpe.com/support/cvtl.

For information on installing and using Command View TL, see the HPE StoreEver Command View TL User Guide, available from the information library: https://www.hpe.com/info/storage/docs

Command View TL support is included in all autoloader firmware that supports LTO-5 and later generation tape drives. To find and download the most up-to-date firmware revision, visit the Hewlett Packard Enterprise support website at https://www.hpe.com/support/hpesc.

LTFS Support

The HPE StoreOpen Automation application simplifies use of the Linear Tape File System (LTFS) functionality. LTFS makes tape selfdescribing, file-based, and easy-to-use. The automation application extends LTFS functionality, presenting an autoloader or library and its tape cartridges as a collection of folders. This extension results in easy data access and management. For more information about LTFS capabilities, see https://www.hpe.com/storage/StoreOpen.

Hardware-based encryption

The LTO-4 and later generation tape drives include hardware capable of encrypting data while writing data, and decrypting data when reading. Hardware encryption can be used with or without compression while maintaining the full speed and capacity of the tape drive and media.

Encryption is the process of changing data into a form that cannot be read until it is deciphered with the key used to encrypt the data. Encryption protects the data from unauthorized access and use. LTO tape drives use the 256-bit version of the industry-standard AES encrypting algorithm to protect your data.

To use this feature, you need:

- The 1/8 G2 & MSL Encryption Kit or a KMIP-based key server or a backup application that supports hardware encryption.
- LTO-4 or later generation media; no encryption will be performed when writing LTO-3 and earlier generations of tape.

Your company policy will determine when to use encryption. For example, your company could require encryption of company confidential and financial data, but not for personal data. Company policy will also define how to generate and manage encryption keys. Backup applications that support encryption will generate a key for you or allow you to enter a key manually.

For information about using the encryption kit, see HPE StoreEver 1/8 G2 Tape Autoloader and MSL Tape Libraries Encryption Kit.

Subtopics

KMIP-based key servers

Application-managed encryption

KMIP-based key servers

The autoloader supports integration with encryption key management servers using the Key Management Interoperability Protocol (KMIP) standard. KMIP is an industry standard protocol for communications between a key management server and an encryption system. The KMIP technical committee of the OASIS standards body (Organization for the Advancement of Structured Information Standards) developed the KMIP specification.

The KMIP feature allows the autoloader to obtain encryption keys from selected KMIP-compliant key managers. These keys can be used to encrypt data as it is written to tape. Up to six key servers can be configured for failover purposes.

For instructions on configuring the KMIP feature, see the HPE StoreEver MSL Tape Libraries Encryption Key Server Configuration Guide, available from the Enterprise Information Library at https://www.hpe.com/info/storage/docs.

Key managers

To use the KMIP feature, the autoloader must have access to a KMIP key manager. Hewlett Packard Enterprise only supports KMIP when used with a supported key manager, listed in the compatibility matrix at https://www.hpe.com/storage/StoreEverSupportMatrix.

Operation

When the KMIP feature is enabled and properly configured, tape data will automatically be encrypted with keys delivered from the KMIP key manager. Tapes are encrypted on a key-per-tape basis.

Write, and append operations: The tape drive will request a key when data is written. The autoloader, acting as an intermediary, can request the key manager to create a key. The autoloader then obtains that key and delivers it to the tape drive. A name, which is associated with the media identifier, identifies the key. The key is not retained in the tape drive any longer than necessary to perform encryption operations.

Read operations: The tape drive will request a key. The autoloader, acting as an intermediary, obtains the key identifier, requests that key from the key manager, and delivers it to the tape drive. The key is not retained in the tape drive any longer than necessary to perform decryption operations.

Licensing

The KMIP feature requires that the StoreEver MSL2024/4048/8096 KMIP license has been installed before the feature can be enabled and configured.

The autoloader also supports KMIP integration and uses the same license as the libraries.

Application-managed encryption

Hardware encryption is off by default and is switched on by settings in your backup application. The backup application also generates and

supplies the encryption key. Your backup application must support hardware encryption for this feature to work. For a current list of suitable backup software, see the compatibility matrix at: https://www.hpe.com/storage/StoreEverSupportMatrix



NOTE:

The autoloader can only obtain encryption keys from one source. Using the encryption kit will prevent application-managed encryption.

Encryption is primarily designed to protect the media once it is offline and to prevent it being accessed from another machine. The tape drive can read and append the encrypted media without being prompted for a key while the machine and application that first encrypted the tape are accessing the tape.

There are two main instances when you will need to know the key:

- If you try to import the media to another machine or another instance of the backup application.
- If you are recovering your system after a disaster.



NOTE:

Encryption with keys that are generated directly from passwords or passphrases might be less secure than encryption using truly random keys. Your application will explain the available options and methods. Refer to the application user documentation for more information.

If you are unable to supply the key when requested to do so, no one will be able to access the encrypted data, including support engineers.

This feature guarantees the security of your data, but also means that you must carefully manage the encryption key used to generate the tape.



Keep a record or backup of your encryption keys and store it in a secure place separate from the computer running the backup software.

For detailed instructions about enabling encryption, see the documentation supplied with your backup application or with the encryption kit. The documentation will also highlight any default states, for example when copying tapes, that might need to be changed when using encrypted tapes.

Installing the tape autoloader

Procedure

- 1. Plan the autoloader installation.
 - FC configuration information
 - SAS configuration information
 - Parallel SCSI configuration information
 - Location requirements
- 2. Prepare the host
- 3. Unpack the shipping container
- 4. Attaching the feet
- 5. Remove the shipping lock
- 6. Install the autoloader in a rack
- 7. Install the tabletop conversion kit
- 8. Install the tape drive
- 9. Change the SCSI address (parallel SCSI drives only)

- 10. Connect the parallel SCSI cable
- 11. Connect the FC cable
- 12. Connect the SAS cable
- 13. Power on the autoloader
- 14. Configure the autoloader.
 - a. Configure the autoloader network
 - b. Set the date and time
 - c. Set the administrator password
- 15. Verify the connection
- 16. Label and load the tape cartridges
- 17. Verify the installation
- 18. Configure additional features

Subtopics

FC connection information

SAS connection information

Parallel SCSI configuration information

Location requirements

Preparing the host

Unpacking the shipping container

Attaching the feet

Removing the shipping lock

Installing the tabletop conversion kit

Installing the autoloader in a rack

Installing the tape drive

Changing the SCSI address (parallel SCSI drives only)

Connecting the FC cable

Connecting the SAS cable

Connecting the parallel SCSI cable

Powering on the autoloader

Configuring the autoloader network

Setting the date and time

Setting the administrator password

Configuring the FC interface

Labeling the tape cartridges

Verifying the connection

Verifying the installation

Configuring additional features

FC connection information

Connect the FC tape drive directly to the server with an HBA or indirectly through a SAN with an FC switch.

Table 1. FC drive interface speeds

LTO generation	Supported speeds
LTO-3, LTO-4	1 Gb, 2 Gb, 4 Gb
LTO-5, LTO-6, LTO-7, LTO-8, LTO-9	2 Gb, 4 Gb, 8 Gb

Most supported tape drives have two FC ports. Only one port can be used at a time, but both ports can be connected for path failover or with software that supports multipath. If you are using only one port, you can use either port. Path failover is a licensed library feature.

Direct connection

The host must have a 2 Gb, 4 Gb, 8 Gb, or 16 Gb FC HBA. A 4 Gb HBA is recommended for LTO-4 tape drives. An 8 Gb or faster HBA is recommended for LTO-5 and later generation tape drives. To verify that an HBA is supported on your server and qualified for the tape drive, see the compatibility matrix at: https://www.hpe.com/storage/StoreEverSupportMatrix.

A server that has FC-attached hard drives performs best with at least two FC ports. Using the same FC port for disk and tape drive access can cause performance degradation.

SAN connection

All switches between the host and the tape drive must be of the appropriate type. A 2 Gb switch in the path might cause performance degradation when backing up highly compressible data.

Configure zoning on the FC switch so that only the backup servers can access the tape drive. For more information, see the switch documentation.

Cable requirements

An FC cable is required for each FC port you plan to use. The tape drive has an LC-style connector. The maximum cable length is based on the tape drive and external cable type.

Drive type	Cable type	2 Gb	4 Gb	8 Gb
All	OM2	0.5 - 300 m	0.5 - 150 m	Not supported
LTO-5 HH*	OM3, OM4	0.5 - 300 m	0.5 - 150 m	0.5 - 50 m
All except LTO-5 HH	OM3, OM4	0.5 - 500 m	0.5 - 380 m	0.5 - 150 m

^{*} The LTO-5 Ultrium 3000 half-height drive is shown as LTO-5 HH.

SAS connection information

The server must have a SAS host bus adapter with an external connector.

Table 1. SAS drive interface speeds

LTO generation	Supported speeds
LTO-4	1.5 Gb, 3 Gb
LTO-5, LTO-6, LTO-7, LTO-8	1.5 Gb, 3 Gb, 6 Gb
LTO-9	3 Gb, 6 Gb, 12 Gb

The autoloader uses two SCSI logical unit numbers (LUNs) and requires an HBA with multiple LUN support. Most Hewlett Packard Enterprise SAS RAID controllers support tape devices; many other SAS RAID controllers do not support tape devices. To verify the specifications of your HBA or find a list of compatible HBAs, see the StoreEver Support Matrix at: https://www.hpe.com/storage/StoreEverSupportMatrix.



CAUTION:

Do not connect the autoloader to a SAS RAID controller unless the DAPR compatibility matrix shows that the controller is qualified with the autoloader. The server might not be able to boot when the autoloader is connected to an unsupported SAS RAID controller.



Reliable data transfer requires high-quality cables and connections.

- Always verify that the SAS cable is rated for the data transfer speed of the HBA and tape drive.
- Do not use adapters or converters between the HBA and the tape drive. SAS signal rates require clean connections and a minimum number of connections between the HBA and the tape drive.
- SAS cables described as "equalized" might not support 6 Gb/s or 12 Gb/s data rates. Do not use equalized cables with LTO-5 or later generation tape drives unless these cables are verified for 6 Gb/s or 12 Gb/s data rates.
- For optimal performance, only use cables of the length specified as qualified for your products. If not using the HPE supplied cable and the SAS link is operating at 6 Gb/s the maximum SAS cable length is 6 meters. If operating at 12 Gb/s then the maximum cable length is 4 meters.

Cable requirements

Most SAS HBA ports have four SAS channels. A tape drive uses one channel, so each HBA port can support up to four tape drives. You can use a cable with one connector on each end, but only one channel will be used. The SAS fanout cable recommended for use with the library can connect up to four SAS tape drives to a single SAS HBA port.

Connectors

The host end of the cable must have the same type of connector as the HBA external SAS port.

The LTO-9 tape drive has an HD mini-SAS connector. Earlier generation tape drives have a mini-SAS connector. The mini-SAS connector is keyed in location 4, which is the standard location for end devices. If you use a cable other than the one recommended for use with the product, verify that it is keyed in location 4.



↑ CAUTION:

Mini SAS connectors are keyed. Do not force a SAS cable mini-SAS connector into the tape drive mini-SAS port because it might be keyed differently.

Parallel SCSI configuration information

The parallel SCSI autoloader uses the Ultra 320 SCSI LVD interface. The autoloader uses a separate SCSI ID for each tape drive, with dual LUNs on the master drive SCSI ID to control the tape drive (LUN 0) and autoloader robotic (LUN 1). Hewlett Packard Enterprise recommends that each Ultrium tape drive has its own bus when possible.

The parallel SCSI autoloader incorporates a wide SCSI-2 or SCSI-3 Low-Voltage Differential (LVD) SCSI bus. Make sure that your SCSI host

adapter or controller supports these standards.



(i) IMPORTANT:

The autoloader is NOT compatible with a high-voltage differential (HVD) SCSI bus. Do not put the autoloader on a narrow (50-pin) parallel SCSI bus because doing so will severely degrade performance.

If the host computer will have multiple parallel SCSI devices, you must decide how they will be configured into one or more parallel SCSI buses.

About parallel SCSI buses

A parallel SCSI bus consists of the host bus adapter (HBA), the parallel SCSI devices, the parallel SCSI cables, and the terminators. The HBA and devices are connected in a chain, with each device connected to the next. The last device must have a SCSI terminator. Each device in the chain must have a unique SCSI address (SCSI ID).

Complex devices, such as the autoloader, assign subaddresses, called logical unit numbers (LUNs), to different parts of the device. The HBA and operating system must support multiple LUNs, also called LUN scanning, for the application software to operate the autoloader. HPE Smart Array controllers, most third-party RAID controllers, and many on-board SCSI controllers do not support multiple LUNs.

An HBA might have one or two channels, with each channel supporting one parallel SCSI bus. Check to see how many channels the HBA has and what devices are already connected to the HBA. Some devices, such as parallel SCSI disk drives, could be inside the server.

The devices on a parallel SCSI bus share bandwidth so be careful about which devices you put together on a bus. Also, putting a singleended (SE) SCSI device on the bus will slow all the devices on the bus down to SE speed. To see what kind of parallel SCSI interface a device has, see the interface specifications for the device.

HBA requirements

For optimum performance, place the autoloader on its own SCSI bus and use a host bus adapter that can transfer data as fast as the autoloader can read and write. Verify that the operating system supports the HBA. For current HBA compatibility information, see the compatibility matrix at https://www.hpe.com/storage/StoreEverSupportMatrix.



(i) IMPORTANT:

Do not connect an LTO tape drive to an SE SCSI bus, as it severely degrades autoloader performance. A single-ended SCSI host bus adapter severely degrades autoloader performance and limits cable length. Also, if any SE devices are on the SCSI bus, all the devices on the bus slow down to SE speed, severely degrading performance.

Multiple LUN support

The autoloader uses a single SCSI ID and two logical unit numbers (LUN). LUN 0 controls the tape drive and LUN 1 controls the robotic. The autoloader requires an HBA that supports multiple LUNs. If multiple LUN support is not enabled, the host computer cannot scan beyond LUN 0 to discover the autoloader. It just sees the tape drive.

Parallel SCSI HPE Smart Array controllers, RAID controllers, and most on-board HBAs do not support multiple LUNs. For current HBA compatibility information, see the compatibility matrix at https://www.hpe.com/storage/StoreEverSupportMatrix.



(i) IMPORTANT:

The autoloader requires an HBA that supports multiple LUNs, which is also called "LUN scanning."

Optimizing throughput

If possible, put the autoloader on its own parallel SCSI bus. This configuration will give you the best performance and easiest installation.

If a tape drive must share a parallel SCSI bus with one or more other devices, follow these guidelines to plan your parallel SCSI buses for the highest performance:

- Do not put a tape drive on the same parallel SCSI bus as a disk drive because the system and backup performance will be slow when data is written from the hard drive to tape or from tape to the hard drive.
- Do not put a tape drive on the same parallel SCSI bus as a disk array because the disk and the tape drive performance will be affected. Most RAID controllers do not support multiple LUNs and the data on the disk array could become corrupted.
- Avoid putting an SE SCSI device on the same bus as a tape drive because the SE device will slow the tape drive to SE speed and reduce the allowable cable length.

Default SCSI addresses

Verify that each device on the bus has a unique SCSI address (SCSI ID). The preconfigured SCSI address for the autoloader is 4. If 4 is already used for another device, change the SCSI address of the autoloader during the installation process.



NOTE:

The HBA also has a SCSI address, which is typically 7.

Verify that each device on the bus has a unique SCSI address. If these preconfigured addresses will not be unique on a bus, change the SCSI address of one or more of the tape drives during the installation process.



NOTE:

Use the Library & Tape Tools (L&TT) to check the server parallel SCSI configuration. L&TT is available without cost from the L&TT website at https://www.hpe.com/support/TapeTools.

Location requirements

If you plan to mount the autoloader in a rack, select an open rack location with access to the host server and a power outlet. If possible, install the autoloader in the middle or higher part of the rack to avoid dust from the floor and to allow easy access to the mailslot and magazines.

If you plan to set the autoloader on a table, select a level area large enough to support both edges of the autoloader with access to the host server and a power outlet. You can also set the autoloader on a shelf in the rack. In this case, you must attach the feet during the installation process.



i) IMPORTANT:

The autoloader must be mounted in supported rack rails or sit on the enclosed support feet. Placing the autoloader on a surface, such as a tabletop or rack shelf, without the feet applied could result in autoloader errors.

Table 1. Location criteria

Criteria	Definition		
Rack requirements	HPE G2 Enterprise Series, Enterprise Series, G2 Advanced Series, Advanced Series, Standard Series and other HPE square-hole or round-hole racks		
Rack space requirements	1U when mounted in the optional rack rails		
Operating temperature	10-35° C (50-95° F)) for the tape autoloader. Some tape drives have a more limited ambient temperature range and/or have a more limited temperature range when operating at high altitudes. Verify the tape drive operating requirements before installing a tape drive.		
	See Environmental specifications.		
Power source	AC power voltage: 100-127 VAC; 200-240 VAC		
	Line frequency: 50-60 Hz		
	Place the autoloader near an AC outlet. The AC power cord is the main AC disconnect device for the autoloader and must be easily accessible at all times.		
Weight without media	11.5 kg (25.4 lb)		
Weight with media	13.1 kg (28.9 lb)		
Air quality	Place the autoloader in an area with minimal sources of particulate contamination. Avoid areas near frequently used doors and walkways, stacks of supplies that collect dust, printers, and smoke-filled rooms.		
	Excessive dust and debris can damage tapes and tape drives.		
	△ CAUTION:		
	Chemical contaminant levels in customer environments for Hewlett Packard Enterprise hardware products must not exceed G1 (mild) levels of Group A chemicals at any time as described in the current version of ISA-71.04-1985 Environmental Conditions for Process Measurement and Control Systems: Airborne Contaminants.		
Humidity	20-80 percent relative humidity noncondensing		
Tullidity	20-00 percent relative numbers in indicondensing		
Clearance	Back: Minimum of 15.4 cm (6 inches)		
	Front: Minimum of 30.8 cm (12 inches)		
	Sides: Minimum of 5.08 cm (2 inches)		



Temperature and humidity specifications are more tightly controlled for tape media, tape drives, and tape autoloaders than many other products installed in the data center. Ensure that the tape media and drives reside in an area within the temperature and humidity specifications.

Preparing the host

About this task



(i) IMPORTANT:

Use proper procedures to prevent electrostatic discharge (ESD). Use wrist-grounding straps and anti-static mats when handling internal components.

Procedure

- If you are not the system administrator of the host computer, check with the system administrator before powering off the computer.
- For an FC autoloader, install an FC HBA or verify that you have sufficient ports available on a compatible FC switch.
- For a SAS autoloader, if necessary, install a SAS HBA with an external SAS connector that supports multiple LUNs. Refer to the host computer and HBA documentation for installation information.
- For a parallel SCSI autoloader, install a parallel SCSI HBA that supports multiple LUNs.

Refer to the host computer and HBA documentation for installation information.

Verify that multiple LUN support is enabled on the HBA and operating system.

- Install application software and compatible drivers on the host computer. See the application software manuals for installation and configuration information.
- Install the Library & Tape Tools (L&TT) diagnostic utility to see what devices are connected to the host, verify the installation, upgrade firmware, and aid in troubleshooting.

Download L&TT without charge from: https://www.hpe.com/support/TapeTools.

Unpacking the shipping container

About this task



CAUTION:

If the temperature in the room where the autoloader will be installed varies 15°C (30°F) from the room where it was stored, allow autoloader to acclimate to the surrounding environment for at least 12 hours before unpacking the shipping container.

Procedure

- 1. Clear a level work surface near where you will place the autoloader.
- Inspect the container for shipping damage. If you notice any damage, report it to the shipping company immediately.
- Remove the packaging, accessories, and autoloader from the box one layer at a time. 3.
- Place the autoloader on a level work surface.

Do not place the autoloader on either end or its sides as doing so might damage it.

- 5. Carefully remove the foam padding and then the bag from the autoloader.
- Save the packaging materials for moving or shipping the autoloader in the future.
- 7. Verify that you received the following components:
 - a. Autoloader
 - b. Ethernet cable
 - c. Six support feet
- 8. Verify that you have the necessary cables.
 - a. For an FC autoloader, you must provide an FC cable for each FC port you plan to use. See FC connection information.
 - b. For a SAS autoloader, you must provide a SAS cable with the correct connector for your HBA. See SAS connection information.

Attaching the feet

About this task

If you plan to mount the autoloader in a rack or in the tabletop conversion cover, skip this step.



CAUTION: The autoloader must be supported only under both side edges to operate properly. If the autoloader is not mounted in a rack or in the tabletop conversion kit, you must apply the feet.

Do not put anything on top of the autoloader. Weight on top of the autoloader can prevent the robotic inside from moving properly. If you must place items on top of the autoloader, install it in the optional tabletop conversion cover, which can support up to 15 kg (33 lb).

Procedure

1. Ensure that there are no tape cartridges in the autoloader.

(i) IMPORTANT:

The autoloader can be damaged if it is turned over with tape cartridges in the magazines or robot. If the autoloader has been used before and is powered off, use the manual magazine release to remove the cartridges from the autoloader.

- If the autoloader is powered on, return all cartridges to the magazines with the OCP Operations > Move Tape option and then power off the autoloader and remove the power cord.
- b. From the back of the autoloader, locate the magazine release holes.

The magazine release holes are located at the bottom corners of the tape drive cover plate. Each hole provides access to a lever that releases the magazine on that side.



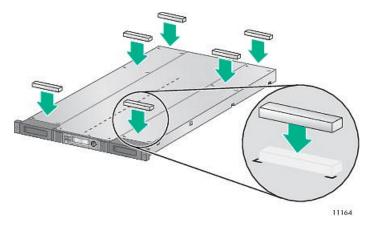
Item Description

- 1 Release hole for right magazine
- Release hole for left magazine
- Insert a straightened paper clip or small metal pin about 1.5 cm (0.6 inch) into the magazine release hole.



- Have another person pull out the magazine out of the autoloader and set it aside.
- Repeat the process for the other magazine.
- 2. With another person, gently turn the autoloader over and set it on its top on a smooth clean surface.
- 3. Locate the six inscribed foot location lines on the bottom of the autoloader.
- If the autoloader is not new, clean the foot locations with an alcohol wipe or soft cloth lightly moistened with isopropyl alcohol. Do not let alcohol seep into the autoloader.

5. Peel the backing paper off each foot and apply it within a set of foot location lines.



- 6. With another person, gently turn the autoloader over and set it on its feet.
- 7. If the magazines were removed earlier, replace them.

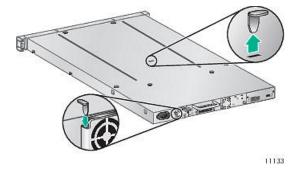
Removing the shipping lock

About this task

The shipping lock prevents the robotic transport mechanism from moving during shipment. Remove the shipping lock before powering on the autoloader. The shipping lock is held in place with a piece of tape and is located in the top center of the autoloader. After removing the shipping lock, store it on the back panel of the autoloader for future use.

Procedure

1. Locate the tape and shipping lock at the top of the autoloader.



- 2. Remove the tape, and then remove the lock.
- 3. Store the lock on the back panel.

Installing the tabletop conversion kit

About this task

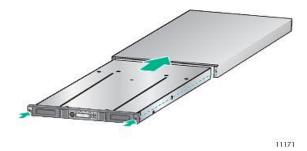
If you do not have the optional tabletop conversion kit, skip this step.

The rack to tabletop conversion kit supports the edges of the autoloader and can support 15 kg (33 lb).

Procedure

1. Place the cover on a flat, level surface behind the autoloader.

2. Slide the autoloader into the cover until the front panel of the autoloader is aligned with the cover.



3. Tighten the captive screws on the front panel until the cover is secure.

Installing the autoloader in a rack

Prerequisites

#2 and #3 Phillips screwdrivers

About this task

If the autoloader has a tabletop conversion cover or support feet, skip this step.



WARNING:

The autoloader weighs 11.5 kg (25.4 lb) without media and 13.1 kg (28.9 lb) with media (eight cartridges). When moving the autoloader, to reduce the risk of personal injury or damage to the autoloader:

- 1. Observe local health and safety requirements and guidelines for manual material handing.
- 2. Always remove all tapes to reduce the overall weight of the autoloader.
- 3. Obtain adequate assistance to lift and stabilize the autoloader during installation or removal.



WARNING:

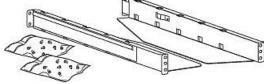
To reduce the risk of personal injury or damage to equipment:

- Extend the leveling jacks to the floor.
- Ensure that the full weight of the rack rests on the leveling jacks.
- Install the rack stabilizer kit on the rack.
- Extend only one rack component at a time. Racks might become unstable if more than one component is extended.

The autoloader is installed easily into the HPE Standard Series Racks, HPE Enterprise Series Racks, HPE Advanced Series Racks, HPE Rack System/E, and earlier generation HPE 9.5 mm Square-Hole Racks.

Procedure

- 1. Unpack the rack kit and verify that it includes the following:
 - Two rails
 - Hardware packets containing M6 screws.



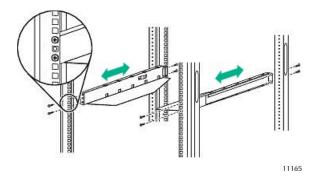
2. Select the hardware packet for your rack.

Packet label	Applicable racks
7.1 mm Pound-Hole Pack	HPE supported racks with 7.1 mm round holes in the rack column.
7.1 IIIII ROUNG-I IOIC NACK	The 2 supported racks with 7.1 min round notes in the rack column.
9.5 mm Square-Hole Rack	HPE supported racks with 9.5 mm square holes in the rack column.

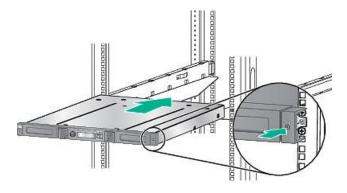
3. Install the rails.

a. Using the screws from the packet for your rack and a #3 Phillips screwdriver, secure the front of one rail to the front of the rack.

The support platform of each rail is tapered, narrowing towards the rear.



- b. Extend the rail to the depth of the rack and secure the rail to the back of the rack.
- c. Install the other rail.
- 4. Install the autoloader in the rack.
 - a. Slide the autoloader onto the rails.
 - b. From the front of the autoloader, secure the front bezel to the rack using a #2 Phillips screw driver placed through the small holes in the mounting bracket. Tighten the captive screws on each side of the autoloader until they are seated.



Installing the tape drive

About this task

If the tape drive is not already installed in the autoloader, install the tape drive now.

Procedure

1. Holding the tape drive by the handle and supporting it from the bottom, slide the tape drive into the drive bay until it is flush with the back of the autoloader.



2. To secure the tape drive to the chassis, use a torque driver to tighten the thumbscrews on the drive sled to 6 inch pounds or 0.68 N m.

If a torque driver is not available, use a #2 Phillips screwdriver to tighten the thumbscrews until a low initial threshold torque achieves a snug tight condition.

Changing the SCSI address (parallel SCSI drives only)

About this task

If you have multiple parallel SCSI devices on the SCSI bus and another device is already using SCSI ID 4, you must change the SCSI ID of the autoloader before connecting the autoloader to the host computer.

Procedure

- 1. Plug the power cord into the power connector on the back panel and then plug the cord into the power outlet.
- 2. From the front panel, push the round power button to power on the autoloader.
- 3. From the front panel, set the new SCSI ID.
 - See Changing the SCSI address parallel SCSI drives (Configuration> Change Drive) .
- 4. Power off the autoloader by depressing the power button on the front panel.

Connecting the FC cable

About this task

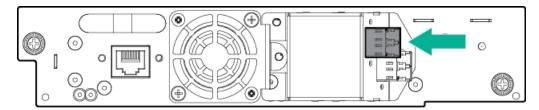


NOTE:

Using both ports on a dual-port drive requires path failover or multipath capability in the host application.

Procedure

1. Remove the FC port caps if necessary. Attach one end of the FC cable to Port A on the tape drive.



2. Attach the other end of the FC cable to a switch or HBA.

Connecting the SAS cable

About this task



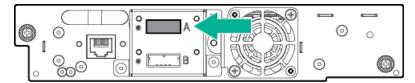
NOTE:

SAS signal rates require clean connections between the HBA and tape drive. Do not use adapters or converters between the HBA and the tape drive. For reliable operation, use a maximum SAS cable length of 6 meters.

Procedure

- 1. Determine which end of the cable to plug into the HBA.
 - a. For a cable with a single connector on each end, the end with the same type of connector as the HBA is the HBA end.
 - b. For a SAS fanout cable, the end of the cable with a single connector is the HBA end.
- 2. Attach the HBA end of the SAS cable to the HBA port.
- 3. Attach the drive end of the cable to Port A on the tape drive.

If you are using a SAS fanout cable, attach one SAS connector to the port on the tape drive.





NOTE:

LTO-6 drive is shown in the example, other drive connectors might look different.

The unused ends of the SAS fanout cable are single channel and not suitable for use with disk arrays. Use the other ends to connect additional tape drives, or coil and secure them to the rack to minimize stress on the connectors.



TIP:

Mini-SAS connectors are keyed. Do not force a mini-SAS connector into the tape drive SAS port because the connector and port might be keyed differently.

Connecting the parallel SCSI cable

About this task



NOTE:

LTO-3 and LTO-4 tape drives are Ultra 320 SCSI LVD devices. Use only cables and terminators specified for Ultra 320 or labeled as MultiMode. LTO-2 tape drives are Ultra 160 SCSI LVD/SE devices; use only cables and terminators specified for Ultra 160 or Ultra 320, or labeled as MultiMode.

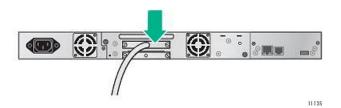


NOTE:

For optimal performance, do not place any other devices on the same bus as a parallel SCSI tape drive.

Procedure

- 1. Power off the host server before attaching new devices.
- 2. Attach one end of the parallel SCSI cable to one of the connectors on the back panel of the tape drive.



3. Attach the other end of the parallel SCSI cable to the connector on the parallel SCSI host bus adapter or to the connector on the previous device on the parallel SCSI bus.



NOTE:

For best performance, use a Low Voltage Differential Signaling (LVDS) HBA. A Single-Ended (SE) SCSI host bus adapter works, but severely degrades performance and limits cable length. If any SE devices are on the same parallel SCSI bus, all of the devices on the parallel SCSI bus slow to SE speed, which severely degrades performance. Never attach an LTO-3 or LTO-4 tape drive to an SE SCSI bus.

4. Attach the terminator to the remaining parallel SCSI connector on the back panel of the tape drive if the autoloader is the last or only device on the parallel SCSI bus. Otherwise, attach one end of a parallel SCSI cable to the remaining port and the other end to the next device on the parallel SCSI bus. Make sure that the last device on the parallel SCSI bus is properly terminated.



(i) IMPORTANT:

For the autoloader and tape drive to operate correctly, the tape drive must have a SCSI terminator unless the tape drive is part of a properly terminated chain. A tape drive without an attached SCSI cable must also have a SCSI terminator.

Powering on the autoloader

About this task



WARNING:

To reduce the risk of electric shock or damage to the equipment:

- Use an approved power cord. If you have questions about the type of power cord to use, contact your authorized service provider.
- . Use a power cord rated for your product and for the voltage and current marked on the electrical ratings label of the product. The voltage and current rating of the cord must be greater than the voltage and current rating marked on the product.

Procedure

- 1. If you plan to use the RMI, use an Ethernet cable to connect the autoloader to a working LAN connection. The autoloader Ethernet connector is on the back of the autoloader.
- 2. Attach the power cable to the power connector on the back panel of the autoloader.
- 3. Plug the power cable into the nearest properly grounded power outlet.
- 4. Power on the autoloader by pressing the power button on the front panel.
- 5. To verify that the autoloader has power, check the LCD screen.

If the autoloader does not have power, check the power connections and your power source.

During the Power On Self-Test (POST), all four LEDs are illuminated briefly, followed by a flashing Ready LED. When the initialization sequence is complete, the Home screen is displayed.

- 6. Plug in the host server and all attached devices.
- 7. Power on any other devices you powered off earlier.
- 8. Power on the server.



NOTE: To power off the autoloader, hold down the power button on the front panel for 3 seconds.

Configuring the autoloader network

Configuring the network enables you to monitor, configure, and control most autoloader functions from the RMI. By default, the autoloader will request an IP address from a DHCP server. Optionally, you can configure the autoloader to use a static IP address. Once logged into the RMI, you can administer further network changes through the RMI.



NOTE:

Most IPv4 network configurations are also available through the OCP.

The autoloader supports IPv4 and IPv6 Internet Protocols. By default, the autoloader is configured to use IPv4, the most common current version. You can enable IPv6 or both Internet Protocols from the OCP or RMI, and then continue configuring IPv6 settings from the RMI.



NOTE:

The autoloader is shipped without an administrator password. You must set the administrator password with the OCP before you can use the RMI administrator functions. Once the administrator password is set, you can access the RMI by providing the administrator password on the login screen.

If you enabled IPv6, you must continue configuring IPv6 from the RMI after setting the administrator password. You can find the IPv6 IP address obtained by the autoloader from the OCP Information/Status > Network Information menu item. For additional information on configuring IPv6, see the user and service guide.

Subtopics

Network configuration information

Finding the IPv4 IP address obtained through DHCP

Configuring IPv4 networking from the OCP

Network configuration information

The MSL tape autoloader requires several networking ports to enable network functions. The following network ports must be open in any firewalls between the tape autoloader and hosts or appliances it communicates with.

Port	Direction	Use
22 (TCP)	Inbound	Service. This port can be disabled by the administrator when the autoloader is not being serviced.
80 (TCP)	Bidirectional	Remote management interface (RMI)
161 (UDP)	Bidirectional	SNMP
162-169 (UDP)	Inbound	One port in the range is required to receive SNMP traps.
427 (UDP+TCP)	Bidirectional	Service Locator Protocol (SLP)
443 (TCP)	Inbound	HTTPS secure access to the RMI
Configurable (TCP)	Outbound	KMIP communication with a key management appliance (configurable). Multicasting and ping support are also required to set up KMIP communication. The default is 5696.

Finding the IPv4 IP address obtained through DHCP

Procedure

- 1. From the Home screen, press Next until the display shows Status/Information. Press Enter.
- 2. Press Next until the display shows Network Information . Press Enter.
- 3. The display shows IPv4 Network Enabled. Press Enter.
- 4. Press Next until the display shows the IP address.
- 5. Press Cancel until the display shows the home screen.

Configuring IPv4 networking from the OCP

About this task

If IPv4 networking is enabled, you can continue configuring the IPv4 network settings from the OCP.

Procedure

- 1. From the Home screen, press Next until the display shows Configuration . Press Enter.
- 2. Press Next until the display shows Configure Network Settings . Press Enter.
- 3. Enter the administrator password, if requested.
- 4. Press Next until the display shows IPv4 Networking. Press Enter.
- 5. Press Next until the display shows DHCP (IPv4) Enabled. To change the setting, press Enter. Press Next until the screen displays the desired setting. Press Enter to accept the new setting.
- 6. If DHCPv4 is disabled, press Next to display the IP address. To change the IP address, press Enter. Set the new IP address with the Next, Prev, and Enter keys.
- 7. Press Next to display the subnet mask. To change the subnet mask, press Enter. Set the new subnet mask with the Next, Prev, and Enter keys.
- 8. Press Next to display the gateway address. To change the gateway address, press Enter. Set the new subnet address with the Next, Prev, and Enter keys.

Setting the date and time

Prerequisites

The administrator password, if set.

About this task

The autoloader uses the date and time to record events. When possible, set the date and time during the initial installation process. You can also set the date and time or configure an NTP (Network Time Protocol) server from the RMI Configuration > Date/Time screen.



NOTE:

- When setting the hours, the time is based on a 24-hour clock. There is no a.m. or p.m. designation. For example, 1:00 p.m. is 13:00.
- The autoloader time does not automatically adjust for daylight saving time; you must adjust the time manually through the OCP or RMI.
- Daylight saving settings are also available through the RMI interface when using SNTP.

Procedure

- 1. From the Home screen, press Next or Prev until the display shows Autoloader Date/Time. Press Enter.
- 2. Enter the administrator password, if requested.
- A number in the year will flash. Click Next or Prev until the correct number is displayed. To accept the number, click Enter. Repeat for each number in the date and time.
- 4. Press Cancel until the display shows the home screen.

Setting the administrator password

About this task

Setting an administrator password provides access to the administrator functions with the RMI and OCP, and restricts access to administrator functions to only those who know the administrator password. The autoloader comes with a null administrator password, which until set allows unrestricted access to all administrative functions through the OCP but not the RMI. Once the administrator password has been set from the OCP, it can be changed from either the OCP or the RMI. The administrator password must be exactly eight digits consisting of the numbers 0 through 9.

Procedure

- 1. On the OCP, press Enter.
- 2. Press Next until the display shows Configuration . Press Enter.
- 3. Press Enter to change the administrator password.
- 4. The first number will flash. Press Next or Prev until the first number for the new password is displayed. Press Enter to accept the number. The next number flashes. Repeat for each number in the password.
- 5. Press Cancel twice to move to the top of the menu.

Configuring the FC interface

About this task

Skip this step if you are replacing a tape drive.

Procedure

- Log in to the RMI and enter the administrator password if requested.
- Navigate to the RMI Configuration > Drives screen.
- 3. Configure the settings for your drive and connection method.

Drives connected to a SAN

Leave the FC port at the default settings of Speed: Automatic and Port Type: Automatic. With these settings, the tape drive will use the appropriate configuration.

Drives connected directly to the host

- When using LTO-7, LTO-8, and LTO-9 drives with a 32Gb or 16Gb HBA in direct attach mode, Port Type should typically be set to Fabric Mode. Early (Gen5) 16Gb and 8Gb/4Gb host adapters may require the topology to be set to Loop Mode.
- For LTO-6 and earlier drives, leave the FC port at the default settings of Port Speed: Automatic and Port Type: Auto Detect. With these settings, the tape drive will use the appropriate configuration.
- 4. Click Submit.

Labeling the tape cartridges

Prerequisites

High-quality preprinted barcode labels with the correct Media ID.

About this task

The autoloader will operate without barcode labels on the cartridges. Using barcode labels in production environments improves inventory time in the autoloader and eases cartridge handling processes outside the autoloader.

Attaching a bar code label to each tape cartridge enables the autoloader and application software to identify the cartridge quickly, which speeds up inventory time. Make using bar code labels on your tapes a practice.



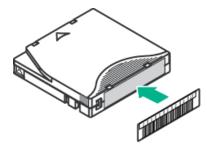
(i) IMPORTANT:

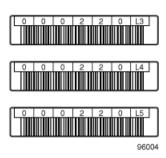
Misusing and misunderstanding bar code technology can result in backup and restore failures. To ensure that your bar code labels meet Hewlett Packard Enterprise quality standards, always purchase them from an approved supplier and never print bar code labels yourself.

Procedure

Apply a high-quality preprinted bar code label to each tape cartridge.

LTO tape cartridges have a recessed area on the face of the cartridge next to the write-protect switch. Use this area for attaching the adhesive-backed bar code label.





(i) IMPORTANT:

Only apply the bar code label as shown, with the alphanumeric portion facing the hub side of the tape cartridge. Never apply multiple labels onto a cartridge because extra labels can cause the cartridge to jam in a tape drive

Verifying the connection

Procedure

1. Install the application software and/or drivers that are compatible with the autoloader and tape drive.

Backup software packages might require additional software or licensing to communicate with the robotics.

For software compatibility information, see the compatibility matrix at: https://www.hpe.com/storage/StoreEverSupportMatrix

- 2. Verify the connection between the autoloader and the host:
 - a. Install the HPE Library & Tape Tools Diagnostic / Installation Check Utility onto the host server.

This utility verifies that the autoloader is connected and communicating with the host server. It also verifies that the autoloader is functional and provides diagnostic information.

To verify your connections, run Library & Tape Tools Installation Check from the programs menu. L&TT is available without cost at: https://www.hpe.com/support/TapeTools.

b. Confirm that the host server operating system recognizes the autoloader.

In Windows, look for tape drives and media changers in the Device Manager.

3. For more information on verifying the connection of parallel SCSI devices, consult the operating system documentation.

Verifying the installation

Procedure

- 1. Determine the firmware revision currently installed on the autoloader.
 - From the RMI Identity > Autoloader screen.
 - From the OCP:
 - a. From the Home screen, press Next until the display shows Status/Information.Press Enter.
 - b. Press Next until the display shows Autoloader Information . Press Enter.
 - c. Press Next until the display shows the Firmware Rev.

The current installed firmware version is displayed.

- d. Press Cancel until the display shows the home screen.
- 2. Determine the current available firmware version from the storage support website: https://www.hpe.com/support/storage.
- 3. Save the autoloader database

After configuring the autoloader, you can save the configuration database to a USB flash drive from the OCP or to a file from the RMI Configuration > Save/Restore screen. Having a backup of the autoloader configuration is helpful when recovering from a configuration error, setting up multiple devices with similar configurations, or if the autoloader needs service.

Downloading product firmware

Procedure

1. Navigate to the HPE Support Center website: https://support.hpe.com/



(i) IMPORTANT:

Access to some updates might require product entitlement when accessed through the Hewlett Packard Enterprise Support Center. You must have an HPE Passport set up with relevant entitlements.

To view and update your entitlements, and to link your contracts and warranties with your profile, navigate to: https://www.hpe.com/support/AccessToSupportMaterials.

- 2. Browse or search for the necessary firmware.
- 3. Download the firmware.

To upgrade firmware from the OCP, copy the firmware image onto a FAT-32 formatted USB flash drive.

Configuring additional features

About this task

The tape autoloader has many features to customize it for your organization.

Procedure

- 1. Naming the tape autoloader, which is done from the RMI Configuration > Network screen. See The Configuration > Network page.
- 2. Enabling and configuring SNMP network management or Command View TL TapeAssure. See The Configuration > Network Management page.
- 3. Setting up email event notification. See <u>The Configuration > Alerts page</u>.
- 4. To use the RMI and OCP in Japanese, enable the Japanese language option through the RMI. See The Configuration > System page.

Tape cartridges and magazines

This chapter explains which media to use with the autoloader, and how to label and write-protect tape cartridges. Careful labeling and handling of the tape cartridges will prolong the life of the tape cartridges and the autoloader.

Subtopics

Tape cartridges

Magazines

Tape cartridges

Use the data and cleaning tape cartridges designed for your tape drive.

WORM data cartridges

The LTO-3 and later tape drives support both rewritable and WORM data cartridges. Write-Once, Read-Many (WORM) data cartridges provide an enhanced level of data security against accidental or malicious alteration of data on the tape cartridge. The WORM data cartridge can be appended to maximize the full capacity of the tape cartridge. Data cannot be erased or overwritten on the WORM data cartridge. WORM data cartridges have a two-tone cartridge color for easy identification.

To see whether your backup or archive software application supports WORM cartridges, see the Storage Media website at https://www.hpe.com/storage/storagemedia.

Subtopics

LTO-9 Media initialization

LTO-7 Type M media for LTO-8 drives

Recommended practices for using and maintaining tape cartridges

Recommended practices for labeling tape cartridges

Write-protecting data cartridges

Read and write compatibility

Supported media

LTO-9 Media initialization

Media initialization is used in LTO-9 technology to optimize data placement on each LTO-9 cartridge. Each new LTO-9 cartridge requires this one-time initialization prior to starting read/write operations. This is only required for the first use of a new LTO-9 cartridge, subsequent loads do not require additional initialization. The initialization process varies in time depending on the environmental conditions of tape and drive. Most initializations will complete within an hour; however, in some cases it can take up to two hours.

To help you complete this one-time initialization of new LTO-9 media in tape libraries, Hewlett Packard Enterprise has added a feature to all MSL tape libraries and the 1/8 G2 Autoloader. This new feature, the LTO-9 New Media Initialization Wizard, guides you through an automated process to load a selection of uninitialized media into LTO-9 tape drives to guickly complete the initialization process.

The MSL2024 and 1/8 G2 Autoloader will prevent host moves of LTO-9 media that is uninitialized, or unknown status into tape drives. Preventing uninitialized, or unknown status LTO-9 media moves protects against moving an uninitialized tape into the drive by accident causing backup delays and potential timeout errors while the tape initializes. If an attempt is made to move a tape that is not known to be initialized, the library will report a Source Not Ready error (SCSI Check Condition 05/4481). New LTO-9 tapes are scanned automatically when bulk loaded into the magazine to determine their initialization status. If tapes are inserted using the mail slot, and moved into storage slots, they will remain in an unknown state and need to be manually scanned to determine their initialization status using the Media Initialization Required Check on the Operations - Media Init tab of the remote management interface. Any tapes that are inaccessible because they are not initialized can then be initialized using the New Media Initialization Wizard on that same page.

LTO-7 Type M media for LTO-8 drives

The library supports LTO-7 cartridges initialized as Type M media in LTO-8 tape drives. See the library firmware release notes for specific library firmware revisions that support LTO-7 Type M media.

Important notes for LTO-7 Type M media:

- When a new, unused LTO-7 cartridge has an 'M8' bar code label applied, it can be initialized as LTO-7 Type M media.
 - NOTE: The unused tape needs to be loaded and formatted or labeled before it shows as type M media.
- Once an LTO-7 cartridge has been initialized to LTO-7 Type M media, the format is irreversible. Do not place an 'M8' bar code on an

LTO-7 cartridge that has been previously used in an LTO-7 drive. A used LTO-7 cartridge cannot be initialized as LTO-7 Type M media, even in an LTO-8 drive.

- LTO-7 Type M media provides up to 9 TB native capacity, instead of the 6 TB specified for LTO-7. As such, LTO-7 Type M media can provide up to 22.5 TB with 2.5:1 compression (depending on the data being compressed.)
- LTO-7 Type M media support regular LTO features, including encryption, LTFS, and compression. LTO-7 Type M media does not support WORM cartridges.
- LTO-7 Type M media are only compatible with LTO-8 tape drives. They are not compatible with any other generation of LTO tape

For more information about LTO-7 Type M media, see https://www.hpe.com/storage/storagemedia.

Recommended practices for using and maintaining tape cartridges



Do not degauss LTO data cartridges! These data cartridges are prerecorded with a magnetic servo signal. This signal is required to use the cartridge with the tape drive. Keep magnetically charged objects away from the cartridge.

- Use only the data cartridges designated for your device.
- Clean the tape drive when the Clean drive LED is illuminated.



Use only Ultrium Universal Cleaning Cartridges (UCC).

- Do not drop a cartridge. Excessive shock can damage the internal contents of the cartridge or the cartridge case itself, making the cartridge unusable.
- Do not expose data cartridges to direct sunlight or sources of heat, including portable heaters and heating ducts.
- The operating temperature range for data cartridges is 10 to 35° C. The storage temperature range is 16 to 32° C in a dust-free environment with relative humidity always between 20 percent and 80 percent (noncondensing).
- If the data cartridge has been exposed to temperatures outside the specified ranges, stabilize the cartridge at room temperature for the same length of time it was exposed to extreme temperatures or 24 hours, whichever is less.
- Do not place data cartridges near sources of electromagnetic energy or strong magnetic fields such as computer monitors, electric motors, speakers, or X-ray equipment. Exposure to electromagnetic energy or magnetic fields can destroy data and the embedded servo code written on the media by the cartridge manufacturer. The cartridge is unusable without the embedded servo code.
- Place identification labels only in the designated area on the cartridge.

Recommended practices for labeling tape cartridges

The autoloader contains a bar code reader that reads the tape labels and stores the inventory data in memory. The device then provides the inventory information to the host application, OCP, and RMI. A bar code label on each tape cartridge enables the bar code reader to identify the cartridge quickly, which speeds up inventory time. Make using bar code labels on your tape cartridges a practice.

TIP:

The bar code scanner scans each tape or the back of the storage slot until it reads the bar code label for the cartridge or storage slot, or determines that the slot is empty. The bar code scanner can identify a properly labeled cartridge on the first scan. It can identify an empty slot on the second scan. It will try several more scans and then tap on the cartridge before determining that an unlabeled cartridge is in the slot, which takes about four times as long as identifying a properly labeled cartridge.

Though not recommended, checking Ignore Barcode Media ID in the RMI Configuration > System screen will keep the autoloader from interpreting bar code Media IDs.

The host software might track the following information through the associated bar code:

- Date of format or initialization
- Tape cartridge media pool
- Data residing on the tape
- Age of the backup
- Errors encountered while using the tape (to determine if the tape is faulty)
 - (i)

IMPORTANT:

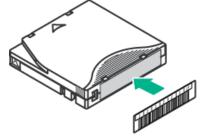
Misusing and misunderstanding bar code technology can result in backup and restore failures. To ensure that your bar code labels meet Hewlett Packard Enterprise quality standards, always purchase them from an approved supplier. Do not print bar code labels yourself. To purchase bar code labels, see the Hewlett Packard Enterprise Storage Media website at: https://www.hpe.com/us/en/storage/storeever-tape-storage.html. Search for

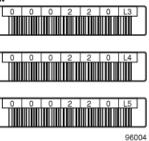
Barcode and RFID

to find the document titled: Barcode and RFID labels for HPE StoreEver tape automation.

LTO tape cartridges have a recessed area on the face of the cartridge next to the write-protect switch. Use this area for attaching the adhesive-backed bar code label. Only apply labels as shown:

Figure 1. Apply the label within the recessed area.





(i)

IMPORTANT:

Only apply the bar code label as shown, with the alphanumeric portion facing the hub side of the tape cartridge. Never apply multiple labels onto a cartridge because extra labels can cause the cartridge to jam in a tape drive.

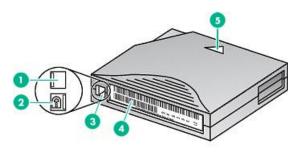
Write-protecting data cartridges

About this task

All rewritable data cartridges have a write-protect switch to prevent accidental erasure or overwriting of data. Before loading a cartridge into the device, ensure that the write-protect switch on the front of the cartridge is in the desired position.

Procedure

Slide the switch to the right to write-protect the cartridge. An indicator, such as a red mark or small padlock, is visible showing that the
cartridge is write-protected.



10454

Item Description

1	Write-enabled
2	Write-protected
3	Write-protect switch
4	Bar code label
5	Insertion arrow

• Slide the switch to the left to allow the autoloader to write data to the cartridge.

Read and write compatibility

Hewlett Packard Enterprise Ultrium data cartridges are fully supported and compatible with all Ultrium tape products. Because Hewlett Packard Enterprise Ultrium media is Ultrium logo compliant, it can be used with any other tape drive that bears the Ultrium logo.

	LTO-3 drive	LTO-4 drive	LTO-5 drive	LTO-6 drive	LTO-7 drive	LTO-8 drive	LTO-9 drive
LTO-1 media	Read only	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible
LTO-2 media	Read/Write	Read only	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible
LTO-3 media	Read/Write	Read/Write (no encryption)	Read only	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible
LTO-4 media — unencrypted	Incompatible	Read/Write	Read/Write	Read only	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible
LTO-4 media — encrypted	Incompatible	Read/Write with encryption key	Read/Write with encryption key	Read only with encryption key	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible
LTO-5 media — unencrypted	Incompatible	Incompatible	Read/Write	Read/Write	Read only	Incompatible	Incompatible
LTO-5 media — encrypted	Incompatible	Incompatible	Read/Write with encryption key	Read/Write with encryption key	Read only with encryption key	Incompatible	Incompatible
LTO-6 media — unencrypted	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible	Read/Write	Read/Write	Incompatible	Incompatible
LTO-6 media — encrypted	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible	Read/Write with encryption key	Read/Write with encryption key	Incompatible	Incompatible
LTO-7 media — unencrypted	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible	Read/Write	Read/Write	Incompatible
LTO-7 media — encrypted	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible	Read/Write with encryption key	Read/Write with encryption key	Incompatible
LTO-7 Type M media — unencrypted	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible	Read/Write	Incompatible
LTO-7 Type M media — encrypted	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible	Read/Write with encryption key	Incompatible
LTO-8 media — unencrypted	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible	Read/Write	Read/Write
LTO-8 media — encrypted	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible	Read/Write with encryption key	Read/Write with encryption key
LTO-9 media — unencrypted	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible	Read/Write
LTO-9 media — encrypted	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible	Incompatible	Read/Write with encryption key



↑ CAUTION:

LTO-2 and LTO-3 tape drives require the most recent firmware to identify LTO-4 media immediately. Without the most recent firmware, loading an LTO-4 cartridge into an earlier generation drive can result in a long media identification and unload time. The drive might not identify the media and then return a load error before the application software times out waiting for the load. For proper operation, keep tape drives updated to the most recent firmware.



NOTE: On LTO-7 and later tape drives, during the initial load of a new tape cartridge, the drive must be able to write to the media. Since LTO-7 drives are capable of reading LTO-5 tapes but cannot write to them, they cannot be the first drive to initially load a brand new LTO-5 tape cartridge. An LTO-5 tape must be written to with an LTO-5 or LTO-6 drive prior to being loaded and read in an LTO-7 drive.

Supported media

Use Hewlett Packard Enterprise storage media to prolong the life of the autoloader and tape drive. To learn more about, or to purchase media, see: https://www.hpe.com/us/en/storage/storage-media.html

Cleaning cartridge for all supported tape drives

Cartridge type	Part number
HPE Ultrium universal cleaning cartridge (50 cleans), orange	C7978A

LTO-4 data cartridges

Cartridge type	Part number
HPE LTO-4 Ultrium 1.6TB RW Data Cartridge, green	C7974A
HPE LTO-4 Ultrium 1.6TB WORM Data Cartridge, two-tone (green and gray)	C7974W

LTO-5 data cartridges

Cartridge type	Part number
HPE LTO-5 Ultrium 3 TB RW Data Cartridge, blue	C7975A
HPE LTO-5 Ultrium 3 TB WORM Data Cartridge, two-tone (blue and gray)	C7975W

LTO-6 data cartridges

Cartridge type	Part number
HPE LTO-6 Ultrium 6.25 TB MP RW Data Tape, purple	C7976A
HPE LTO-6 Ultrium 6.25 TB BaFe RW Data Tape, purple	C7976B
HPE LTO-6 Ultrium 6.25 TB MP WORM Data Tape, two-tone (purple and gray)	C7976W
HPE LTO-6 Ultrium 6.25 TB BaFe WORM Data Tape, two-tone (purple and gray)	C7976BW

LTO-7 data cartridges

Cartridge type	Part number
HPE LTO-7 Ultrium 15 TB RW Data Tape, blue	C7977A
HPE LTO-7 Ultrium 15 TB WORM Data Tape, two-tone (blue and gray)	C7977W

LTO-7 Type M media for LTO-8 drives

Cartridge type	Part number
HPE LTO-7 Ultrium Type M 22.5 TB RW Custom Labeled Data Cartridges (20 pack)	Q2078ML
HPE LTO-7 Ultrium Type M 22.5 TB RW Non-Custom Labeled Data Cartridges (20 pack)	Q2078MN

LTO-8 data cartridges

Cartridge type	Part number
HPE LTO-8 Ultrium 30 TB RW Data Tape, green	Q2078A
HPE LTO-8 Ultrium 30 TB WORM Data Tape, two-tone (green and gray)	Q2078W

LTO-9 data cartridges

Cartridge type	Part number
HPE LTO-9 Ultrium 45TB RW Data Tape, blue	Q2079A
HPE LTO-9 Ultrium 45 TB WORM Data Tape, two-tone (blue and gray)	Q2079W

Magazines

The autoloader has removable magazines. Magazine access is password protected. For safety reasons, the robotic motion is stopped when a magazine is removed.

The magazines can be released using the OCP, the RMI, or by a manual release. When possible, release the magazine using the OCP or RMI.



(i) IMPORTANT:

To release a magazine manually, see Releasing the magazines manually. However, only use this manual process if the magazine cannot be released using the OCP or the RMI, and the autoloader no longer has power.

Subtopics

Autoloader slot numbering

Autoloader slot numbering

Figure 1. Left magazine—slot numbering with mailslot enabled

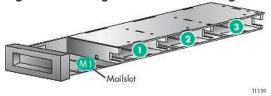
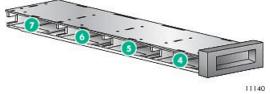


Figure 2. Right magazine—slot numbering with mailslot enabled



When the mailslot is disabled, the mailslot (M1) becomes Slot 1 and all other slots are renumbered accordingly.

Operating the autoloader

The autoloader supports the following operation methods:

- Remote management interface (RMI) this interface lets you monitor and control the autoloader from a web page. You can access most
 autoloader functions from the RMI.
- Operator control panel (OCP) this interface lets you operate the device from the front panel.
- Host backup software— You can perform any functions provided by the backup software.



NOTE:

Before using the RMI, the autoloader network settings must be configured and the administrator password set.

Subtopics

The remote management interface (RMI)

Using the OCP

The remote management interface (RMI)

Subtopics

Overview of the RMI

Logging in to the autoloader

Status pane

The Help link

Identity

Status

Configuration

Operations

Support

Overview of the RMI

The RMI lets you monitor and control your device through the World Wide Web (WWW). The RMI hosts a dedicated, protected internet site that displays a graphical representation of your device.

Before using the RMI, you must configure the device network settings and set the administrator password with the OCP. (See <u>Configuring IPv4 network settings</u> (Configuration > Configure Network Settings) and <u>Changing the administrator password</u> (Configuration > Change <u>Admin Password</u>).)

To start the RMI, open any HTML browser and enter the IP address of the device in the browser address bar.



TIP:

Check the Help screens in the RMI for additional information. The help pages are updated with most firmware updates and often contain technical details that are not contained in this document. To access RMI help, click Help on the right side of the web page banner, as shown in <u>The Help link</u>.

The following functions are available through the RMI:

• <u>Identity</u>

- o The Identity > Autoloader page
- The Identity > Drive page
- The Identity > Network page

• Status

- o The Status > Autoloader page
- The Status > Drive page
- The Status > Inventory page
- o The Status > Security page

• Configuration

- The Configuration > System page
- The Configuration > Security page
- The Configuration > Drive page
- The Configuration > License Key page
- The Configuration > Network page
- The Configuration > Network Management page
- The Configuration > Password page
- The Configuration > Date/Time page
- The Configuration > Log page
- The Configuration > Alerts page
- The Configuration > Save/Restore page

Operations

- The Operations > Move Media page
- The Operations > Inventory page
- The Operations > Magazines page
- The Operations > Media Init page

Support

- The Support > General Diagnostic page
- The Support > Service page— Service restricted
- The Support > Firmware page
- The Support > Reboot page
- The Support > Autoloader Logs page
- The Support > Drive page
- The Support > Support Ticket page

Logging in to the autoloader

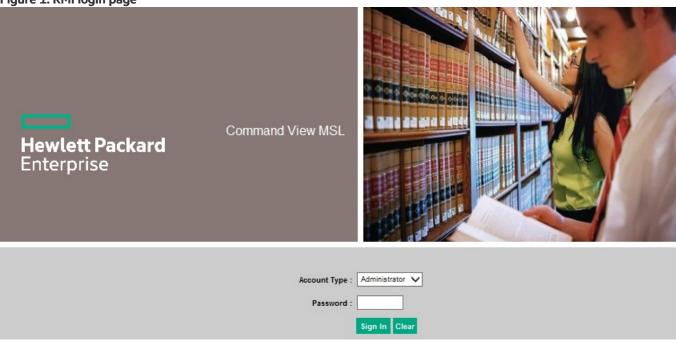
Prerequisites

- The network settings have been configured from the OCP.
- The administrator password is set.

Procedure

1. Navigate to the autoloader web interface.

Figure 1. RMI login page



- 2. Select the Account Type.
 - User—no password is required (leave the password box blank).
 - Administrator the administrator password is required. The same administrator password is used for the RMI and OCP. There is not a default administrator password; the administrator password must be set with the OCP before it can be used with the RMI. If the administrator password is lost, contact the service organization to generate a temporary password that will grant administrator access.
 - Service—access to this level is by service personnel only. The service password is set at the factory. The same service password is used for the RMI and OCP.

The user login provides access to the Identity and Status options, but not the Configuration, Operations, and Support options. Administrator level provides access to all screens except for the Log configuration and Service screens.

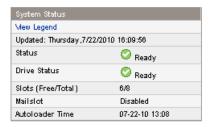


By default, the administrator password is unset; all of the digits are null. To protect the administrator functions on the OCP and enable the administrator functions in the RMI, set the administrator password from the OCP.

- 3. Enter a password if necessary.
- 4. Click Sign In.

Status pane

The System Status pane shows the current device and drive status.



The System Status pane displays the following:

- Updated the day, date, and time of the most recent status view. This time stamp comes from your computer and might be different from the autoloader Time at the bottom of the pane. To refresh the system status, click your browser reload button.
- · Status of the autoloader and tape drive

Status	lcon	Description
ОК	Ø	The device is fully operational and no user intervention is required.
Warning	•	User attention is necessary, but the device can still perform most operations.
Error	×	User intervention is required and the device is not capable of performing some operations

- Slots (Free/Total) Free is the number of empty storage slots. Total is the number of storage slots available to the host software, which does NOT include reserved slots.
- Mailslot shows whether the mailslot is open, closed, or disabled.
- Autoloader Time the date and time from the autoloader, which can be set from the OCP or RMI. The Autoloader Time is updated when
 the system status is refreshed. The time of the most recent refresh is the Updated time at the top of the pane. If you call the service
 organization to request a temporary administrator password, refresh the system status with your browser reload button and then give
 the service engineer this Autoloader Time.
- Security Status indicates the security status when encryption is enabled.

Status	lcon	Description
ок	Ø	Encryption is enabled, the encryption token is inserted, and no operator attention is required.
Warning	•	User attention is necessary. For example, the token is not inserted or the token PIN has not been entered. For additional information, see the event log.
Error	×	User intervention is required and the device is not capable of encrypting data. NOTE:
		If the autoloader has a drive that is not an LTO-4 drive, the Drive Status will show an exception. For example, E5 2 will indicate that the drive is not capable of encryption.

The Help link

For additional information about fields on the RMI screens, click the Help link in the upper right corner. The help pages are updated with most firmware updates and often contain technical details that are not contained in this document.

Figure 1. Help link



Identity

Subtopics

The Identity > Autoloader page

The Identity > Drive page

The Identity > Network page

The Identity > Autoloader page

The autoloader provides static information about the device.

Figure 1. Identity > Autoloader page

Autoloader Information	
Serial Number	M) = 39Y
Product ID	1x8 G2 AUTOLDR
Currently Installed Autoloader Firmware	5. **********On
Bootcode Firmware Revision	0.82
Barcode Reader	SE625
Autoloader Mode	Automatic, Sequential
WWide Node Name	50 714
Autoloader Controller Version	LCM 1.1

You can see, but not modify, the following:

- Serial Number the electronic serial number for the device. This electronic serial number will usually match the serial number printed on the autoloader label. The autoloader label is printed on the pull-out tab under the drive on the back of the autoloader.
- Product ID how the autoloader identifies itself to the host computer.
- Currently Installed Autoloader Firmware x.xx / y.yy
 - o x.xx is the version of the autoloader controller firmware.
 - y.yy is the version of the robotics firmware.
- Bootcode Firmware Revision
- Barcode Reader version of barcode reader in the device.
- Autoloader Mode
 - o Automatic if the device receives media changer SCSI commands, it will switch from Sequential to Random mode.
 - Manual the device will stay in the current mode until an administrator configures another mode.
 - Random the device will not automatically load and unload tapes. Instead, it will wait for commands from the backup software or the OCP to load and unload tapes.
 - Sequential the autoloader will automatically unload the tape in the drive when the host software sends an unload command to the
 drive and then automatically load the tape from the next highest sequentially numbered full slot.
 - o Loop in Loop mode, the autoloader will load the tape from the lowest numbered full slot after the tape from the highest numbered

full slot is unloaded. If Loop is not listed, the autoloader will stop automatically loading and unloading tapes after the tape from the last full slot is unloaded.



Since loop mode will endlessly cycle through the tapes, it is possible to overwrite old data. To avoid overwriting data, ensure that the autoloader has enough tapes or that the tapes are regularly rotated in and out of the autoloader.

- o Autoload the autoloader will automatically load the tape from the lowest numbered full slot on power-up.
- WWide Node Name a world wide unique identifier that the autoloader reports over SCSI and might be used by operating systems or software applications to identify and track the autoloader.
- Autoloader Controller Version version of the controller installed in the device.

The Identity > Drive page

The Identity > Drive page provides detailed information about the tape drives. You will only see the fields that apply to the interface type of the drive installed in the autoloader.

Figure 1. Identity > Drive page (Fibre Channel)

94.6 =46	brive page (ribre chamile)
Drive Information	(LUN)
Vendor ID	HP
Product ID	Ultrium 7-SCSI
Serial Number	5U 33
Firmware Revision	69002
Physical Drive Slot Number	1
Element Address	1
Autoloader LUN Hosted By Drive	Yes
Data Compression	Yes
Interface Type	Fibre Channel
WWide Node Name	500 + 3432 134 15
Port A	
WWide Port Name	500 100 110 110
Port Type	Automatic
Speed	Automatic
Port B	
WWide Port Name	500 + 117
Port Type	Automatic
Speed	Automatic



Drive Information	(LUN)
Vendor ID	HP
Product ID	Ultrium 4SCSI
Serial Number	HU17420HTC
Firmware Revision	U26W
World Wide ID - Port A	500110A00102DFE4
Physical Drive Slot Number	1
Element Address	1
Autoloader LUN Hosted By Drive	Yes
Data Compression	Yes
Interface Type	SAS

Figure 3. Identity > Drive page (parallel SCSI)



You can see, but not modify, the following:

- Vendor ID HP or HPE.
- Product ID product identification information that the drive reports.
- Serial Number electronic serial number of the drive. This serial number usually matches the physical serial number of the drive.
- Firmware Revision version of the currently installed drive firmware.
- SCSI ID (parallel SCSI drive only) SCSI address of the drive. The LUN for the tape drive is 0.
- World Wide ID (SAS drive only) world-wide unique name for the drive. The autoloader controller assigns the World Wide ID to the drive bay. This setting cannot be modified. When a tape drive is replaced, the World Wide ID is reassigned to the replacement drive.
- Physical Drive Slot Number the physical location of the drive.

Will always be 1.

- SCSI Element Address (parallel SCSI or SAS drive) or Element Address (FC drive) element address. The SCSI Element Address is set at
 the factory and only a host application can modify it.
- Autoloader LUN Hosted by Drive Yes, if this drive is hosting the autoloader at LUN 1.

Will always be Yes.

- Data Compression Yes, if the host has hardware compression turned on for the drive.
- Interface Type SCSI, Fibre Channel, or SAS
- WWide Node Name (FC drive only) world-wide unique number for the drive. The autoloader assigns WWNames to the drive bays.
 When a tape drive is replaced, the WWName is reassigned to the replacement drive.
- Port information for each configured port (FC drive only) Port information (FC drive only)
 - WWide Port Name world-wide unique identifier for the port. The WW Node and Port Name will be slightly different.
 - Port Type the current setting of the drive port. Direct connected devices are typically Loop. Devices connected to a switch are typically Fabric.
 - Speed

The Identity > Network page

The Identity > Network page displays information about the network configuration.

Figure 1. Identity > Network page

Network Information	
MAC Address	70 July 3 10 3D
Full Qualified Domain Name	FL 3 100 100 amount on hypecorp.net
IPv4 Addressing	Enabled
IPv4 DNS Server 1	H
IPv4 DNS Server 2	HE HID 135.51
DHCPv4 Addressing	Enabled
IPv4 Address	WE 75 18.8
Subnet Mask	255.255.224.0
Default Gateway	ME 7/4 0.1
IPv6 Addressing	Enabled
Stateless Addressing	Enabled
DHCPv6 Addressing	Disabled
Static Addressing	Disabled
Clock Synchronization Configuration (SNTP)	Enabled
SNTP Server Address (IPv4 or IPv6)	H HH 35.123
UTC Time Zone Offset	(GMT-07:00) Mountain Time (US and Canada), Arizona, Chihuahua, La Paz, Mazatlan
Daylight Savings	Disabled
Daylight Savings Auto Adjustment	Enabled

You can see, but not modify:

- MAC Address a unique identifier for the autoloader controller network interface
- Full Qualified Domain Name the fully qualified domain name for the autoloader
- Clock Synchronization Configuration (SNTP) When Enabled, the autoloader displays the current time and date from the configured SNTP server. Time is synchronized with the SNTP server each time the autoloader is powered on, as well as each time a drive is unloaded.

When IPv4 Addressing is Enabled, you can see, but not modify:

- IPv4 DNS Server 1 and IPv4 DNS Server 2 addresses of the configured DNS servers used when DHCP Addressing is not Enabled.
- DHCPv4 Addressing When Enabled, the autoloader will request an IP address from a DHCP server each time the device is booted.
- IPv4 Address the autoloader network address
- Subnet Mask The network mask of the autoloader controller used when DHCP Addressing is not Enabled.
- Default Gateway the gateway used when DHCP Addressing is not Enabled.

When IPv6 Addressing is Enabled, you can see, but not modify:

- Stateless Addressing when Enabled, the device will generate an address for itself based on the routing information obtained from a
 router advertisement and the MAC address. The device can manage up to five global addresses at the same time, which can be assigned
 from different routers.
- DHCPv6 Addressing when Enabled, the autoloader will request an IP address from a DHCP server each time the device is booted.
- Static Addressing when Enabled, the device will use a statically configured address.
- Static Assigned Address the IPv6 address when Static Addressing Enabled is On.

Status

Subtopics

The Status > Autoloader page

The Status > Drive page

The Status > Inventory page

The Status > Security page

The Status > Autoloader page

The Status > Autoloader page displays dynamic information about the device. When you click Refresh, the status is updated immediately.

Figure 1. Status > Autoloader page

Autoloader Status At 07:	autoloader Status At 07:33:19 Autoloader Time	
Status	Ready	
Cartridge In Transport	None	
Odometer	204418	
Total Power On Time	619d 22h 59min	
Robotic Status	Ready	
Internal Temperature	43.2 °C	
Media Removal	Allowed	
Left Magazine	Present	
Right Magazine	Present	

You can see, but not modify, the following:

• Status — the overall status of the device

Status	lcon	Description
ОК	Ø	The device is fully operational and no user interaction is required.
Warning	•	User attention is necessary, but the device can still perform most operations.
Error	×	User intervention is required and the device is not capable of performing some operations.

- Cartridge in Transport the slot number where the tape currently in the robot originated. None if there is not a tape in the robotic.
- Odometer the total number of moves the device has performed since its manufacture.
- Total Power On Time the number of days, hours, and minutes that the device has been powered on since its manufacture.
- Robotic Status the status of the robotics and a description of the operation the robot is performing.
- Internal Temperature the internal temperature reported by the device.
- Media Removal Prevented, if the backup software is preventing media removal from the device. When media removal is prevented, the mailslot and magazine functionality is disabled.
- Left Magazine Present, if the device senses the presence of the left magazine.
- Right Magazine Present, if the device senses the presence of the right magazine.

The Status > Drive page

The Status > Drive page provides detailed information about the tape drive in the autoloader. When you click **Refresh**, the status is updated immediately.

Figure 1. Status > Drive page (Fibre Channel)

Drive Status At 12:46:36	Autoloader Time
Status	Ready
Cartridge In Drive	None
Media Removal	Allowed
Drive Error Code	No Error
Internal Drive Temperature (normal range: 15 °C - 70 °C)	36.0 °C
Cooling Fan Active	⊘
Drive Activity	Ready
Encryption Status	Encryption off
Secure Mode	Not Configurable - drive has Secure Mode-disabled firmware installed
Port A Status	No light detected
Port B Status	No light detected

Figure 2. Status > Drive page (SAS)

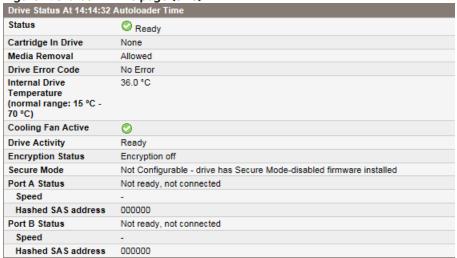


Figure 3. Status > Drive page (parallel SCSI)



You can see, but not modify, the following:

Status of the drive

Status	lcon	Description
OK	Ø	The drive is operating normally.
Warning	.	The autoloader is functional, but might have an issue to be addressed.
Error	×	The drive is in a failed state.

• Cartridge in Drive — information about the cartridge, if any, currently in the drive.

- Media Removal Prevented if the backup software is preventing media removal from the autoloader. When media removal is prevented, the autoloader will not open the mailslot or magazines.
- Drive Error Code the current drive error code if the drive is in a failed state. See <u>Drive error codes</u> for a list of drive error codes.
- Internal Drive Temperature internal temperature reported by the drive. The normal temperature range is provided for reference and
 varies depending on the type of tape drive. If there is any possibility of error due to temperature, the tape drive will send out error
 events.



NOTE:

The Internal Drive Temperature is not the temperature of the tape path in the drive nor is this temperature the operating environment temperature.

- Cooling Fan Active On when the cooling fan is on
- Drive Activity the current drive activity
- Encryption status The status of encryption on the drive.
- Secure Mode (LTO-7 and later drives)
 - Enabled the drive has Secure Mode-enabled firmware installed and is in a FIPS Support Mode enabled partition
 - o Disabled the drive has Secure Mode-enabled firmware installed and is in a FIPS Support Mode disabled partition
 - Not Configurable The drive has Secure Mode-disabled firmware installed. The drive is running the normal firmware image, which
 is FIPS Secure Mode-disabled.
- Port A Status and Port B Status status of the ports
- Speed (Fibre Channel and SAS drives) the current speed setting of the drive port
- Port Type (Fibre Channel drives only) the current setting of the drive port. Direct connected devices are typically Loop. Devices connected to a switch are typically Fabric.
- N-Port ID (Fibre Channel drives only) Fabric address. Only relevant when in Fabric mode.
- ALPA (Fibre Channel drives only) Loop address. Only relevant when in Loop mode.
- Hashed SAS address A short version of the SAS World Wide Identifier (WWI) that is generated using a well-defined hash algorithm and is suitable for device identification in most systems. Some management software might report this value.

The Status > Inventory page

The Status > Inventory page provides detailed information about the tape cartridges in the tape drive, with a summary of tapes in magazine slots.





A dark rectangle indicates a full slot, a red rectangle indicates a cartridge with a problem, and a white rectangle indicates an empty slot.

To see detailed information about the tapes in a magazine, click on the + button to expand the display for the magazine.

Figure 2. Status > Inventory Media details pane

Media De	tails					
Slot#	Attn	Status	In Drive	Label	Media Loads	Comment
1		Full, Gen. 7		SQ0024L7		
2		Full, Gen. 7		SQ0026L7		
3		Empty				
4		Full, Gen. 5		TTC027L5		Read Only

In the media details pane:

- Slot # lists "Mailslot" or the index number of each slot in the magazine from lowest to highest.
- Attn indicates an attention state for storage slots or provides information on the mailslot state.
- Status Full or Empty, and the LTO Generation of the tape.
- In Drive shows when the tape from this slot is in a drive.
- Label the bar code label data for the tape in the slot.
- Media Loads the number of times this tape has been loaded into a drive in its lifetime. This field might be blank if the tape has not been loaded into a drive in this device or if the inventory has changed.
- Comment any additional information about the tape in the slot (for example, Clean Tape if the cartridge is a cleaning tape).

The Status > Security page

When using the encryption kit, you can see, but not modify the following:

- Drive Encryption Status The encryption status for the drive, including whether the drive is configured for encryption or not, and whether a requested encryption key has been received.
- Key Server Token Status The status for the key server token. The status might indicate that some keys might not be backed up, even
 though none of the individual keys show a status of backup required. In this case, the firmware has detected the presence of keys that
 have not been backed up, but cannot uniquely identify them. Always back up the keys on the token when the key server token status
 indicates that a backup is required.

CAUTION:

If the token is lost or damaged and the encryption keys are not backed up, no one can recover encrypted data from tapes encrypted with the lost encryption keys, including customer service.

- Serial Number Serial number of the key server token.
- Firmware Version Version of firmware on the key server token. The firmware cannot be updated but a service engineer might request the version when diagnosing an issue.
- Token Name The name of the token. The name can be changed on the Configuration > Security screen.
- Number of Keys The number of keys currently stored on the token. The token can hold up to 100 keys.

For information about the keys on the token, click Gather Key Information. The RMI displays a list of information about each key, including the creation date and time. For security reasons, the encryption keys are not displayed. The key identified as the current key is the key currently used to encrypt data on all new and formatted tapes in the autoloader that are enabled for encryption using the encryption kit.

When KMIP is enabled, you can see, but not modify, the following:

- Drive Encryption Status The encryption status for the drive, including whether the drive is configured for encryption or not, and whether a requested encryption key has been received. To update the status, click Refresh.
- Security Status Shows whether KMIP key management is configured or not. Configure KMIP in the Configuration > Security screen.
- Signed Certificate Displays information about the autoloader SSL client certificate.
 - o Serial Number The serial number provided by the certificate authority that signed the certificate.
 - o Status Indicates whether the autoloader deems the certificate to be valid or not.

- Valid Between Dates Displays the time frame when the certificate is valid. The certificate authority, which is typically on the KMIP server, assigns these dates.
- Common Name A name that the autoloader assigns automatically. Some KMIP servers require this name to match the autoloader KMIP client user name.

Configuration

Subtopics

The Configuration > System page

The Configuration > Security page

The Configuration > Drive page

The Configuration > License Key page

The Configuration > Network page

The Configuration > Network Management page

The Configuration > Password page

The Configuration > Date/Time page

The Configuration > Log page

The Configuration > Alerts page

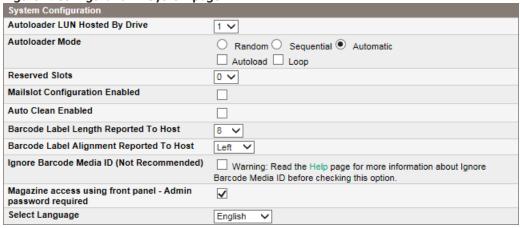
The Configuration > Save/Restore page

The Configuration > System page

Use the Configuration > System page to modify the system configuration.

System configuration changes are only applied after Apply or Submit is selected. After making the selection, a warning page informs you of the impact of the proposed change. In some cases, a pop-up screen asks you to confirm the change. Many changes also require the device to reboot. You might need to click **Refresh** to see the changes.

Figure 1. Configuration > System page



You can change:

Mailslot Configuration Enabled — configures the first slot as a mailslot or storage slot. Enabling the mailslot will reduce the total number of storage slots. The default is disabled.



The mailslot is located where the lowest numbered storage slot would be. Enabling and disabling the mailslot renumbers all the other storage slots. After enabling or disabling the mailslot, update the backup software inventory. You might also need to reconfigure the backup software to adjust the number of storage slots and presence of the mailslot.

- Autoloader LUN Hosted by Drive will always be 1 because the autoloader only has one tape drive.
- Autoloader Mode Random, Sequential, Automatic, Autoload, Loop.

The device supports three behavior modes: Random, Sequential, and Automatic. The device automatically detects the required mode from the series of SCSI commands it receives; however, you can also change the mode. Choose the operating mode based on the capabilities of the software controlling the tape cartridges.

Random mode — In Random mode, the device does not automatically load tapes into the tape drives; it waits for commands from the software or operator to load and unload tapes. Random mode is used with a full featured or a robotics-aware backup application and is the most common mode of operation. Your backup software must support robotics, which might require an additional software module.

Sequential mode — In Sequential mode, the device automatically loads and unloads tapes from the drive. Sequential mode is used when the backup software is NOT robotics-aware or was designed for standalone drives only. The operator begins the sequence by loading the desired tape into the tape drive. When a tape is unloaded for any reason, the autoloader returns the tape to its original slot and then loads the tape from the next available higher numbered slot.

To determine more specifically how you want tapes loaded into the tape drive while in Sequential mode, set the Loop and Autoload options.

- When Autoload mode is set, the device automatically loads the cartridge from the lowest-numbered full slot into the tape drive. It then follows standard sequential operation. After configuring Autoload mode, you must do one of the following for Autoload mode to take effect:
 - Power cycle the device from the front panel.
 - Reboot the device from the RMI Support > Reboot screen.
 - Move the lowest-numbered cartridge to the drive before starting the backup application. If the mailslot is enabled, the lowest cartridge location will be in the mailslot.
- When Loop mode is on, the original first cartridge in the sequence is reloaded after the device has cycled through all available cartridges. If Loop mode is off and the last cartridge has been unloaded, the device stops loading cartridges. The device waits until an operator loads a cartridge.

/\ CAUTION:

Use caution when choosing Loop mode because it makes it possible to overwrite data on previously written cartridges.

Automatic mode — In Automatic mode, the device switches from Sequential mode into Random mode when it receives certain SCSI commands. Automatic mode is the default setting.

- Reserved Slots The number of slots that are not available to the backup software. You can store cleaning or data tapes in the reserved slots. The slots are reserved from the highest slot number down. The default is to have no reserved slots. You can reserve up to six slots. If the mailslot is enabled, the maximum number of active slots is reduced by one.
- Auto Clean Enabled When auto clean is enabled, the device automatically loads a cleaning cartridge when a tape drive is ready for cleaning. The device identifies a cleaning cartridge if it has a bar code label that starts with CLN. It can only identify an unlabeled cleaning tape after it has been loaded into the tape drive.

The device can use a cleaning cartridge from any slot, even if the slot is not active. The device tracks the usage count for each of the cleaning cartridges. When multiple cleaning cartridges are available, the device will first choose an unknown cleaning cartridge so the device can start tracking the cartridge usage count. If the device knows the usage count for all the cleaning cartridges, the device will choose the one with the highest usage count.

Auto cleaning is disabled by default. You can enable automatic cleaning even if there are no cleaning cartridges in the device. In this



CAUTION:

Only enable automatic cleaning in either the backup application or the device, not both.

Barcode Label Length Reported to Host — the number of bar code characters reported to the host application. This option provides interchange compatibility with libraries with more limited bar code reading capabilities. The maximum length is 15 and the default is 8.



NOTE:

The industry standard length for bar code labels is eight total characters. Because of this industry standard, the autoloader and most application software are extensively tested using eight character bar code labels. These applications include Command View TL, HPE Data Protector, and other backup applications. Although the autoloader might be able to read labels with more than eight characters, it is not assured that every application will operate correctly with these labels. For compatibility with other libraries and with applications, use bar code labels with eight characters.

- Barcode Label Alignment Reported to Host configures the end of the bar code label characters to report to the host application when reporting fewer than the maximum number of characters. For example, when reporting only six characters of the bar code label 12345678, if alignment is left, the device will report 123456. If alignment is right, the device will report 345678. The default is left.
- Ignore Barcode Media ID when disabled, the device will check the barcode Media ID on the tape cartridges and will only allow appropriate tape cartridges to be loaded into tape drives. The barcode Media ID is the last two characters of the barcode. For example, an LTO-7 labeled cartridge will not be allowed to move into an LTO-6 tape drive. When Ignore Barcode Media ID is enabled, the device will move any tape to any tape drive. If the cartridge is incompatible with the tape drive, a message will be displayed. As a best practice, ensure that all tape cartridges have barcodes with the correct Media ID.
- Magazine access using front panel Admin password required when enabled, the Administrator password is required to remove the magazines from the front panel. When disabled, the magazines can be removed using the OCP without entering a password. The default is to require the Administrator password.
- Select Language The language option affects the text on the RMI, the error messages, and the help pages. It does not affect the OCP menus, which will always be in English.

The Configuration > Security page

From the Configuration > Security page you can configure encryption features.

USB MSL Encryption Kit Configuration

For information about configuring and using the encryption kit, see the encryption kit user guide, which is available from the Hewlett Packard Enterprise Information Library: https://www.hpe.com/info/storage/docs

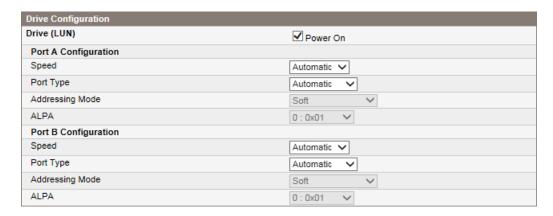
KMIP Encryption Configuration

For instructions on configuring the KMIP feature, see the HPE StoreEver MSL Tape Libraries Encryption Key Server Configuration Guide, available from the Enterprise Information Library: https://www.hpe.com/info/storage/docs

The Configuration > Drive page

The Configuration > Drive page shows the current configuration of all drives and allows modification to the configuration.

Figure 1. Configuration > Drive page (Fibre Channel)



For a Fibre Channel tape drive, you can use this screen to configure the FC ports. The port fields are:

- Speed Automatic, 1 Gb/s, 2 Gb/s, 4 Gb/s, or 8 Gb/s. Only speeds supported by the drive are listed. The default is Automatic.
- Port Type Automatic, Fabric (N), or Loop (NL). Direct connected devices are typically Loop. Devices connected to a switch are
 typically Fabric. The default is Automatic.



NOTE:

When using an LTO-7, LTO-8, or LTO-9 FC drive with a 32Gb or 16Gb HBA in direct attach mode, Port Type is typically set to Fabric Mode. Early (Gen5) 16Gb and 8Gb/4Gb host adapters may require the topology to be set to Loop Mode.

- Addressing Mode addressing mode when the port type is Loop: Hard, Soft, or Hard auto-select. If the Addressing Mode is Hard, you
 must configure a fixed ALPA address that is unique on the loop. If the Addressing Mode is Soft, the system will assign an ALPA during
 fabric login. If the Addressing mode is Hard auto-select, the device acquires an ALPA at the initial system setup and then fixes it as a
 hard address from then on.
- ALPA Arbitrated Loop Port Address

Figure 2. Configuration > Drive page (SAS)



Figure 3. Configuration > Drive page (parallel SCSI)



For a parallel SCSI drive, you can change:

- SCSI ID the SCSI address for a parallel SCSI tape drive.
- Power On power the tape drive on or off.

The Configuration > License Key page

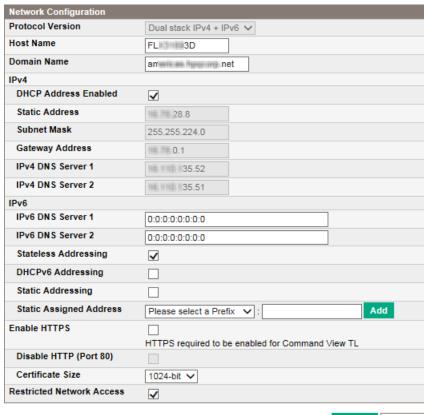
Use the Configuration > License Key page to install licenses on the autoloader. Enter the license key string in the appropriate field and then press Submit to install the license.



The Configuration > Network page

Use the Configuration > Network to modify the current network configuration. When you request a change, a pop-up box will ask you to confirm the changes.

Figure 1. Configuration > Network page



A new login may be required for some changes!

If the IP address changes, the new one must be entered in the address bar.

Refresh Submit

You can change:

- Protocol version selects the Internet Protocols that will be enabled. Select IPv4 only, IPv6 only, or both IPv4 and IPv6 protocols. The default is the IPv4 protocol only.
- Host Name enter the host name provided by your network administrator for the autoloader.
- Domain name enter the domain name provided by your network administrator for the autoloader.
- Enable HTTPS when On, the RMI can only be accessed through an HTTPS connection. HTTPs provides authenticated and encrypted transfer of data over the Internet and is commonly used for secure web communication.
- Disable HTTP (Port 80) when On, the autoloader cannot be accessed through Port 80.
- Certificate Size select the number of bits used for HTTPS encryption. The default is 1024 bits. Using 2048-bit encryption will cause a slight lag in RMI connections.
- Restricted Network Access when On, disables all nonessential network functionality that is not required for normal product operation.
 In most circumstances, leave this option On.

For IPv4, you can change:

• DHCP Address — when On, the autoloader will request an IP address from a DHCP server each time the device is booted. The default is

On.

- Static Address configures the IP address when DHCP is not enabled.
- Subnet Mask configures the network mask of the autoloader controller when DHCP Address is not On.
- Gateway Address configures the gateway address when DHCP Address is not On.
- IPv4 DNS Server 1 and IPv4 DNS Server 2 configures the addresses of up to two DNS servers when DHCP Address is not On.

For IPv6, you can change:

- IPv6 DNS Server 1 and IPv6 DNS Server 2 configures the addresses of up to two DNS servers when DHCPv6 is not enabled.
- Stateless Addressing Enabled when On, the autoloader will generate an address for itself based on the routing information obtained
 from a router advertisement and the MAC address. The autoloader can manage up to five global addresses at the same time, which can
 be assigned from different routers. The default is On.
- DHCPv6 Addressing Enabled when On, the autoloader will request an IP address from a DHCP server each time the device is booted.
 The default is Off.
- Static Addressing Enabled when On, the autoloader will use a statically configured address. The default is Off.
- Static Assigned Address configures the address when Static Addressing Enabled is On. You can select the standard prefix, FE80:, or the prefix of a nearby router. Enter the remainder of the address and click Add.

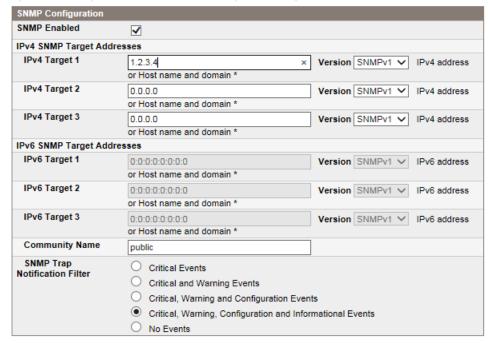
To remove an IPv6 static IP address, click Delete next to the address in the Current IPv6 Addresses pane.

The Configuration > Network Management page

Use the Configuration > Network Management page to enable and configure SNMP. SNMP allows applications such as HPE Systems Insight Manager to manage the device. The device supports both SNMP configuration and SNMP traps. SNMP can only be configured with the RMI; it cannot be configured with the OCP.

Command View TL TapeAssure provides comprehensive summaries and detailed information about the properties, performance, utilization, and health of all tape drives and media for all monitored Hewlett Packard Enterprise libraries. This data can be exported on demand or at scheduled times to a comma-separated values (CSV) file for analysis with spreadsheet programs or custom scripts.

Figure 1. Configuration > Network Management page



You can change:

- SNMP Enabled When checked, computers listed in the SNMP Target IP Addresses field can manage the device. SNMP must be enabled to connect to Command View TL.
- SNMP Target IP Addresses the IP addresses for up to three computers with IPv4 SNMP management software and up to three
 computers with IPv6 SNMP management software. IP addresses will not be cleared if SNMP is disabled, but those targets will no longer
 be able to manage the autoloader and will not receive traps from the autoloader. You can select the SNMP version for each target
 address (SNMPv1 or SNMPv2).

If the autoloader is configured to use Command View TL, do not add the CVTL management station as a trap receiver. The CVTL station will be added automatically as an SNMP trap receiver during the CVTL registration process. Adding the CVTL station as a duplicate SNMP receiver could cause issues with SNMP connectivity.

- Community Name a string used to match the SNMP management station and device. It must be set to the same name on both the
 management station and the autoloader. The default community name is public.
- SNMP Trap Notification Filter the types of events for which the device will send SNMP traps.

Subtopics

Configuring the autoloader for Command View TL management

Configuring the autoloader to use HPE SIM

Configuring HPE SIM for manual discovery

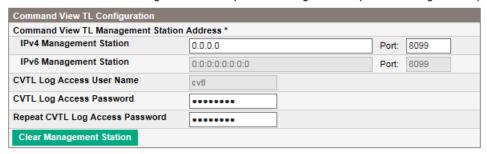
Configuring the autoloader for Command View TL management

About this task

The autoloader is compatible with Command View for Tape Libraries version 2.6 and newer.

Procedure

- 1. Navigate to the RMI Configuration > Network Management screen.
- 2. Enter the IP address of the CVTL Management Station prior to adding the library to the managed library list in the CVTL software



^{*} Only one management station may be listed. If both IPv4 and IPv6 management station addresses are provided only the IPv4 address will be used.

Note: Monitoring by CommandView TL requires the following minimum Ultrium 4 firmware revisions: H58W (FC), B56W (FH pSCSI), W51W (HH pSCSI) or U51W (SAS).

interface.

Refresh Submit

3. Enter the CVTL password.

The CVTL Log Access User Name is used by Command View TL when communicating with the autoloader. It is always cvtl.

CVTL Log Access Password must be a minimum of eight characters long and a maximum of 16 characters long.

4. Click Submit.

Configuring the autoloader to use HPE SIM

About this task

The autoloader uses the HPE NetCitizen MIB, which is supported by HPE Systems Insight Manager (SIM) and many other applications. SNMP queries are only accepted from configured targets.

Procedure

- 1. From the RMI, add the HPE SIM management station as an SNMP target.
- 2. If the autoloader IP address is in an HPE SIM automatic discovery IP address list, the SIM management station will detect the autoloader at the next scheduled scan.

Configuring HPE SIM for manual discovery

Procedure

- 1. In the HPE SIM toolbar, click Options > Discovery.
- 2. Click the Manual tab.
- 3. Enter the autoloader IP address or system name.

SIM 5.1 will automatically detect the system type and product name.

To identify the autoloader manually with SIM 5.0 and older:

- a. In the HPE SIM System and Event Collections pane, click Systems by Type.
- b. In the Systems by Type pane, click All systems.
- c. Click the link with the IP address or name of the autoloader.
- d. Click the Tools & Links tab.
- e. Click Edit System Properties.
- f. Set System Type to Tape Library.
- g. Enter the Product Model of your autoloader.
- h. Click OK.

The Configuration > Password page

Use the Configuration > Password page to change the administrator password for the RMI and OCP.



NOTE:

The administrator password must be set from the OCP before you can access administrator functionality in the RMI.

Figure 1. Configuration > Password page



You can change the:

- Password The password is exactly eight numbers, each from 0 to 9.
- Password Time Out The number of minutes that the current administrator login session will remain logged in without user interaction. The default is 30 minutes.

The Configuration > Date/Time page

Use the Configuration > Date/Time page to set the date and time.

Figure 1. Configuration > Date/Time page

Clock Configuration		
Time (24H)	08 : 20 : 15	
Date	Month: 12 Day: 21 Year: 2017	
Clock Synchronization Configuration (SNTP)		
Enable Clock Synchronization	✓ For more information click Help.	
SNTP Server Address (IPv4 or IPv6)	NE NNE NIII 1123	IPv4 or IPv6 address or Host name and domain *
UTC Time Zone Offset	(GMT-07:00) Mountain Time (US and Canada	a), Arizona, Chihuahua, La Paz, Mazatlan
Daylight Saving Enabled		
Daylight Savings Auto Adjustment Enabled	✓ US, Canada, North America and Europea	in time zones

You can change:

- Time configures the hours, minutes, and seconds for the internal clock. The time is based on a 24-hour clock, where 1:00 pm is 13:00.
- Date configures the current month, day, and year for the internal clock.
- Enable Clock Synchronization When enabled, the autoloader will use the configured Simplified Network Time Protocol (SNTP) service to obtain the current date and time.

Time is synchronized with the SNTP server each time the autoloader is powered on, as well as each time a drive is unloaded.

- SNTP Server Address the IP address of an SNTP server. The SNTP server can be configured with either an IPv4 or IPv6 address, or with a host and domain name. If a host and domain name are entered, the IP address will be resolved from the DNS using that name. The device will store the resulting address, rather than the name. If the address changes, enter the name or a new address so the device can find the server again.
- UTC Time Zone Offset Select the time zone for your area.



NOTE:

Only offsets of a full hour are supported. In locations with 30-minute time zone offsets, do not enable clock synchronization and set time and date manually.

- Daylight Saving Enabled Enabling daylight saving will advance the local time by one hour. This function will NOT automatically adjust for Daylight Saving time based on the calendar. Enable this setting when daylight saving time starts in your area and disable it when daylight saving time ends.
- Enable Daylight Savings Adjustment Enabling daylight saving time will advance the local time by one hour. This setting does NOT automatically adjust the device time for daylight saving time based on the calendar. Enable this setting when daylight saving time starts in your area and disable it when daylight saving time ends.

Daylight Savings Auto Adjustment Enabled — When SNTP is configured, you can also enable the Daylight Savings Auto Adjustment Enabled option. When Daylight Savings Auto Adjustment Enabled is enabled, the library will automatically adjust for US/Canada/North America and European daylight saving time.

The adjustment for US/Canada/North America begins at 2am on the second Sunday in March and reverts at 2am the first Sunday in November. For Europe, the adjustment begins at 2am on the last Sunday of March and reverts at 3 am on the last Sunday of October.

The option only applies to locations that use the standard daylight saving time dates. The Daylight Savings Auto Adjustment Enabled option can only be enabled when SNTP is enabled.

The time zones that can use this feature are:

- (GMT-08:00) Pacific Time (US and Canada), Tijuana
- o (GMT-07:00) Mountain Time (US and Canada), Arizona, Chihuahua, La Paz, Mazatlan
- o (GMT-06:00) Central America, Central Time (US and Canada), Guadalajara, Mexico City, Monterrey, Saskatchewan
- (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US and Canada), Bogota, Lima, Quito, Indiana(East)
- o (GMT-04:00) Atlantic Time (Canada), Caracas, La Paz, Santiago
- o (GMT) Casablanca, Monrovia, Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London
- o (GMT+01:00) Amsterdam, Berlin, Bern, Rome, Stockholm, Vienna, Belgrade
- o (GMT+02:00) Athens, Beirut, Istanbul, Minsk, Bucharest, Cairo, Harare, Pretoria, Helsinki, Kyiv, Riga, Sofia, Tallinn, Vilnius, Jerusalem

The Configuration > Log page

Access to the Configuration > Log page requires the service password and is only available to Service engineers.

The Configuration > Alerts page

From the Configuration > Alerts page, you can configure email notification of device events.

Figure 1. Configuration > Alerts page

Email Notification Configuration	
Notification Level	Critical Events
	Critical and Warning Events
	Critical, Warning and Configuration Events
	O No Events
To Email Address	chris@example.com
SMTP Server Address (IPv4 or IPv6)	0.0.0.0 IPv4 or IPv6 address or Host name and domain *
SMTP Port	25 - default SMTP Port 25

You can change the:

- Notification Level the types of events for which the autoloader will send email
- To Email Address the address to which to send the reported events (for example, firstname.lastname@example.com). Only one email address can be configured.
- Email Domain domain of the return email address (for example, example.com)
- SMTP Server Address the IP address of the SMTP server. Configure the SMTP server with an IP address or hostname and domain. The
 IP address can be IPv4 or IPv6, depending on the network stack configuration.

If a host and domain name are entered instead of an IP address, the IP address is resolved from the DNS. The autoloader saves that IP address rather than the name. If the address changes, enter the name or a new address to update the stored IP address.

• SMTP Port — option to configure SMTP port of the SMTP server. For unsecured communication, use the default port 25. Ports 465 and 587 are secured ports and require SSL configured on the SMTP server. The custom port could be set individually and is also secured.

. ... --....g-..-..... --., ..-.... --g-

Use the Configuration > Save/Restore page to restore the factory defaults, reset the administrator password to null, or save the autoloader configuration database to a file. The autoloader will perform an inventory after the defaults are restored.



IMPORTANT:

Once you reset the administrator password to null, you will not be able to access the administrator functions in the RMI until you set an administrator password through the OCP. To change the administrator password, use <u>Figure: Configuration > Password page</u>.

The saved configuration database will make it easier to recover the autoloader configuration in case you must replace the chassis.

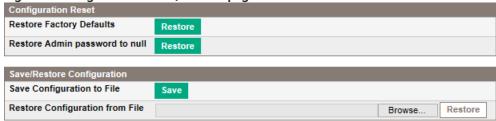
This feature is also useful when installing multiple devices. Either save the configuration before configuring the network or ensure that only one autoloader with the same network configuration is on the network at a time until they have unique network identities.



NOTE:

You can save the device configuration to a USB flash drive from the OCP.

Figure 1. Configuration > Save/Restore page



To save the device configuration to a file, click Save and follow the instructions on the RMI to specify a file location.

To restore the device configuration from a file, browse to the location of the saved configuration file and click Restore.



NOTE:

For security reasons, the system configuration cannot be restored from a file or restored to the factory defaults when encryption is enabled. Disable encryption from the Configuration > Security screen before restoring the system configuration from a file or from the factory defaults.

Operations

Subtopics

The Operations > Move Media page

The Operations > Inventory page

The Operations > Magazines page

The Operations > Media Init page

The Operations > Move Media page

Use the Operations > Move Media page to move tape cartridges within the device.



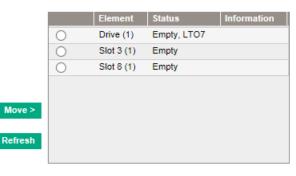
IMPORTANT:

Moving media manually can interfere with backup software operations. Ensure that backups are complete before moving media.

Figure 1. Operations > Move Media page Source

	Element	Status	Information
0	Slot 1 (1)	Full, Gen. 7	SQ0024L7
0	Slot 2 (1)	Full, Gen. 7	SQ0026L7
0	Slot 4 (1)	Full, Gen. 5	TTC027L5
0	Slot 5 (1)	Full, Gen. 5	TTC025L5
0	Slot 6 (1)	Full, Gen. 4	TT0229L4
0	Slot 7 (1)	Full, Gen. 4	TT0925L4

Destination

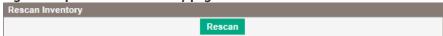


To move a tape, select the source and destination and then click the Move button in the center of the screen to start the move.

The Operations > Inventory page

Use the Operations > Inventory page to have the autoloader update the media inventory.

Figure 1. Operations > Inventory page



The Operations > Magazines page

Use the Operations > Magazines page to release the left, right, or both magazines. When you click **Release**, the autoloader will unlock the magazine and display **Left Magazine Unlocked** or **Right Magazine Unlocked** on the OCP screen. Once the magazines are unlocked, you can remove any of the magazines on that side. If you do not remove the magazine within a few seconds, the autoloader will lock the magazine. When you replace the magazine, the autoloader will inventory the tape cartridges in the magazine.

Figure 1. Operations > Magazines page





NOTE:

To release a magazine manually, see <u>Releasing the magazines manually</u>. However, only use this manual process if the magazine cannot be released using the OCP or RMI.

The Operations > Media Init page

Use the Operations > Media Init page to run the LTO-9 New Media Initialization Wizard. This wizard initializes new LTO-9 tape cartridges for use. Initializing media through the wizard is required before using the tapes for backups. Select either All LTO-9 Cartridges, or a single LTO-9 cartridge from the list of uninitialized cartridges in the dropdown menu. Click Start Wizard for the autoloader to load the selected tapes and complete the cartridge initialization process using the LTO-9 drive.

The initialization process varies in time depending on the environmental conditions of the tape and drive. Most initializations complete within an hour. However, in some cases the process can take up to two hours.

While the wizard is running, the autoloader is offline to any connected hosts.

Support



CAUTION:

Some RMI operations take the autoloader offline. This inactive mode can interfere with host-based application software, causing data loss. Ensure that the autoloader is idle before attempting to perform any remote operations that take it offline.

Subtopics

The Support > General Diagnostic page

The Support > Service page— Service restricted

The Support > Firmware page

The Support > Reboot page

The Support > Autoloader Logs page

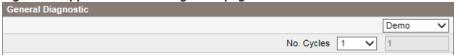
The Support > Drive page

The Support > Support Ticket page

The Support > General Diagnostic page

Use the Support > General Diagnostic page to run general tests to verify the usability and reliability of the device. Select the test and enter the number of test cycles before starting the test. To cancel the test early, click on the **Stop** button.

Figure 1. Support > General Diagnostic page



The available tests are:

- Demo moves cartridges from the slots to the drives and back. At the end of the test, the cartridges are returned to their original slots.
- Slot to slot shuffles the cartridges between slots to exercise the robot. At the end of the test, the cartridges are NOT returned to their
 original slots.

The demo and slot to slot test are intended to show the device operating. For service and diagnostics, execute the wellness test from the OCP. See <u>The wellness test</u>.

The Support > Service page— Service restricted

This page is only available for the Service user. This page provides access to specialized tests and diagnostics.

The Support > Firmware page

Use the Support > Firmware page to see the current version of the device and drive firmware, and upload new firmware. After the firmware is updated, the device or tape drive with updated firmware is reset.

The firmware files must be in the L&TT format with the .frm file extension.



Do not interrupt the autoloader while a firmware update is in progress. Updating the tape drive firmware can take several minutes because the firmware is transferred through a serial connection.

The autoloader only supports signed firmware image upgrades and downgrades. Once firmware that uses code signing is loaded, the firmware will reject all unsigned images. If you attempt to load an unsigned firmware image, the RMI displays an invalid firmware version error message:



If you see this message, download and install the latest signed firmware image.

Figure 1. Support > Firmware page

16.110	
	Browse Update
100, 11 11 20	
	Browse Update

Subtopics

Downloading product firmware

Downloading product firmware

Procedure

1. Navigate to the HPE Support website: https://www.hpe.com/support/storage



(i) IMPORTANT:

Access to some updates might require product entitlement when accessed through the Hewlett Packard Enterprise Support Center. You must have an HPE Passport set up with relevant entitlements.

To view and update your entitlements, and to link your contracts and warranties with your profile, navigate to: https://www.hpe.com/support/AccessToSupportMaterials

- 2. Browse or search for the necessary firmware.
- 3. Download the firmware.

To upgrade firmware from the OCP, copy the firmware image onto a FAT-32 formatted USB flash drive.

The Support > Reboot page

Use the Support > Reboot page to do a soft reset of the autoloader. After the reboot, the autoloader will run the Power On Self-Test (POST) and scan for a new inventory. The RMI webpage will refresh itself after a short time delay. If the connection to the autoloader is lost during the reboot, refresh the page from the web browser.

Figure 1. Support > Reboot page



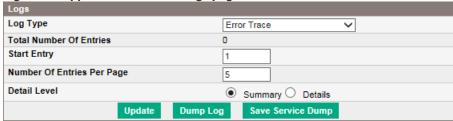
The Support > Autoloader Logs page

From the **Support > Autoloader Logs** page, you can see the device logs. The available logs are: Error Trace, Informational Trace, Warning Trace, Configuration Change Trace, and Standard Trace.

The log entries are displayed in order of most recent to oldest. The format for the log entries is: YY.MM.DD HH.MM.SS.ss LIB/ERR < 80 89 62 40 >

- YY.MM.DD the date displayed as Year.Month.Day
- HH.MM.SS.ss the time displayed as Hour.Minute.Second.Hundredths of a second
- First code hard or soft error. The code after LIB/ERR (80 in the example) will be 80 or 40. 80 indicates a hard error, 40 indicates a soft error.
- Second code the main error code (89 in this example). See <u>Error codes</u> for a list of error codes and recovery procedures.
- Third code the subcode (62 in this example). See Error sub-code descriptions for a list of subcodes.
- Fourth code subcode-specific information for factory use only

Figure 1. Support > Autoloader Logs page



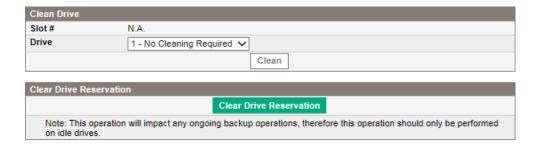
The Support > Drive page

Use the Support > Clean Drive page to clean a tape drive.

• Slot # — select the slot number of the cleaning tape

Clear Drive Reservation — initiate the clearing of reservations on the tape drive (LTO-5 and later generation tape drives only).

Figure 1. Support > Clean Drive page



The Support > Support Ticket page

Use the Support > Support Ticket page to download a support ticket for the autoloader or a tape drive. The support ticket can help a service engineer or system administrator diagnose a device problem. It is recommended that Library and Tape Tools be used to download support tickets whenever possible.



NOTE:

- LTO-2 and 3 tape drives must be empty to download support tickets
- LTO-4 tape drives with firmware newer than H36W (FC), B34W (parallel SCSI) or U24W (SAS) automatically generate a support ticket during an unload operation. You can download the ticket at any time.
- LTO-4 tape drives with older firmware must be empty to download a support ticket. Gathering a current ticket for an LTO-4 tape drive might cause a temporary performance decrease while the ticket is generated.

Figure 1. Support > Support Ticket page



- Autoloader Controller Support Ticket downloads the support ticket for the autoloader
- Drive Support Ticket downloads the support ticket for the tape drive. Select the timeframe for the support ticket and then click Download.
- HTTP Support Ticket Access allows the pulling of support tickets using url commands.



NOTE:

L1 pulls the autoloader support ticket. D1 pulls the drive ticket.

When enabled, the following commands may be used to request support tickets:

- http://< library ip >/sticket/L1.ssi
- http://< library ip >/sticket/<D1>.ssi

When not enabled, the following commands may be used to request support tickets:

- https://< library ip >/sticket/L1.ssi?user=admin&passwd= <admin password>
- https://< library ip >/sticket/<D1>.ssi?user=admin&passwd= <admin password>

Using the OCP

The OCP on the front of the autoloader includes a 2-line by 16-character green backlit liquid crystal display (LCD), four function keys, and four LEDs. This panel provides everything you need to monitor the autoloader status and control its functions.

The following functions are available through the OCP:

- Unlocking the mailslot (Unlock Mailslot)
- Status/Information
 - Viewing cartridge inventory (Status/Information > Inventory)
 - Viewing autoloader information (Status/Information> Autoloader Information)
 - Viewing drive information (Status/Information > Drive Information)
 - Viewing component status (Status/Information > Component Status)
 - Viewing network information (Status/Information > Network Information)
- Configuring the autoloader
 - Changing the administrator password (Configuration > Change Admin Password)
 - Setting the number of reserved slots (Configuration > Set Reserved Slot Count)
 - Configuring the mailslot (Configuration > Configure Mailslot)
 - Configuring the bar code reporting format (Configuration > Barcode Format Reporting)
 - Changing the SCSI address parallel SCSI drives (Configuration> Change Drive)
 - Setting behaviors (Configuration > Autoloader behavior)
 - Setting the date and time (Configuration > Autoloader Date/Time)
 - Configuring IPv4 network settings (Configuration > Configure Network Settings)
 - Configuring automatic cleaning (Configuration > Configure Auto Cleaning)
 - Restoring factory defaults (Configuration > Restore Defaults)
 - Saving the autoloader configuration (Configuration> Save/Restore Configuration)
- Accessing the operations functions
 - Unlocking, removing, and replacing magazines (Operations > Unlock Left or Right Magazine)
 - Cleaning a tape drive (Operations > Clean Drive)
 - Moving tapes in the autoloader (Operations > Move Tape)
 - Updating tape cartridge inventory (Operations > Perform Inventory)
 - Rebooting the autoloader (Operations > Reboot Autoloader)
 - Enabling password locks (Operations > Enable Autoldr Password Locks)
- Accessing the support functions
 - Powering a drive on or off (Support > Power On/Off Drive)
 - Running the demonstration (Support > Run Demo)
 - Running the slot to slot test (Support > Run Slot To Slot Test)
 - Running the wellness test (Support > Run Wellness Test)

- Upgrading firmware (Support > Autoloader FW Upgrade)
- Forcing the drive to eject a tape (Support > Force Drive To Eject Tape)
- Viewing logs (Support > Autoloader Error Log)
- Downloading a support ticket (Support > Download Support Ticket)

Subtopics

LED indicators

Home screen

OCP buttons

The OCP menu structure

Unlocking the mailslot (Unlock Mailslot)

Status/Information

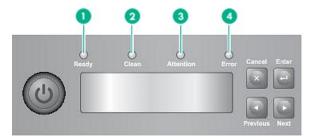
Configuring the autoloader

Accessing the operations functions

Accessing the support functions

LED indicators

The operator panel includes four LEDs that provide a summary of the $\,$ autoloader status.



11159

ltem	Label	Color	Description
1	Ready	Green	Illuminated when power is on. Blinking during tape drive or robotics activity.
2	Clean	Amber	Illuminated when a cleaning cartridge should be used.
3	Attention	Amber	Illuminated if the device has detected a condition that requires attention.
4	Error	Amber	Illuminated if an unrecoverable error occurs. A corresponding error message displays on the LCD screen. You might need to cycle power the autoloader to clear the Error LED.

Home screen

The first line of the Home screen displays the device product name. The second line displays a brief status message.

Figure 1. Home screen

Drive status definitions

Status	Definition		
IDLE	Drive has a tape inserted, but there is no activity		
RD	Drive is reading		
FWD	Drive is forwarding		
WR	Drive is writing		
LD	Drive is loading a tape		
ULD	Drive is unloading a tape		
CLN	Drive is cleaning		
RWD	Drive is rewinding		
SEEK	Drive is seeking		
MOV	Performing a tape move or tape exchange operation		
ERASE	Drive is erasing a tape		
CAL	Drive is calibrating		
TEST	Performing a test		
UPGR	Performing a firmware upgrade operation		
DCR	Decrypting		
ENC	Encrypting		

OCP buttons

With the four OCP buttons, you can traverse the OCP menu structure and enter information.



10763

Button	Description	
Cancel	Cancels the current menu option, returns to the previous menu level, or returns to the Home screen.	
Enter	Enters the menu or selects the option displayed on the LCD screen.	
Previous	Selects the previous item or value in the currently displayed menu.	
Next	Selects the next item or value in the currently displayed menu.	

The OCP menu structure

The OCP options are organized under five menus: Unlock Mailslot, Status/Information, Configuration, Operations, and Support.

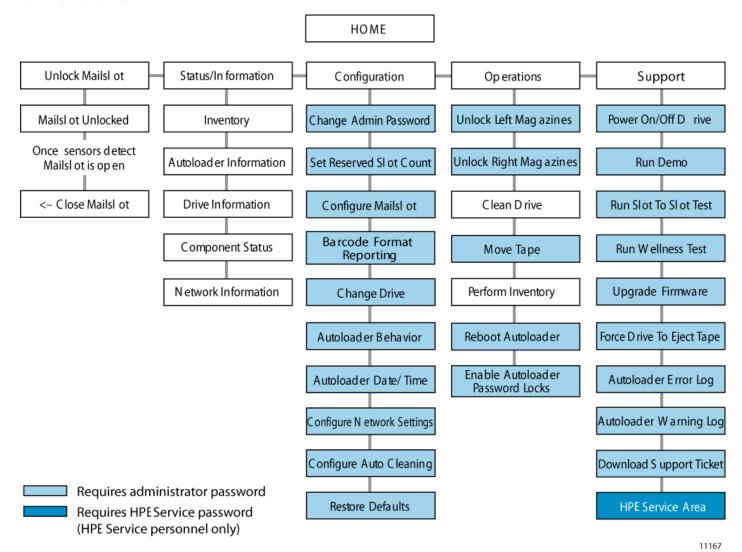


NOTE:

The Unlock Mailslot menu is only displayed when the mailslot is enabled. To enable the mailslot, see <u>Configuring the mailslot (Configuration > Configure Mailslot)</u>

From the Home screen, press **Enter** to bring up the first menu item. From a menu, use the **Previous** and **Next** keys to cycle through the menus, press **Enter** to see the first option in the menu, or press **Cancel** to return to the Home screen.

From an option, use the **Previous** and **Next** keys to cycle through the options in the menu, press **Enter** to select the option, or press **Cancel** to return to the menu list.



The administrator password accesses all of the available functionality, except for the Service Area. A user without the administrator password has access to the **Unlock Mailslot** and **Status/Information** menus.

Subtopics

Entering the administrator password

Entering the administrator password

About this task



TIP:

By default, the administrator password is unset; all of the digits are null. Set the administrator password from the OCP to protect the administrator functions on the OCP and enable the administrator functions in the RMI.

Options that require a password will prompt for a password before allowing access to the restricted screens. Once entered, the administrator password does not need to be entered again unless there is no user activity for five minutes or the password lock is enabled.

The number 1 should be flashing. To enter the password, do the following:

Procedure

- 1. From the OCP, press Next to scroll to the first number of the password.
- 2. Press Enter. The number you selected is replaced with an asterisk (*), and the cursor proceeds to the next text box.
- Repeat steps 1 and 2 until you have entered all eight numbers. After the last number has been entered, the screen continues to the restricted area.

Results



NOTE:

If you forget the administrator password, you cannot enter a new password. Call your customer service representative.

Unlocking the mailslot (Unlock Mailslot)

About this task

The mailslot in the left magazine is used only with host system software that supports this feature. The mailslot feature allows you to insert or remove a single tape without removing the entire magazine. The benefit of using a mailslot is that the device will not inventory the rest of the slots in the magazine so the device can return to service sooner. The mailslot is in the left magazine.



NOTE:

The Unlock Mailslot menu is only displayed when the mailslot is enabled. To enable the mailslot, see <u>Configuring the mailslot (Configuration > Configure Mailslot)</u>

Procedure

- 1. From the Home screen, press Next until the screen displays Unlock Mailslot. Press Enter to select.
- 2. The mailslot ejects automatically. Pull the mailslot out to access the tape.
- 3. The screen displays Close Mailslot.
- 4. Remove the tape cartridge from the mailslot and insert a different tape cartridge.
- 5. Push the magazine back into the autoloader.

Figure 1. Removing a tape from the mailslot



Status/Information

About this task

The Status/Information menu provides access to the following status options:

- Viewing cartridge inventory (Status/Information > Inventory)
- Viewing autoloader information (Status/Information> Autoloader Information)
- Viewing drive information (Status/Information > Drive Information)
- Viewing component status (Status/Information > Component Status)
- Viewing network information (Status/Information > Network Information)

Procedure

- 1. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Status/Information.
- 2. Press Enter to select.
- 3. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays your selected function.
- 4. Press Enter to select.

Subtopics

Viewing cartridge inventory (Status/Information > Inventory)

Viewing autoloader information (Status/Information> Autoloader Information)

<u>Viewing drive information (Status/Information > Drive Information)</u>

<u>Viewing component status (Status/Information > Component Status)</u>

Viewing network information (Status/Information > Network Information)

Viewing cartridge inventory (Status/Information > Inventory)

About this task

This option provides information on which slots have cartridges and which are empty. The second line on the screen displays one of:

- Full (tapes without bar code labels)
- Bar code identification from the tape
- Empty

The autoloader has the following inventory locations:

- Mailslot
- Left magazine
- Right magazine
- Drive

Each location provides different information:

- Drive or Mailslot: For example, the screen might display Mailslot AESO32L3, where AESO32L3 is on the bar code number on the tape, or
 it might display Full or Empty.
- Left or right magazine: The screen might display Left Magazine or Right Magazine. The second line on the display indicates which slots
 have a tape or are empty. Slots in the left magazine are numbered 1-4 or 1-3, and slots in the right magazine are numbered 5-8 or 4-7. A
 character represents each slot.

Table 1. Display indication definitions

Slot has a tape
Slot is empty
Mailslot is enabled but does not have a tape
Mailslot has a tape
Slot has a cleaning tape
Media needs attention, often as a result of a damaged or incompatible cartridge



If the mailslot is enabled, the storage slot count is reduced.

Procedure

- To view the tape inventory:
 - 1. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Status/Information. Press Enter to select.
 - 2. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Inventory. Press Enter to select.
 - 3. Use Previous or Next to select from the following inventory locations:
 - o Left magazine includes the mailslot
 - Right magazine
 - Drive
- To view more details about the contents of each slot, press Enter when the screen displays either Left Magazine or Right Magazine.
 - o Left magazine includes the mailslot
 - Right magazine
 - Drive
- To view the inventory of a magazine, press Enter when the OCP displays Left or Right Magazine.

The OCP will display the contents of the lowest numbered slot in the magazine. The display will show the tape bar code number, Full, or Empty.

- 1. Use Previous or Next to scroll through the remaining slots in the magazine. Press Cancel to choose another inventory location.
- To view the inventory of a tape drive, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Drive. The display will show the tape bar code number, Full, or Empty.

Viewing autoloader information (Status/Information > Autoloader Information)

- 1. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Status/Information. Press Enter to select.
- 2. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Autoloader Information . Press Enter to select.
- 3. By using Previous or Next, you can select from the following information screens:

- Autoloader Time
- Firmware rev.
- Product ID
- Serial number
- SCSI ID and LUN (SCSI devices only)
- Slots and Mailslots
- Odometer
- Power On Time
- WWide Node Name for the FC node to which the Autoloader is connected. (Fibre Channel only)

Viewing drive information (Status/Information > Drive Information)

Procedure

- 1. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Status/Information. Press Enter to select.
- 2. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Drive Information. Press Enter to select.
- 3. By using Previous or Next, you can select from the following information screens:
 - Serial number
 - Drive type
 - Firmware revision
 - SCSI ID (parallel SCSI tape drives only)

For a Fibre Channel tape drive, you can also select from the following information screens:

- The WWide Node Name for the FC node to which the tape drive is connected.
- The WWide Port Name and Port Type for Port A.
- The WWide Port Name and Port Type for Port B.

World Wide names are assigned automatically; they cannot be configured.

Viewing component status (Status/Information > Component Status)

- 1. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Status/Information. Press Enter to select.
- 2. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Component Status. Press Enter to select.
- 3. By using **Previous** or **Next**, you can select from the following information screens:
 - Drive activity
 - Autoloader status
 - Drive status
 - Fan status

The second line of the screen will display one of the following:

- Good the component is operating normally.
- Warning the component might have an issue that should be addressed. The Autoloader is functional.
- Critical the component has an error condition that should be addressed. The Autoloader might not be fully functional.
- Failed the component has a known failure and should be replaced.

Viewing network information (Status/Information > Network Information)

Procedure

- 1. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Status/Information. Press Enter to select.
- 2. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Network Information. Press Enter to select.
- 3. Press Previous or Next to access the following information:
 - IPv4 Network Enabled or Disabled
 - IPv6 Network Enabled or Disabled
 - Host Name
 - Domain Name
 - MAC Address
- 4. For IPv4 Network or IPv6 Network, press Enter and then use Previous or Next to access the network addresses and configuration.

Configuring the autoloader

About this task

Configure the autoloader from the Configuration menu.

- 1. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Configuration.
- 2. Press Enter to select.
- 3. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays your selected function.
 - Changing the administrator password (Configuration > Change Admin Password)
 - <u>Setting the number of reserved slots (Configuration > Set Reserved Slot Count)</u>
 - Configuring the mailslot (Configuration > Configure Mailslot)
 - Configuring the bar code reporting format (Configuration > Barcode Format Reporting)
 - Changing the SCSI address parallel SCSI drives (Configuration > Change Drive)
 - Setting behaviors (Configuration > Autoloader behavior)
 - Setting the date and time (Configuration > Autoloader Date/Time)
 - Configuring IPv4 network settings (Configuration > Configure Network Settings)
 - Configuring automatic cleaning (Configuration > Configure Auto Cleaning)

- Restoring factory defaults (Configuration > Restore Defaults)
- Saving the autoloader configuration (Configuration> Save/Restore Configuration)
- 4. Press Enter to select.

Subtopics

Changing the administrator password (Configuration > Change Admin Password)

<u>Setting the number of reserved slots (Configuration > Set Reserved Slot Count)</u>

Configuring the mailslot (Configuration > Configure Mailslot)

Configuring the bar code reporting format (Configuration > Barcode Format Reporting)

<u>Changing the SCSI address — parallel SCSI drives (Configuration> Change Drive)</u>

Changing the drive configuration — Fibre Channel drives (Configuration > Change Drive)

<u>Setting behaviors (Configuration > Autoloader behavior)</u>

Setting the date and time (Configuration > Autoloader Date/Time)

Configuring IPv4 network settings (Configuration > Configure Network Settings)

Configuring network settings (Configuration > Configure Network Settings)

<u>Configuring automatic cleaning (Configuration > Configure Auto Cleaning)</u>

Restoring factory defaults (Configuration > Restore Defaults)

Saving the autoloader configuration (Configuration> Save/Restore Configuration)

Restoring the autoloader configuration (Configuration> Save/Restore Configuration)

Changing the administrator password (Configuration > Change Admin Password)

About this task

Use **Change Admin Password** to set or change the administrator password. Once the administrator password is set, you must know the administrator password or the service password to change the administrator password. Passwords consist of exactly eight numbers each between the values of 0 and 9.

Screens that require a password prompt for the password before allowing access to the restricted areas. Once entered, the administrator password does not have to be entered a second time unless there is no user activity for five minutes. Enter the administrator password if you are prompted to do so.



NOTE:

If you forget the administrator password, you cannot enter a new password. Call your customer service representative.

- 1. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Configuration. Press Enter to select.
- 2. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Change Admin Password. Press Enter to select.
- 3. The first number is flashing. Press **Previous** or **Next** to change the value of the flashing number. When the flashing number shows the desired value, press **Enter** to select.
- 4. The screen displays the second number flashing. Repeat Step 3 until you have entered all eight characters. Press Enter to select. After the last number has been entered, the password has been set to the new password.

Setting the number of reserved slots (Configuration > Set Reserved Slot Count)

Prerequisites

Access to this feature requires the administrator password.

About this task

You can access reserved slots from the RMI and the OCP, but the reserved slots are invisible to the host and backup software. For example, you might keep a cleaning cartridge in a reserved slot if your backup software does not manage the cleaning process.

You can reserve up to six slots.

Procedure

- 1. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Configuration. Press Enter to select.
- 2. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Set Reserved Slot Count. Press Enter to select.
- 3. Enter the administrator password if prompted.
- 4. Press Previous or Next to scroll through the display until the desired number of slots is displayed, then press Enter.

Configuring the mailslot (Configuration > Configure Mailslot)

About this task

The mailslot is a single slot at the front of the left magazine that you can access without removing the whole magazine. Loading a tape through the mailslot is faster than opening the magazine because the device does not need to inventory the rest of the magazine slots when you use the mailslot. Also, the device can continue to function when the mailslot is open. Access to this feature requires the administrator password.

Procedure

- 1. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Configuration. Press Enter to select.
- 2. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Configure Mailslot. Press Enter to select.
- 3. Enter the administrator password if prompted.
- 4. The screen displays either Mailslot Enabled or Mailslot Disabled.
- 5. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Disable Mailslot? or Enable Mailslot?. Press Enter when the correct action is displayed.

Configuring the bar code reporting format (Configuration > Barcode Format Reporting)

Prerequisites

The administrator password.

About this task

You can configure how the tape bar code is displayed in the OCP and RMI, and how it is reported to the host software. You can configure the number of characters to display and whether to justify the numbers to the left or right. For example, when reporting only six characters of the bar code label 12345678, if alignment is left, the device will report 123456. If alignment is right, the device will report 12345678. The maximum length is 15 characters. The default configuration is 8 Left. The OCP displays bar code labels longer than eight characters in an abbreviated form.

- 1. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Configuration. Press Enter to select.
- 2. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Barcode Format Reporting. Press Enter to select.
- 3. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays either Display Format or Host Format. The second line displays the number of characters and the current format. To change the current format, press Enter to select either Display or Host. An example of the screen display is # of characters 8.
- 4. Press Previous or Next until the desired number of characters is listed. Press Enter to select.
- 5. The screen displays either Alignment Left or Alignment Right. Use Previous or Next to toggle between the two choices. Press Enter to select the correct alignment.

Changing the SCSI address — parallel SCSI drives (Configuration > Change Drive)

About this task



If you change the SCSI ID, you might need to cycle power on the host server and reconfigure your backup software before vou can use the device.

This option changes the SCSI address of the tape drive. The tape drive uses logical unit number (LUN) 0. The SCSI address for the autoloader will always be the same as the tape drive but will use LUN 1. Access to this feature requires the administrator password.

Procedure

- 1. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Configuration. Press Enter to select.
- 2. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Change Drive. Press Enter to select.
- 3. Enter the administrator password if prompted.
- 4. The screen displays the current SCSI ID. Press Previous or Next to change the SCSI ID number. Press Enter to select.

An example of the screen display is Drive SCSI ID 6.

Changing the drive configuration — Fibre Channel drives (Configuration > Change Drive)

About this task

This option allows you to configure the FC ports for your tape drive.

Each drive has two ports, A and B.



NOTE:

Hewlett Packard Enterprise recommends that you cable Port A only and that you configure Port B for Auto Detect on Fibre Speedand Port Type.

Only cable Port A and configure Port B for Auto Detect on Fibre Speed and Port Type.

- 1. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Configuration. Press Enter to select.
- 2. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Change Drive 1. Press Enter to select.
- 3. Enter the administrator password if prompted.
- 4. The screen displays Port A. Press Enter to select and display Fibre Speed.

- 5. Press Enter to display Set Fibre Speed. Press Previous or Next to toggle through the speed settings (Auto Detect, 1 Gb/s, 2 Gb/s, 4 Gb/s, or 8 Gb/s). Only speeds supported by the drive are listed. Press Enter to select the required speed.
- 6. The screen displays **Port Type**. Press **Enter** to display **Set Port Type**. Press **Previous** or **Next** to toggle through the port types (Fabric (N), Loop (NL), or Auto Detect). Press **Enter** to select the required port type.
- If you selected Fabric (N) or Auto Detect, configuration is now complete; go to step 9. If you selected Loop (NL), Set Port Loop Mode is
 displayed. Press Previous or Next to toggle through the loop modes (Soft, Hard, or Hard Auto Select). Press Enter to select the required
 loop mode.
- 8. If you selected **Soft** or **Hard Auto Select**, configuration is now complete; go to step 9. If you selected **Hard, Set ALPA** is displayed with the first number flashing. Press **Previous** or **Next** until the flashing number reads correctly. Press **Enter** to move to the next number. Repeat this step until all numbers in the address are correct. Press **Enter**.
- 9. Press Enter to save the settings and reset the port.
 - The screen displays Port B.
- 10. Press Enter to select and display Fibre Speed. Select Auto Detect. Press Enter.
- 11. Press Enter to select and display Port Type. Select Auto Detect. Press Enter.

Setting behaviors (Configuration > Autoloader behavior)

Prerequisites

The administrator password.

About this task

The autoloader supports three behavior modes: Random, Sequential, and Automatic. The autoloader automatically detects the required mode from the series of SCSI commands it receives; however, you can also change the mode. Choose the operating mode based on the capabilities of the software controlling the tape cartridges.

Random mode: In Random mode, the device does not automatically load tapes into the tape drive; it waits for commands from the software or operator to load and unload tapes. Random mode is used with a full featured or a robotics-aware backup application and is the most common mode of operation. Your backup software must support robotics, which might require an additional software module.

Sequential mode: In Sequential mode, the device automatically loads and unloads tapes from the drive. Sequential mode is used when the backup software is NOT robotics-aware or was designed for standalone drives only.

The operator begins the sequence by loading the desired tape into the tape drive. When a tape is unloaded for any reason, the device automatically removes the tape from the drive, returns it to its original slot, then loads the tape from the next available higher numbered slot.

To determine how you want tapes loaded into the tape drive while in Sequential mode, set the Loop and Autoload options.

- When Autoload mode is set, the device automatically loads the cartridge from the lowest-numbered full slot into the tape drive. It then
 follows standard sequential operation. After configuring Autoload mode, you must do one of the following for Autoload mode to take
 effect:
 - Power cycle the device from the front panel.
 - o Reboot the device from the RMI Support > Reboot screen.
 - Move the lowest-numbered cartridge to the drive before starting the backup application. If the mailslot is enabled, the lowest cartridge location will be in the mailslot.
- When Loop mode is on, the original first cartridge in the sequence is reloaded after the device has cycled through all available
 cartridges. If Loop mode is off and the last cartridge has been unloaded, the device stops loading cartridges until you load another
 manually.

△ CAUTION:

Use caution when choosing Loop mode because it makes it possible to overwrite data on previously written cartridges.

Automatic mode: In Automatic mode, the device switches from Sequential mode into Random mode when it receives certain SCSI commands. Automatic mode is the default setting.

Procedure

- 1. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Configuration. Press Enter to select.
- 2. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Autoloader Behavior . Press Enter to select.
- 3. Enter the administrator password if prompted.
- 4. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Autoloader Mode . Press Enter.
- The screen displays Set Autoloader Mode, followed by the current autoloadermode: Automatic, Sequential, or Random. To change the mode, press Enter.
- 6. Press Previous or Next to scroll through the screens for Automatic, Sequential, or Random. Press Enter to select the autoloader mode.
- 7. If you enabled Sequential mode, you can configure the Autoload and Loop options:
 - a. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Autoload Mode Disable or Autoload Mode Enable. To change the Autoload mode, press Enter. The screen displays either Disable Autoload Mode or Enable Autoload Mode. Press Previous or Next to toggle between the enabled and disabled screens. Press Enter to select the Autoload mode. The display shows the new Autoload mode.
 - b. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays either Loop Mode Disable or Loop Mode Enable. To change loop mode, press Enter. The screen displays either Enable Loop Mode or Disable Loop Mode. Press Previous or Next to toggle between the enabled and disabled screens. Press Enter to select the loop mode.

Setting the date and time (Configuration > Autoloader Date/Time)

About this task



NOTE:

When setting the hours, the time is based on a 24-hour clock. There is no a.m. or p.m. designation.

Use Set Date and Time to set the date and time used to record events. Access to this feature requires the administrator password.

Procedure

- From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Configuration. Press Enter to select.
- 2. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Autoloader Date/Time. Press Enter to select.
- 3. Enter the administrator password if prompted.
- 4. The screen displays Set Yr/Month/Day 2012 / 07 / 21 with a flashing number. Press Previous or Next to change the value of the flashing number. Press Enter to accept the value of the flashing number and move to the next number.
- 5. Repeat Step 4 until all numbers in the date are correct. Press Enter.
- 6. The screen displays (example) **Set Hour / Mins 16:52** with the first number flashing. Press **Previous** or **Next** until the flashing number reads correctly. Press **Enter** to move to the next number. Repeat this step until all numbers in the time are correct. Press **Enter**.

Configuring IPv4 network settings (Configuration > Configure Network Settings)

About this task

The autoloader can automatically obtain an IP address from a DHCP server when the device is powered on. The autoloader also supports user-specified fixed addresses through the front panel.

The autoloader also supports SNMP. You can enable SNMP and configure the target addresses with the RMI. See <u>The Configuration > Network page</u>.

Procedure

- 1. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Configuration. Press Enter to select.
- 2. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Configure Network Settings. Press Enter to select.
- 3. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays IPv4 Networking Enabled. Press Enter to select.
- 4. Press **Previous** or **Next** until the screen displays **DHCP Enabled**. To change the setting, press **Enter**. Press **Next** until the screen shows the desired setting. Press **Enter** to accept the new setting.
- 5. If DHCP is disabled, press Previous or Next until the screen displays IP Address. The second line displays the current IP address.
- 6. To change the IP address, press **Enter**. The screen displays **Set IP Address** with the first number flashing. Press **Previous** or **Next** to change the flashing number to the correct value.
- 7. Press Enter to select the next number, until all numbers have been set. The screen displays New IP Address.
- 8. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Subnet Mask Address. To change the Subnet Mask Address, press Enter. The screen displays Set Subnet Mask Address, with the first number flashing.
- 9. Press Previous or Next to change the flashing number to the correct value. Press Enter to select the next number.
- 10. Repeat Step 9 until all numbers have been set. The screen displays New Subnet Address.
- Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Gateway Address. To change the Gateway Address, press Enter. The screen displays Set Gateway Addr, with the first number flashing.
- 12. Press Previous or Next to change the flashing number to the correct value. Press Enter to select the next number.
- 13. Repeat Step 12 until all numbers have been set. The screen displays New Gateway Addr. Press Enter.

Configuring network settings (Configuration > Configure Network Settings)

Procedure

- 1. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Configuration. Press Enter to select.
- 2. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Configure Network Settings. Press Enter to select.
- 3. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays IPv6 Networking. Press Enter to select.
- 4. The screen displays IPv6 Network Addressing Disabled. To change the setting, press Enter.
- 5. Press Next until the screen displays the desired setting. Press Enter to accept the new setting.
- 6. Configure IPv6 networking from the RMI. See <u>The Configuration > Network page</u>.

Configuring automatic cleaning (Configuration > Configure Auto Cleaning)

About this task

When auto clean is enabled, the autoloader automatically loads a cleaning cartridge when a tape drive is ready for cleaning. The autoloader identifies a tape cartridge as a cleaning cartridge when it has a barcode label that starts with CLN or after an unlabeled cleaning tape has been loaded into the tape drive.

The autoloader can use a cleaning cartridge from any slot, even if the slot is reserved. The autoloader tracks the usage count for each of the cleaning cartridges. When multiple cleaning cartridges are available, the device will first choose an unknown cleaning cartridge so the device can start tracking the cartridge usage count. If the device knows the usage count for all of the cleaning cartridges, the autoloader will choose

the one with the highest usage count.

Auto cleaning is disabled by default. You can enable automatic cleaning even if there are no cleaning cartridges in the autoloader. In this case, the autoloader will display a warning message.



CAUTION:

Only enable automatic cleaning in either the backup application or the autoloader, not both.

Procedure

- 1. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Configuration. Press Enter to select.
- 2. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Configure Auto Cleaning. Press Enter to select.
- The screen displays Auto Cleaning Disabled or Auto Cleaning Enabled depending on the current setting. To change the auto cleaning configuration, press Enter.
- 4. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays the configuration you want. Press Enter.

Restoring factory defaults (Configuration > Restore Defaults)

About this task

The autoloader can reset most of the configurations to the factory defaults, while retaining the settings necessary to use the RMI. The autoloader will perform an inventory after the defaults are restored.

The restored settings are:

- SCSI address: 4
- Fibre Channel drive configuration: Automatic speed, auto port type
- Master drive: reset to Drive 1
- Drive power: drive powered on
- · Drive power: all drives powered on
- Active slots: maximum possible
- Autoloader mode: Automatic
- · Loop: No
- Event log levels and filter: continuous trace and all levels and filters active (for Service use only)
- Barcode reader label length: 8
- Barcode reader alignment: Left
- Error recovery: On
- Mailslot configuration: mailslot disabled
- Auto clean: disabled
- SNMP: disabled, but saved addresses do not change
- E-mail notification: disabled, but configurations retained

The following settings are not reset:

- Administrator password
- Network settings (network is always enabled)

Date and time

Procedure

- 1. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Configuration. Press Enter to select.
- 2. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Restore Defaults. Press Enter to select.

Saving the autoloader configuration (Configuration> Save/Restore Configuration)

Prerequisites

Administrator password

About this task

Use this option to save the configuration settings to a USB flash drive. The saved configuration information will make it easier to recover the device configuration when replacing the chassis.

This feature is also useful when installing multiple devices. Either save the configuration before configuring the network or ensure that only one device with the same network configuration is on the network at a time.



NOTE:

You can also save the configuration settings to a file from the RMI. See The Configuration > Save/Restore page

Procedure

- 1. Insert the USB flash drive in the USB port on the back of the autoloader.
- 2. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Configuration. Press Enter to select.
- 3. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Save/Restore Configuration. Press Enter to select.
- 4. Enter the administrator password if prompted.
- 5. The screen displays Save Configuration to USB. Press Enter to save.
- 6. When the save operation is completed, remove the USB flash drive from the USB port.

Restoring the autoloader configuration (Configuration> Save/Restore Configuration)

About this task

Use this option to restore the configuration settings from a USB flash drive.

- 1. Insert the USB flash drive in the USB port on the back of the autoloader.
- 2. From the Home screen, press **Previous** or **Next** until the screen displays **Configuration**. Press **Enter** to select.
- 3. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Save/Restore Configuration. Press Enter to select.
- 4. Enter the administrator password if prompted.
- 5. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Restore Config from USB. Press Enter.
- 6. Press **Previous** or **Next** until the screen displays the filename of the device configuration file on the USB drive. Press **Enter** to select the firmware file.
- 7. When the restore operation is completed, remove the USB flash drive from the USB port.

Accessing the operations functions

About this task

The Operations menu provides access to the following functions:

- Unlocking, removing, and replacing magazines (Operations > Unlock Left or Right Magazine)
- Cleaning a tape drive (Operations > Clean Drive)
- The Operations > Move Media page format="dita" href="GUID-D7147C7F-2016-0901-0A7A-00000000DA2#GUID-D7147C7F-2016-0901-0A7A-0000000DA2" outputclass="select:quotedtitle page" cid="2DtvSN"/
- Updating tape cartridge inventory (Operations > Perform Inventory)
- Rebooting the autoloader (Operations > Reboot Autoloader)
- Enabling password locks (Operations > Enable Autoldr Password Locks)

Procedure

- 1. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Operations. Press Enter to select.
- 2. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays your selected function. Press Enter to select.

Subtopics

<u>Unlocking, removing, and replacing magazines (Operations > Unlock Left or Right Magazine)</u>

Cleaning a tape drive (Operations > Clean Drive)

Moving tapes in the autoloader (Operations > Move Tape)

Updating tape cartridge inventory (Operations > Perform Inventory)

Rebooting the autoloader (Operations > Reboot Autoloader)

Enabling password locks (Operations > Enable Autoldr Password Locks)

Unlocking, removing, and replacing magazines (Operations > Unlock Left or Right Magazine)

Prerequisites

Administrator password

- 1. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next on the OCP until the screen displays Operations.
- 2. Press Enter to select.
- 3. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays either Unlock Left Magazine or Unlock Right Magazine.
- 4. Press Enter to select the desired magazine to unlock.
- 5. Enter the administrator password if requested.
- 6. The display reads Left Magazine Unlocked or Right Magazine Unlocked.
- 7. Pull the released magazine out of the autoloader.
- 8. The screen now displays Insert Left Magazine or Insert Right Magazine. The autoloader cannot perform any other operation until the magazine is replaced. After exchanging tapes in a magazine, slide the magazine completely into the autoloader. The magazine locks into

place once it is correctly installed and the device inventories the magazine. The Ready LED blinks while the device inventories the magazine and then stops when the operation is complete.

Cleaning a tape drive (Operations > Clean Drive)

About this task

When the Clean LED is on, a tape drive is ready for cleaning. Cleaning times can range from a few seconds to a few minutes during which time the Ready LED blinks. Use only the designated cleaning cartridge for your tape drive model.

Use only Ultrium Universal cleaning cartridges.



(i) IMPORTANT:

If the cleaning cartridge is not a valid cleaning cartridge, the LCD screen displays Invalid Tape and the cartridge is returned to its original location.



(i) IMPORTANT:

If the Clean LED or the Attention LED (on load or unload) lights when inserting the same cartridge after you have cleaned the drive, there might be a problem with that cartridge.

If you use the OCP to clean the tape drive, load the cleaning cartridge into the mailslot or any other empty slot before beginning the cleaning steps. If you would like to keep a cleaning cartridge in the device, the backup software must manage tape drive cleaning or be configured to bypass the slot containing the cleaning cartridge.

Procedure

- 1. Make sure that a cleaning cartridge is in the mailslot or one of the magazines.
- 2. From the Home Screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Operations. Press Enter to select.
- 3. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Clean Drive. Press Enter to select.
- Use Previous or Next until the screen displays Drive. The second line can display either Clean Required or Good.
- Press Enter.

The screen displays either Cleaning Tape Slot 4 or Cleaning Tape Slot XX, where XX represents flashing blocks. If a slot number is displayed, the tape in that slot has a bar code label identifying the tape as a cleaning tape. If a slot number is displayed, continue to Step 6. If no slot number is displayed, it indicates that the device is not able to detect that a cleaning tape with a bar code is in the device. In this case, the operator must select the slot where a cleaning tape resides.

- 6. Use Previous or Next to display the location of a cleaning tape.
- 7. When the correct location for the cleaning tape is displayed, press Enter to select.

While the autoloader cleans the drive, the screen displays Cleaning Drive in progress.

After the cleaning cycle is complete, the screen displays either Cleaning Drive Complete, or Cleaning Drive Failed. If the cleaning cycle failed, press Enter to display the error code and message explaining the failure.

The autoloader returns the cleaning cartridge to the original slot. If you loaded the cartridge from the front panel, unload it now by using the mailslot or by removing the magazine. When the tape drive cleaning cycle is complete, the Clean LED turns off (if previously on).

Moving tapes in the autoloader (Operations > Move Tape)

Prerequisites

Administrator password.

About this task

Use this option to move a cartridge from a tape drive, a tape slot in any magazine or the mailslot to any other location not already holding a tape. You can also load and unload tape cartridges to and from the installed tape drives. Select where you want to move the tape from and then indicate where you want to move the tape to.

Procedure

- 1. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Operations. Press Enter to select.
- 2. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Move Tape. Press Enter to select.
- 3. Enter the administrator password if prompted. Use Previous or Next to select the source.
 - Mailslot
 - Right Magazine
 - Left Magazine
 - Drive
- 4. When the correct source is displayed, press Enter to select.
- 5. If the source selected is a magazine, use **Previous** or **Next** to select the slot. Only slots with tapes are listed. The second line displays the bar code for the tape or reads **Full**.
- 6. Once the correct slot is displayed, press Enter to select.

You have now selected the tape you would like to move. The screen now requests the destination for this tape.

- 7. Use Previous or Next to select from the destination.
 - Mailslot
 - Right Magazine
 - Left Magazine
 - Drive
- 8. When the correct destination is displayed, press Enter to select.
- 9. If the destination selected is a magazine, use Previous or Next to display the slot. Only empty slots are listed.

Once the correct slot is displayed, press **Enter** to select. The autoloader now moves the tape from the selected source, to the selected destination. While the autoloader moves the tape, the screen displays **Moving Tape**. Once the tape has been moved, the screen displays either **Move Complete**, or **Move Failed**. If the move failed, press **Enter** to display the error code and message explaining the failure.

Updating tape cartridge inventory (Operations > Perform Inventory)

About this task

This option updates the autoloader tape cartridge inventory. The device checks each slot and drive to determine which tape, if any, is present.



NOTE:

This command is only needed if the inventory in the autoloader is different than the inventory displayed on the front panel, which would not happen under normal conditions.

Procedure

1. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Operations. Press Enter to select.

- 2. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Perform Inventory. Press Enter to select.
- 3. While the inventory is in progress, the screen displays Inventory in Progress...
- The autoloader now checks the drive and each slot for the presence of a tape to update the inventory information. The Ready LED blinks during this operation.

Rebooting the autoloader (Operations > Reboot Autoloader)

About this task

This option reboots the autoloader and forces a new cartridge inventory, clearing any current error condition.



This option interrupts the current backup or restore operation and causes the operation to fail. Use this option if the device is in an error state.

Procedure

- 1. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Operations. Press Enter to select.
- Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Reboot Autoloader. Press Enter to select.
- 3. The Ready LED blinks during the reboot operation.

Enabling password locks (Operations > Enable Autoldr Password Locks)

About this task

This option locks the restricted areas. This option is typically used if you do not want to wait for the time out to reset the locks. Power cycling or rebooting the autoloader also resets the locks.

Procedure

- 1. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Operations. Press Enter to select.
- 2. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Enable Autoldr Password Locks. Press Enter to select.

Accessing the support functions

About this task

The Support menu provides access to the following support functions:

- Powering a drive on or off (Support > Power On/Off Drive)
- Running the demonstration (Support > Run Demo)
- Running the slot to slot test (Support > Run Slot To Slot Test)
- Running the wellness test (Support > Run Wellness Test)
- <u>Upgrading firmware (Support > Autoloader FW Upgrade)</u>
- <u>Downloading a support ticket (Support > Download Support Ticket)</u>
- <u>Viewing logs (Support > Autoloader Error Log)</u>

Forcing the drive to eject a tape (Support > Force Drive To Eject Tape)

Procedure

- 1. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Support. Press Enter to select.
- 2. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays your selected function. Press Enter to select.

Subtopics

Powering a drive on or off (Support > Power On/Off Drive)

Running the demonstration (Support > Run Demo)

Running the slot to slot test (Support > Run Slot To Slot Test)

Running the wellness test (Support > Run Wellness Test)

<u>Upgrading firmware (Support > Autoloader FW Upgrade)</u>

<u>Upgrading drive firmware from a USB flash drive (Support> Drive FW Upgrade)</u>

Upgrading drive firmware from a firmware upgrade tape (Support> Drive FW Upgrade)

<u>Viewing logs (Support > Autoloader Error Log)</u>

<u>Downloading a support ticket (Support > Download Support Ticket)</u>

Forcing the drive to eject a tape (Support > Force Drive To Eject Tape)

Powering a drive on or off (Support > Power On/Off Drive)

Prerequisites

Administrator password.

About this task

Use this option to power a drive on or off without interrupting power to the rest of the autoloader.

Procedure

- 1. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Support. Press Enter to select.
- 2. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Power On/Off Drive. Press Enter to select.
- 3. Enter the administrator password, if prompted.
- 4. The screen displays Drive. The second line in the screen displays the current state, which is either Power ON or Power OFF.
- To change the power status, press Enter. The screen displays either Press Enter to Power off Drive, or Press Enter to Power on Drive.
 Press Enter to select. The Ready LED blinks during the operations.

Running the demonstration (Support > Run Demo)

Prerequisites

Administrator password.

About this task

Use this option to run a device demonstration program. The demonstration continues until the OCP Cancel button is pressed. During the demonstration, the device will move cartridges to the tape drive and back. At the end of the demonstration, the cartridges are returned to their original slots.



NOTE:

To stop the demonstration, press Cancel on the OCP.

Procedure

- 1. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Support. Press Enter to select.
- 2. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Run Demo. Press Enter to select.
- Enter the administrator password if prompted.
- 4. Use Previous and Next to select the number of cycles: 270, 540, 1080, or Endless. Press Enter to start the demonstration.
- While the test is running, the first line of the screen displays Demo Test. The second line displays the number of cycles completed and the number of errors. The Ready LED blinks until the test is complete.

Running the slot to slot test (Support > Run Slot To Slot Test)

Prerequisites

Administrator password

About this task

Use this option to verify that the robot can move media in and out of each of the magazine slots.

To stop the slot to slot test, press the Cancel button.



NOTE:

At the end of the test, the cartridges are NOT returned to their original slots.

Procedure

- 1. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Support. Press Enter to select.
- 2. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Run Slot To Slot Test . Press Enter to select.
- 3. Enter the administrator password, if prompted.
- 4. Press **Previous** or **Next** until the screen displays **Select Number of Cycles**. Use **Previous** or **Next** to select the number of cycles: 270, 540, 1080, or Endless. Press **Enter**.
- 5. While the test is running, the screen displays progress as shown: **Run Slot To Slot**. The second line on the display shows the number of cycles completed. The **Ready** LED blinks until the test is complete.
- 6. When the test is complete, the screen displays the number of cycles completed and the number of errors. If the test failed, press

 Enter to display the error and message describing the cause.

Running the wellness test (Support > Run Wellness Test)

Prerequisites

Administrator password.

About this task

Use this option to check the health of the autoloader for the specified number of loops. If a failure occurs during the test, check the error code and failure message for more information. Access to this feature requires the administrator password. For more information about the wellness test, see The wellness test.

For complete testing, enable the mailslot and ensure that each top-row corner slot contains a tape cartridge. During the test, the autoloader will open the mailslot and ask you to insert a tape cartridge. You can use any compatible Ultrium data tape cartridge for this test.



(i) IMPORTANT:

The autoloader will remove any tape cartridges from tape drives and go offline when running the wellness test. Verify that any applications using the autoloader have completed before starting the wellness test.

To stop the wellness test, press the Cancel button.

Procedure

- 1. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Support. Press Enter to select.
- 2. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Run Wellness Test. Press Enter to select.
- 3. Enter the administrator password, if prompted.
- 4. Use Previous or Next to select a number of cycles: 1 10. Press Enter.
- 5. While the test is running, the screen displays progress as shown: Wellness test. The second line on the display shows the number of cycles completed. The Ready LED blinks until the test is complete.
- 6. When the test is complete, the screen displays the test completion status, including any recoveries or errors that might have occurred. See Error codes for a list of error codes and error messages.

Upgrading firmware (Support > Autoloader FW Upgrade)

Prerequisites

Administrator password.

About this task

The autoloader allows two types of firmware to be upgraded — one for the tape drive and the other for the autoloader itself. You can upgrade both types of firmware from a USB flash drive. You can also upgrade the tape drive firmware from a firmware upgrade tape. Access to this feature requires the administrator password.

The autoloader only supports signed firmware image upgrades and downgrades. Once firmware that uses code signing is loaded, the firmware will reject all unsigned images. If you attempt to load an unsigned firmware image, the RMI displays an invalid firmware version error message.

If you see this message, download the latest signed firmware image from the support website at https://www.hpe.com/support/storage.

Procedure

1. Download current autoloader firmware using Library & Tape Tools or from the Hewlett Packard Enterprise support website at https://www.hpe.com/support/storage. Copy the firmware onto the USB flash drive.



The display will only show the first 16 characters of the file name. If the USB drive has multiple firmware files, ensure that you can distinguish the files from the first 16 characters in their file names.

- 2. Insert the USB flash drive into the USB port on the back of the autoloader.
- 3. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Support. Press Enter to select.
- 4. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Autoloader FW upgrade. Press Enter to select.
- Enter the administrator password if prompted.

- Press Previous or Next until the screen displays the filename of the autoloader\ firmware file on the USB drive. Press Enter to select the firmware file.
- 7. If the upgrade failed, press Enter to display the error code and message describing the cause of the failure.
- 8. Remove the USB flash drive from the USB port.

Upgrading drive firmware from a USB flash drive (Support> Drive FW Upgrade)

Prerequisites

Administrator password.

About this task

The autoloader allows two types of firmware to be upgraded — one for the tape drive and the other for the autoloader itself. You can upgrade both types of firmware from a USB flash drive. You can also upgrade the tape drive firmware from a firmware upgrade tape.

The autoloader only supports signed firmware image upgrades and downgrades. Once firmware that uses code signing is loaded, the firmware will reject all unsigned images. If you attempt to load an unsigned firmware image, the RMI displays an invalid firmware version error message.

If you see this message, download the latest signed firmware image available for the autoloader on the HPE Support Center site.

Procedure

1. Download current tape drive firmware using Library & Tape Tools or from the Hewlett Packard Enterprise support website at http://www.hpe.com/support/storage. Copy the firmware onto the USB flash drive.



The display will only show the first 16 characters of the file name. If the USB drive has multiple firmware files, ensure that you can distinguish the files from the first 16 characters in their file names.

- 2. Insert the USB flash drive into the USB port on the back of the device.
- 3. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Support. Press Enter to select.
- 4. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Drive FW Upgrade. Press Enter to select.
- 5. Enter the administrator password if prompted.
- 6. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Drive FW Upgrade by USB. Press Enter to select.
- Press Previous or Next until the screen displays the filename of the drive firmware file on the USB drive. Press Enter to select the firmware file.

If the upgrade failed, press Enter to display the error code and message describing the cause of the failure.

8. Remove the USB flash drive from the USB port.

Upgrading drive firmware from a firmware upgrade tape (Support> Drive FW Upgrade)

Prerequisites

Administrator password

About this task

The autoloader allows two types of firmware to be upgraded — one for the tape drive and the other for the autoloader itself. You can upgrade both types of firmware from a USB flash drive. You can also upgrade the tape drive firmware from a firmware upgrade tape. Access

to this feature requires the administrator password.

The autoloader only supports signed firmware image upgrades and downgrades. Once firmware that uses code signing is loaded, the firmware will reject all unsigned images. If you attempt to load an unsigned firmware image, the RMI displays an invalid firmware version error message.

If you see this message, download the latest signed firmware image available for the autoloader on the HPE Support Center site.

Procedure

- Load a firmware upgrade tape into the mailslot or any open slot. If all slots are full, remove a data tape to make room for the firmware upgrade tape.
- 2. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Support. Press Enter to select.
- 3. Enter the administrator password if prompted.
- 4. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Drive FW Upgrade. Press Enter to select.
- 5. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Drive FW Upgrade by Tape. Press Enter to select.
- Press Previous or Next until the screen displays one of the following: Drive 1. The second line might read: Firmware: G39W or All Drives.
 Press Enter to select the appropriate drive to upgrade.
- 7. Press **Previous** or **Next** until the display shows the correct slot location of the firmware upgrade tape installed in the device (example) **FW Tape Location Slot: Mailslot.** Press **Enter** to select the correct firmware tape location. The screen displays **Upgrading Drive FW**.
 - When the update is complete, the screen displays either Success Export FW Tape, or Failed Export FW Tape.
- 8. If the upgrade failed, press Enter to display the error code and message describing the cause of the failure.
- Remove the firmware upgrade tape from the autoloader using either the mailslot or by removing the magazine where the tape has been placed.

Viewing logs (Support > Autoloader Error Log)

About this task

The autoloader keeps a log of recent error and warning messages. See Error codes for more information about error codes.

Procedure

- 1. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Support. Press Enter to select.
- Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Autoloader Error Log to see error messages or Autoloader Warning Log to see warnings. Press Enter to select.
- 3. Enter the administrator password, if prompted.
- 4. Press Enter to see the message description. Press Cancel to return to the message code.
- 5. Press Next to see the next message.

Downloading a support ticket (Support > Download Support Ticket)

About this task

A support ticket contains information that can help a system administrator or support engineer diagnose autoloader problems. Use this option to download a support ticket to a USB flash drive. Downloading the support ticket to a USB flash drive lets you view the ticket on a computer that is not connected to the autoloader.

You can view the support ticket with the Library & Tape Tools.

Procedure

- 1. Insert a USB flash drive into the USB port on the back panel.
- 2. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Support. Press Enter to select.
- 3. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Download Support Ticket. Press Enter to select.

Forcing the drive to eject a tape (Support > Force Drive To Eject Tape)

About this task

Use this option to make the tape drive eject the tape and place it into an open slot. Before issuing this command, attempt to eject the tape with the move command (See The Operations > Move Media page).

- From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Support. Press Enter to select.
- Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Force Drive To Eject Tape . Press Enter to select.
- 3. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays Drive. The second line on the display shows the bar code number of the tape, Full, or Empty. To select the desired drive to eject the tape, press Enter.
- 4. If the tape is successfully ejected from the drive, the screen displays the slot location where the tape was moved to.



NOTE:

If the drive has difficulty ejecting the tape, suspect bad or damaged media.

Troubleshooting information and procedures



CAUTION: Shipping Lock: The shipping lock must be removed for the robotics to operate properly. The autoloader displays a robot move error if the shipping lock is not removed (see Removing the shipping lock).

Subtopics

The autoloader displays errors

Fibre Channel connection problems

Detection problems after installing a SAS drive

Detection problems after installing a parallel SCSI drive

Operation problems

Performance problems

Service and repair

The wellness test

Error codes

Warning events

Configuration change events

Diagnosing problems with Library & Tape Tools

The autoloader displays errors

Symptom

The autoloader displays autoloader errors and the autoloader edges are not properly supported.

Cause

This autoloader is designed to operate with both side edges properly supported. The installation approaches that provide the proper edge support are:

- Installed in a rack using the optional Rack Kit.
- Installed in the optional Rack-to-Tabletop Conversion Kit sitting on a flat surface.
- Sitting on a level surface on the included plastic feet.



Operating the autoloader without one of these kits or the feet could result in autoloader errors.

The optional tabletop conversion cover can support 15 kg (33 lb). Placing any weight on top of the autoloader without the tabletop conversion cover might cause errors.

Fibre Channel connection problems

Use the Status screen to check the link connection for your tape drive.

If the screen shows Logged Out:

- Check that the Fibre speed is set to Automatic (on the RMI) or Auto Detect (on the OCP), or that the correct fibre speed is selected. If
 you are unsure of the speed of the HBA or switch that the autoloader is connected to, try Automatic (on the RMI) or Auto Detect (on the
 OCP).
- Check that the correct port type, fabric or loop, is selected. Loop requires additional configuration. If you are unsure of the correct port type, try Automatic (on the RMI) or Auto Detect (on the OCP).

If the screen shows No Link, the Speed Status is - and the Link LED on the back of the drive is off:

- The speed is probably set incorrectly. Try setting the speed to Automatic (on the RMI interface) or Auto Detect (on the OCP).
- If there are still issues, change the port type to Auto Detect.

If the screen shows No Light:

- The cable is not plugged in correctly. Check that it is connected correctly to Port A of the tape drive.
- The cable is damaged. FC cables are delicate. If the cable has been bent or twisted sharply, it might be broken and must be replaced.

If the screen shows ALPA Conflict:

There might be a conflict with the ALPA address on Loop ports. Select Soft for the Loop mode to allow the system to select an available
address each time the tape drive connects to the FC fabric. If your server configuration does not support changing addresses, try using
the Hard Auto-Select option for the Loop mode. This allows the system to select an available address when it first connects, and then
retain that address for future connections.

Detection problems after installing a SAS drive

Problems encountered after installation are often caused by improper SAS cable connections, application software configuration errors, or an incorrectly configured operating system. If the application software or operating system does not communicate with the autoloader or drive after installation, determine the extent of the detection problem:

- Does the application software detect the tape drive?
- Does the application software detect the autoloader?
- Does the operating system detect the tape drive?
- Does the operating system detect the autoloader?
- Does the operating system detect the autoloader, but list it as a generic device?

Based on the extent of the detection problem, check the following:

- If neither the application software nor operating system detects the tape drive, or they do not detect both the tape drive and the
 autoloader:
 - Verify that all SAS cables are securely connected on both ends. If the mini-SAS connectors that connect to the tape drive and some
 HBAs will not plug in, check the key. The mini-SAS connector on the tape drive is keyed at location four, which is the standard
 location for end devices. If the connector on the cable is keyed in a different location, the connector not plug in and the cable
 probably will not work.
 - Check the length and integrity of your SAS cabling. For reliable operation, do not use a SAS cable longer than 6 meters. Do not use a
 cable adapter or converters between the HBA and the autoloader.
 - Check the SAS connectors for damage or debris.
 - Verify that your HBA is supported by the host computer and qualified with the autoloader. For current HBA compatibility information, see the compatibility matrix at https://www.hpe.com/storage/StoreEverSupportMatrix.
 - o Verify that your HBA has the latest firmware.
- If the application software or operating system detects the tape drive, but not the autoloader:
 - Verify that multiple LUN support is enabled on the HBA. The device uses two Logical Unit Numbers (LUNs) to control the tape drive (LUN 0) and robotic (LUN 1). The device requires an HBA with multiple LUN support and multiple LUN support must be enabled on the host computer. When multiple LUN support is not enabled, the host computer can see the tape drive, but not the autoloader.



NOTE:

Many RAID or array controllers do not provide multiple LUN support.

- If the application software or operating system does not detect any devices on the HBA:
 - Verify that the SAS host adapter is installed correctly. Refer to the manual that came with your host adapter for installation and troubleshooting instructions. Pay particular attention to any steps describing configuration settings. Ensure that the host adapter is properly seated in the motherboard slot and the operating system correctly detects the host adapter.
 - \circ Verify that the proper device driver is installed for the SAS host adapter.
- If the autoloader is detected by the operating system, but not by the application software:
 - Refer to the documentation included with your backup application for instructions on how to verify proper installation. Some backup software packages require an additional module to communicate with the robotics.
- If the autoloader is detected by the operating system, but is listed as an unknown or generic device:
 - Make sure that the proper device driver, if applicable, is installed for the device. Check your software provider website for the latest drivers and patches.



NOTE:

Many backup applications use their own drivers. Before installing a driver, make sure that it is not in conflict with the application software.

If you continue to have problems with a SAS autoloader, check the following:

- Ensure that the device is compatible with the SAS host adapter and backup application you plan to use. For a list of compatible SAS host
 bus adapters and application software, check with your SAS host adapter manufacturer, backup application vendor, or the compatibility
 matrix at https://www.hpe.com/storage/StoreEverSupportMatrix.
- Verify that your HBA is supported by the host computer and qualified with the autoloader. For current HBA compatibility information, see the compatibility matrix at https://www.hpe.com/storage/StoreEverSupportMatrix.
- Ensure that you are using a compatible, high-quality cable. See the product QuickSpecs for a list of supported cables.

Detection problems after installing a parallel SCSI drive

Problems encountered after installation are often caused by improper parallel SCSI bus configuration, application software configuration errors, or an incorrectly configured operating system. If the application software or operating system does not communicate with the autoloader or drive after installation, determine the extent of the detection problem:

- Does the application software detect the tape drive?
- Does the application software detect the autoloader?
- Does the operating system detect the tape drive?
- Does the operating system detect the autoloader?
- Does the operating system detect the autoloader, but list it as a generic device?

Based on the extent of the detection problem, check the following:

- If neither the application software nor operating system detects the tape drive, or they do not detect both the tape drive and the
 autoloader:
 - Check the SCSI ID and change it if necessary. The autoloader is preconfigured to SCSI ID 4. Depending on other devices attached to
 the same parallel SCSI bus and their SCSI IDs, you might need to change the SCSI ID before using the autoloader. Review the
 manuals for the other devices on the parallel SCSI bus or your operating system to determine which SCSI IDs are currently in use.
 Change the autoloader SCSI ID with the OCP or RMI.
 - Verify that all parallel SCSI cables are securely connected on both ends. Check the length and integrity of your parallel SCSI cabling.
 Check the parallel SCSI connector for bent pins. The length of the internal parallel SCSI cabling inside the device is 0.5 m (1.6 ft).
 This length must be included in any calculations of cable length.
 - For LVD SCSI, the maximum length with only a single device on the parallel SCSI bus is 25 m (82 ft).
 - For Ultra 320 or multiple devices on an LVD bus, the maximum combined internal/external length is 12 m (40 ft).
 - If you have a combination of LVD and SE devices on the bus, the maximum cable length reverts to the SE specification. The maximum cable length for Ultra devices is 3 m (10 ft) for four or fewer devices, and 1.5 m (5 ft) for more than four devices.
- If the application software or operating system detects the tape drive, but not the autoloader:
 - Verify that multiple LUN support is enabled on the HBA. The device uses two Logical Unit Numbers (LUNs) to control the tape drive (LUN 0) and robotic (LUN 1). The device requires an HBA with multiple LUN support and multiple LUN support must be enabled on the host computer. When multiple LUN support is not enabled, the host computer can see the tape drive, but not the autoloader.



Many RAID or array controllers do not provide multiple LUN support.

- If the application software or operating system does not detect any devices on the HBA:
 - Verify that your parallel SCSI host adapter is installed correctly. Refer to the manual that came with your parallel SCSI host adapter
 for installation and troubleshooting instructions. Pay particular attention to any steps describing configuration settings. Ensure that
 the HBA is properly seated in the motherboard slot and that the operating system correctly detects the HBA. Make sure that the
 proper device driver is installed for the parallel SCSI host adapter.
- If the autoloader is detected by the operating system, but not by the application software:

- See the backup application documentation for instructions on how to verify proper installation. Some backup software packages require an additional module to communicate with the robotics.
- If the autoloader is detected by the operating system, but is listed as an unknown or generic device:
 - Make sure that the proper device driver, if applicable, is installed for the device. Check your software provider website for the latest drivers and patches.



NOTE:

Many backup applications use their own drivers. Before installing a driver, make sure that it is not in conflict with the application software.

If you continue to have problems with a parallel SCSI autoloader, check the following:

Ensure that the device is compatible with the parallel SCSI host adapter and backup application you plan to use. For a list of compatible
parallel SCSI host bus adapters and application software, check with your parallel SCSI host adapter manufacturer, backup application
vendor, or the compatibility at https://www.hpe.com/storage/StoreEverSupportMatrix.



NOTE:

The host bus adapter should be SCSI-3 LVDS. A single-ended parallel SCSI host bus adapter severely degrades performance. Also, if any SE devices are on the same parallel SCSI bus, all the devices on the bus slow down to SE speed, which severely degrades performance.

The autoloader is NOT compatible with a standard differential (Diff) or high-voltage differential (HVD) SCSI bus.

- Verify that your HBA is supported by the host computer and qualified with the autoloader. For current HBA compatibility information, see the compatibility matrix at https://www.hpe.com/storage/StoreEverSupportMatrix.
- If one of the ports on the device is not connected to another parallel SCSI device, the port must be terminated. Only terminate the
 devices physically at the beginning and end of the parallel SCSI bus. For information on enabling or disabling termination on other
 devices on the parallel SCSI bus, see the documentation provided with the device.
 - To terminate the second parallel SCSI port on a device, press the terminator from the accessories package firmly into one the two
 parallel SCSI connectors on the back panel. Secure the terminator by tightening the finger-screws until snug. The supplied
 terminator is "dual mode" and works on both Low-Voltage Differential (LVD) and Single Ended (SE) SCSI buses. Check all parallel
 SCSI and power connections and confirm that the unit is attached to a valid SCSI SE or LVDS bus.

Operation problems

Power problems

Problem	Solution
Device does not power on.	1. Check all power cord connections.
	Make sure that the power button on the front panel has been pressed, and the green READY LED is illuminated.
	3. Make sure that the outlet has power. Try another working outlet.
	4. Replace the power cord.
No display messages appear.	Make sure that the power cord is connected.
	Make sure that the power button on the front panel has been pressed, and the green READY LED is illuminated.
	3. Power cycle the device.
	 If the display is still blank but the device seems to be powered on, try to get the device status or error information from the RMI.

Failure/attention indications displayed on the front panel

Problem	Solution
"!" in operator panel inventory display.	Export the data cartridge marked with an ! in the inventory. The cartridge is either damaged, incompatible with the drive, or the wrong type for the attempted operation.
The LCD displays an error code.	Look up the error code, try to resolve the failure, and power cycle the device (see <u>Error codes</u>).

Tape movement problems

Problem Solution

Tape stuck in drive.

Try the following steps, in this order, to remove the stuck tape.



NOTE:

The tape drive must rewind the tape before ejecting it. This can take as long as five minutes, depending on how much tape must be rewound. Once the tape is rewound, the eject cycle will take fewer than 16 seconds.

The READY light flashes while the tape rewinds. Wait for the tape to finish rewinding before attempting another operation.

- 1. Attempt to unload the tape from your backup software.
- 2. Shut down the backup software and stop the operating system's removable storage services. From the OCP, attempt to unload or move the tape to a slot.
- 3. Power down the unit, disconnect the cable from the drive, power up the unit, and wait until the tape drive is idle or ready. From the OCP, attempt to unload or move the tape to a slot.
- 4. From the OCP, attempt a force eject or emergency unload operation.



(i) IMPORTANT:

Inspect the tape cartridge that was stuck. Damage or misplaced labels on the cartridge could have caused the load/unload failure. Discard any tape cartridge found to have issues.

Tape stuck in storage slot.

To remove a stuck tape from a storage slot:

If the OCP or the RMI is still operational:

- 1. Move the tapes from the drives to the magazines using the Move Tape command.
- 2. Use the magazine removal process to release the magazine and remove it from the device. First try removing the magazine from the OCP and RMI. If neither one of these processes works, see Releasing the magazines manually.
- 3. Manually remove the cartridge from the magazine by inserting a finger in the hole at the back of the magazine. Some tapes need to be inserted and removed several times to condition them for free movement in and out of the magazine.

Media problems

Problem	Solution	
Cleaning or data cartridge incompatible with drive.	Make sure that you are using data and cleaning cartridges that are compatible with the drive and model of your device (see <u>Tape cartridges</u>) and that you are using the correct cartridge type for the operation. The device automatically unloads incompatible cartridges, the <u>Attention LED</u> flashes, and an exclamation point (!) displays in the inventory display for the indicated slot number. Export the media to clear the state.	
Cannot write to or read from tape.	Make sure that the cartridge is not a WORM cartridge that has already been used.	
	 Make sure that the cartridge is write enabled (move the write-protect switch to the enabled position). 	
	Make sure that the data cartridge is compatible with the drive model. (See <u>Read and write compatibility</u> .)	
	Make sure that you are using an Ultrium cartridge that has not been degaussed. Do not degauss Ultrium cartridges!	
	 Make sure that the cartridge has not been exposed to harsh environmental or electrical conditions and is not physically damaged in any way. 	
	 Many backup applications do not read or write to cartridges that were created using a different backup application. In this case, you might have to perform an erase, format, or label operation on the cartridge. 	
	 Make sure that you understand any data protection or overwrite protection schemes that your backup application might be using, which could prevent you from writing to a given cartridge. 	
	Retry the operation with a different, known good tape.	
	Clean the tape drive.	

Parallel SCSI device not detected

Problem	Solution
Device not detected	 Check that the HBA supports multiple LUNs and this feature is enabled. If not, only the tape drive will be detected.
	Check for conflicting SCSI IDs.
	Power on the device before powering on the host computer.
	Make sure that the autoloader does not have the drive off line and that the autoloader is not running a test.
	 Attach the device to an LVDS SCSI host adapter/bus.
	 The parallel SCSI cable length might be too long. Use a shorter cable or remove other devices from the bus.
	 Parallel SCSI bus not properly terminated. See <u>Detection problems after installing a parallel SCSI drive</u>.
	 Check that the device is fully powered up and is not in an error state.
	Check the parallel SCSI connector and terminator for bent pins.
	See <u>Detection problems after installing a parallel SCSI drive</u> for more detailed troubleshooting help.
Changed drive SCSI ID, but the host server does not recognize the new ID.	Make sure that all parallel SCSI devices on the same bus have unique SCSI ID numbers.
does not recognize the new ib.	 Only SCSI IDs 0 through 7 are available on a narrow (50 pin) bus. If the device is on a narrow bus and has a SCSI ID of 8 or greater, the host server will not detect the drive. If you must use SCSI IDs 8 or greater, use a wider bus.
	Reboot the host server.

Attention LED is illuminated

Problem	Solution	
Both the Attention and Cleaning LEDs are lit.	invalid.	
	1. View the inventory with the RMI. Note the slots that have tapes marked with ! .	
	2. Remove any magazines that contain tapes marked with ! .	
	3. Remove the tapes that were marked with ! .	
	4. Inspect each removed tape for damage, check that the tape is compatible with the drive, and ensure that it is not past its usage life. See <u>Tape cartridges</u> . Discard any tapes that are damaged or past their usage life. Do not use cartridges that are incompatible with the tape drive.	
	Reload the magazines with tapes that have passed inspection and new tapes to replace cartridges that did not pass inspection.	
	6. Replace the magazines.	
	7. Clean the tape drive.	
A particular cartridge sets off the cleaning light.	Check the cartridge for contamination by loose debris.	
A cartridge recently imported from a different environment is causing issues.	Media that is moved from one environment to another can cause issues until it has acclimated to the new conditions. A cartridge should be acclimated for at least 24 hours before being used, particularly if it has been stored at a substantially different temperature or level of humidity than the device.	
The Attention LED is lit but the Cleaning LED is not lit after a cartridge load.	The autoloader was unable to complete the requested operation with the selected tape cartridge. • Use only cartridges that are compatible with the drive type (see <u>Tape cartridges</u>).	
	 Use the correct type of cartridges for the operation. For example, use a cleaning cartridge for cleaning. 	
	 Make sure that you are using an Ultrium Universal cleaning cartridge (see <u>Tape cartridges</u>). 	
The Cleaning LED is lit after using a cleaning cartridge.	The cleaning cartridge is expired. A cleaning cartridge will expire after 50 cleaning cycles.	
A particular cartridge sets off the Attention LED and possibly the Cleaning LED.	If the Media Attention LED is cleared and the drive has been cleaned, and then immediately redisplays each time a particular cartridge is reloaded, that cartridge should be suspected as being defective. If this occurs, export the cartridge and load a known good cartridge. In some cases, a cartridge can be worn out, have a defective Cartridge Memory, or have been formatted as a Firmware Upgrade Cartridge.	
	 Any cartridge that is suspected of being defective or contaminated should NOT be reused in any drive. 	
	If the bad cartridge is a cleaning cartridge, it might be expired.	

Solution

Inventory problems

Problem

Problem	Solution	
The inventory labels the cartridge Full instead of showing its bar code	 Verify that the label is a Hewlett Packard Enterprise label. The bar code reader might not be able to read other labels. 	
	 Verify that the label is properly applied. See <u>Labeling the tape cartridges</u>. 	
	Verify that the label is not soiled.	
The inventory process takes a long time	Apply high-quality Hewlett Packard Enterprise labels to all tape cartridges. During the inventory process, the bar code reader attempts to read the bar code on the cartridge or the bar code on the back of the storage slot until it identifies the cartridge or determines that the slot is empty. The reader can usually identify a properly labeled cartridge the first time, while determining that an unlabeled cartridge is in a storage slot can take four times as long.	

RMI network connection issues

Problem	Solution	
Cannot connect to the remote management interface (RMI)	Verify that the device is connected to the LAN with a CAT 5E, 6, or 6E Ethernet cable.	
interface (Ki-li)	 Verify that the link LED on the RJ45 (LAN) connector is lit when the device is powered up. If the LED is not lit, the device is not communicating with the LAN. See your network administrator for help. 	
	 Verify that the device has been configured with a valid static network address or DHCP has been enabled so the device can obtain a network address. If using DHCP, write down the device network address from the OCP Information menu. If the device did not obtain a valid address via DHCP, verify that the DHCP server is up and the device has network access to it. If necessary, set a static network address instead. 	
	 Enter the device IP address into the address bar of a web browser connected to the same LAN as the device. If the RMI web page does not display, ping the device IP address. If the ping fails, verify that the device has a valid network address and that there are no firewalls or other obstructions to network traffic between the computer with the web browser and the device. See your network administrator for help. 	

Cleaning problems

Problem	Solution	
Cannot load the cleaning cartridge.	 Make sure that you are using an Ultrium Universal cleaning cartridge (see <u>Tape</u> <u>cartridges</u>). 	
	 Make sure that the cleaning cartridge has not expired. A cleaning cartridge will expire after 50 cleaning cycles. 	
	 Ensure the cleaning cartridge has a cleaning cartridge label installed. For more information on labeling tape cartridges, see <u>Labeling the tape cartridges</u>. 	
	Power cycle the autoloader.	

Performance problems

The process of backing up files involves many system components, from the files in the file system on the disk, through the backup server,

and out to the autoloader, all managed by software running on an operating system. The backup process can only run as fast of the slowest component in the system.

Performance issues are solved by identifying and addressing performance limitations in your system.

Potential performance limitations:

- Average file size
- File storage system
- Connection from the backup server to the disk array
- Backup/archive server
- Backup/archive software and method
- Connection from the archive/backup host server to the autoloader
- Data cartridges
- Tape drive read or write performance seems slow

You can use the L&TT system performance test to assess the performance of simulated backup and restore operations. For information on downloading and using L&TT, see <u>Diagnosing problems with Library & Tape Tools</u>.

Subtopics

Average file size

File storage system

Connection from the backup server to the disk array

Backup/archive server

Backup/archive software and method

Connection from the archive/backup host server to the autoloader

Data cartridges

Tape drive read or write performance seems slow

Average file size

The hard drive must seek to the position of a file before it can start reading. The more time the disks are seeking to files, the lower the performance. Therefore, if the average file size is small, the read performance will be lower.

To determine the average file size, divide the size of the backup by the number of files.

If the average file size is small (64 KB or less), consider using a sequential, image, or block backup method that backs up the whole hard drive or LUN image instead of individual files. The trade-off for using one of these methods is that you might only be able to restore the entire image instead of individual files.



NOTE:

File fragmentation will also cause excessive drive seeking, which lowers performance, so ensure that files are regularly defragmented.

File storage system

The file storage system determines the organization of the files on the disks. Using RAID controllers to spread files over multiple disks can improve performance because some disks can be seeking while others are reading. Storing files on a single non-RAID disk results in the slowest performance while storing files on a high-end disk array results in the fastest performance.

Converting standalone disks to RAID can improve performance.

Ensure that the file systems being backed up have no or minimal fragmentation.

Connection from the backup server to the disk array

The connection between the host server and the disks determines how much data can be transferred from the disks to the host computer at a time. A connection with insufficient bandwidth cannot provide enough data for the tape drives to write at full speed. For optimum performance, the storage subsystem must be able to provide data at the tape drive maximum transfer rate.

Backup systems using a lower speed Ethernet network should use multiple network connections.

Backup/archive server

The backup server must have enough RAM and processor power to transfer the files from the disk to the tape drive while also running the backup or archive software and any other processes.

Check the RAM and processor usage during a backup operation. If they are operating at capacity, adding RAM or processor capability can improve performance.

Backup/archive software and method

Each backup method has its own impact on performance, depending on how well it can keep data streaming to the tape drive. In most cases, native applications do not have the features required to maximize performance for LTO tape drives. Hewlett Packard Enterprise recommends using a full-featured backup or archive application with this autoloader.

File-by-file backup or archive methods provide the best restore performance if you only need to restore individual files. However, if the average file size is small, file-by-file methods will significantly reduce performance.

Disk image, flash, or sequential backup methods provide the fastest performance because they back up an entire disk, partition, or LUN, which minimizes disk seeking. The disadvantage is that backup and restore operations work on an entire disk, partition, or LUN. You might not be able to back up a subset of files or restore a single file. If you can restore a single file, the restore process will be slow.

Database backup performance will vary based on the use model. To improve performance when backing up data from a database:

- Use specific backup agents for the database.
- Use the latest versions of the databases.
- Do not back up individual mailboxes.
- Do not back up specific records or do a record-by-record backup.
- Do not back up when the database is in heavy use.

Connection from the archive/backup host server to the autoloader

For the best performance, the connection from the host server to the autoloader must have enough bandwidth to provide enough data to keep the tape drive streaming. Current LTO tape drives take advantage of some of the fastest interfaces available so the type of interface used to connect the autoloader to the host server is not likely to be the cause of a performance issue. However, issues with cables and

connectors can limit performance.

Verify that the system is using cables that are listed in the QuickSpecs, are in good condition, and do not exceed recommended cable lengths.

Data cartridges

The type and condition of the data cartridges also affect backup performance. For best performance, use Hewlett Packard Enterprise cartridges that are the same LTO generation as the tape drives. If you suspect a performance issue related to data cartridges, use the L&TT media assessment test to evaluate the condition of the data cartridges.

Tape drive read or write performance seems slow

Symptom

Tape drive read or write is slower than expected.

Cause

If the tape drive is not properly secured to the chassis or the autoloader is not properly secured to the rack, vibration may cause slow read or write performance. Vibration could come from the cooling fan or external sources.

Action

1. Ensure that the tape drive is securely tightened to the chassis.

Use a torque driver to tighten the thumbscrews on the tape drive to 6 inch pounds or 0.68 N m.

If a torque driver is not available, use a #2 Phillips screwdriver to tighten the thumbscrews until a low initial threshold torque achieves a snug tight condition. Do not over tighten.

2. Ensure that the chassis is securely tightened to the rack.

From the front of the autoloader, use a torque driver to tighten the captive fasteners to 6 inch pounds or 0.68 N m.

If a torque driver is not available, use a #2 Phillips screwdriver to tighten the captive fasteners until a low initial threshold torque achieves a snug tight condition. Do not over tighten.

3. If the autoloader is not mounted in a rack, verify that it is sitting on a stable, non-vibrating surface.

Service and repair

Subtopics

Releasing the magazines manually

Releasing the magazines manually

About this task

Only use this manual process if the magazine cannot be released using the OCP or RMI, and the device no longer has power.

Procedure

- 1. If the autoloader is powered on, return all cartridges to the magazines with the OCP Operations > Move Tape option and then power off the autoloader.
- 2. Unplug the power cord from the autoloader.
- 3. From the back of the autoloader, find the access holes for the right and left magazines.



Item Description

- 1 Right magazine release access hole
- 2 Left magazine release access hole

The magazine release is a small latch.

4. Insert the end of a small metal pin or straightened paper clip into the magazine access hole at the back of the autoloader about 1.5 cm (0.6 inch), while another person grasps the magazine on that side and pulls it out of the front of the autoloader.



Item Description

- 1 Push a paper clip into the access hole.
- 2 Pull the magazine out of the front of the autoloader.
 - (i) IMPORTANT:

Do not force the pin once you encounter resistance. Doing so can damage the device.

- 5. Repeat step 3 for the other magazine if necessary.
- 6. If other tapes are still in the autoloader or if you were unable to remove the magazines and drive, contact customer service for further instructions.

The wellness test

The wellness test exercises all autoloader and tape drive hardware, except the external connections, and is useful for verifying that a autoloader is working correctly. The wellness test requires operator interaction with the mailslot so cannot be initiated from the RMI.

For complete testing, enable the mailslot and ensure that each corner slot contains a tape cartridge. The corner slot positions are M1, 3, 4, and 7 when the mailslot is enabled.



(i) IMPORTANT:

The autoloader will remove any tape cartridge from the tape drive and go offline when running the Wellness test. Verify that any applications using the autoloader have completed before starting the wellness test.

You can have the autoloader run up to 10 cycles of the wellness test.

Subtopics

Running the wellness test

Running the wellness test

Prerequisites

Administrator password.

About this task

The wellness test requires operator interaction and can only be run from the OCP.

Procedure

- 1. Start the wellness test from the OCP.
- The autoloader performs a self test and verifies that it can communicate with the tape drive.
- 3. The autoloader returns the tape cartridge in the tape drive to its home slot, if necessary. If the home slot is not known, the autoloader will move the cartridge to the mailslot and prompt the operator to remove it.
- 4. When prompted, enter the number of cycles to run the test.
- 5. The autoloader opens the mailslot and prompts the operator to insert a scratch cartridge.
- 6. Insert a scratch cartridge into the mailslot. If the mailslot is disabled or the operator closes the mailslot without inserting a cartridge into the mailslot, the autoloader will perform a shortened version of the wellness test, skipping step 7.
- 7. The autoloader loads the scratch cartridge into the tape drive, unloads the scratch cartridge from the tape drive, and returns the scratch cartridge to the mailslot.
- 8. The autoloader moves the tape cartridge from the four top-row corner slots to the tape drive load point and then returns the tape cartridge to its slot. If one of the top-row corner slot positions does not contain a tape cartridge, the autoloader will skip that location. If none of the top-row corner slots contain a tape cartridge, the autoloader displays an error message.
- 9. The test continues for the specified number of cycles.
- 10. At the conclusion of the test, the autoloader pops open the mailslot and waits for the operator to remove the scratch tape.
- 11. The autoloader displays the test completion status, including any recoveries or errors that might have occurred.

Error codes

If an error occurs during operation, the device stops the current operation and displays an error code on the LCD screen. Unless otherwise noted in the Operations section, record the error code or error message from the LCD screen, and then try to resolve the error by cycling power to the device and retrying the operation.

To check the overall operation of the device, run the wellness test from the OCP. The wellness test exercises all robotic movements and checks the status of the electrical components and communication.

If the error persists, contact support personnel.

There are three ways to obtain error codes from the device:

- On the OCP
- On the RMI
- On an L&TT support ticket or report

Subtopics

Finding error code information on the OCP

Finding error code information on the RMI

Generating a report or support ticket from L&TT

Downloading a support ticket from the autoloader

Viewing a downloaded support ticket

Finding error code information on an L&TT support ticket or report

Main error code descriptions

Error sub-code descriptions

Drive error codes

Finding error code information on the OCP

When an error first occurs, the error message and error code are displayed on the OCP.

Figure 1. Initial OCP error message

Robotic Failure Code: 9B 37

The code 9B is the main error code, and 37 is the error sub-code.

If you review the Error Log in the Support menu, the OCP error log displays the error code.

Figure 2. Error code in the OCP Error Log

Err 0:9B 37 31 Enter for text

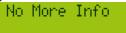
The code 9B is the main error code, 37 is the error sub-code, and 31 is sub-code specific information for factory use only. When you press Enter, the OCP displays the error message.

Figure 3. Error message in the OCP Error Log

Robotic Failure

If you press Next, the OCP will display additional information, if available.

Figure 4. No additional information in the OCP error log



If you press Next again, the OCP will display the date and time in the format: YYYY-MM-DD followed by the time in 24-hour clock format, where 1:00 pm is 13:00.

Figure 5. Date and time in the OCP error log

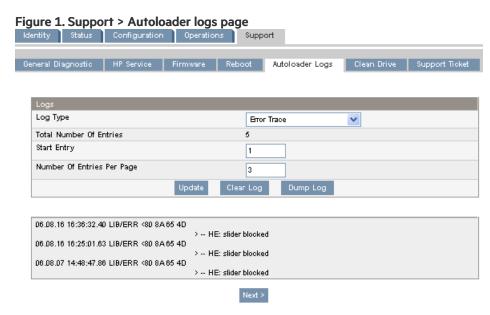
Date/Time 2005-11-21 14:49

Finding error code information on the RMI

You can find error codes on the RMI <u>Figure: Support > Autoloader logs page</u>. The available logs are: Error Trace, Informational Trace, Warning Trace, Configuration Change Trace, and Standard Trace.

The log entries are displayed in order of most recent to oldest. The format for the log entries is: YY.MM.DD HH.MM.SS.ss LIB/ERR<80 89 62 40

- YY.MM.DD the date displayed as Year.Month.Day
- HH.MM.SS.ss the time displayed as Hour.Minute.Second.Hundredthsofa second
- First code hard or soft error. The code after LIB/ERR (80 in the example) will be 80 or 40. 80 indicates a hard error, 40 indicates a soft
- Second code the main error code (89 in this example). See <u>Error codes</u> for a list of error codes and recovery procedures.
- Third code the sub-code (62 in this example). See <u>Error sub-code descriptions</u> for a list of sub-codes.
- $\bullet \quad \text{Fourth code} \text{sub-code-specific information for factory use only} \\$



Generating a report or support ticket from L&TT

Procedure

- 1. In the L&TT By Product or By Connection tab, select the device from the device list.
- 2. Click the Health button on the main toolbar to generate and display a standard report, or click the Support button on the main toolbar to display the Support screen for additional report or support ticket options.

Downloading a support ticket from the autoloader

About this task



Each support ticket downloaded from the RMI will only contain information for the autoloader itself or one drive. To capture all support information, download a ticket from the autoloader and from each drive. To generate a consolidated support ticket with all support data in a single compressed file, download the support ticket with L&TT.

Procedure

- From the RMI Support > Support ticket screen, click Download.
- Insert a USB flash drive into the USB port on the rear panel and then from the OCP, select Download support ticket to USB.

Viewing a downloaded support ticket

Procedure

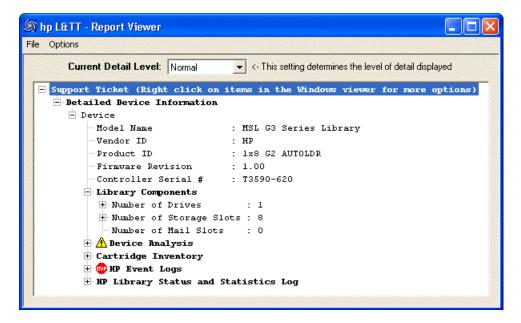
- 1. From the L&TT File menu, select Load Support Ticket.
- 2. Select the support ticket file in the browser.

Finding error code information on an L&TT support ticket or report

An L&TT support ticket or report contains detailed information about the device configuration, along with errors and warnings. The support ticket and report contain the same information. The report is easier to read, but must be generated and read on the host computer. The support ticket can be downloaded from the device and then viewed on any computer with L&TT installed.

The top of the support ticket contains basic configuration information about the autoloader.

Figure 1. Support ticket in viewer



Expand HP Event Logs to see events divided into three categories:

- Events in the last 24 hours
- Events in the last 31 days
- Events older than 31 days

Set the Current Detail Level to see additional types of events:

- Normal will only show critical events or hard errors.
- More details will also show warning and configuration events.
- · Everything shows all events.

Critical events are designated with a STOP sign icon. Expand the event for more information.

Figure 2. Critical event details

```
- 14:17:02 - 2006/10/04 Crit:0x006K HE: robotic controller error
- Global error code: 131 (0x83) Robotic controller generic problem
- Module error code: 2 (0x02) Robotic:Connection to slave robotic failed
- Current command: 0 (0x00)
```

- The time stamp is in the format hours: minutes: seconds. The hours are in 24-hour clock format. For example, in this case 14 is 2 p.m.
- The date is in the format year/month/day.
- The event ID is the number on the header line, $0 \times 0.06E$ in this example. It uniquely maps to an error code.
- HE designates a hard error. The STOP sign icon and the word Crit before the event ID also indicate a hard error.
- The text description in the header ("robotic controller error" in this example) is the simple text description of the main error code.
- The main error code (0x83) is displayed in parentheses as the Global error code. The text after the main error code (Robotic controller generic problem in this example) is the text description for the error code.
- The error sub-code (0x02) is displayed in parentheses as the Module error code. The error sub-codes are described in Error sub-code descriptions. The text after the error sub-code (Robotic: connection to slave robotic failed in this example) is name of the component followed by the text description of the error sub-code.
- The Current command provides information for factory use only.

Error code	Description	Details and solution
80	Cannot initialize bar code reader	Power-cycle the unit and retry the operation.
81	No response from bar code reader	 Power-cycle the unit and retry the operation. Update the firmware to the latest version.
82	No response from EEPROM on robotic controller	Power-cycle the unit and retry the operation.
84	Setting of gripper 1 motor parameters failed	Power-cycle the unit and retry the operation.
85	Setting of slider 2 motor parameters failed	Update the firmware to the latest version.
86	Setting of elevator ³ motor parameters failed	
87	Setting of rotation 4 motor parameters failed	
88	Setting of sled 5 motor parameters failed	
89	Gripper ¹ obstructed	Ensure that nothing is obstructing the gripper.
		 If the device was moved, verify that each of the tape cartridges is properly seated in a magazine.
		Run the wellness test.
8A	Slider 2 obstructed	 If this error occurs with subcode 45 and new media, remove the magazine and manually load and unload the new media five times for each new cartridge to condition the new cartridges.
		 Update the firmware to the latest version. Many firmware enhancements have been made to reduce the occurrence of this error.
		 If this error occurs with sub-code 43, it could be the result of a misaligned magazine in combination with failed sensor cable. Ensure that the magazine is fully and correctly inserted, and then check whether the device can detect when the magazine is removed.
		 Remove all magazines and ensure that nothing is obstructing the robot. With the magazines removed, you can see inside the device with a flashlight. For increased visibility, also remove the tape drive.
		 If this error occurs on a tape load or unload, power off the tape drive. Remove the drive and inspect the front of the drive for any obstructions, such as an improperly placed label.
		Run the wellness test.

Error code	Description	Details and solution
8B	Elevator ³ obstructed	 Update the firmware to the latest version. There have been a few firmware enhancements to reduce the occurrence of this error.
		 Remove all magazines and ensure that nothing, such as a loose tape in the device, is obstructing the raising and lowering movement of the robot.
		Run the wellness test.
8C	Rotation 4 obstructed	If the device was moved or shipped with tape cartridges in the magazines, verify that none of the cartridges is loose, obstructing access to the tape drive.
		 Remove all magazines and check for any kind of obstruction.
		Run the wellness test.
8D	Sled 5 obstructed	 If this error occurs on the first power-on after unpacking or moving the device, or after replacing the chassis, ensure that the shipping lock was removed from the top and stored on the back panel (see <u>Removing the shipping lock</u>).
		 If the device was moved or shipped with tape cartridges in the magazines, verify that the cartridges did not come out of the magazines to obstruct the robotic.
		 Ensure that nothing is stacked on top of the device because any weight on top of the device can bow down the top cover and interfere with the robotics. If the autoloader has a tabletop conversion cover, verify that no more than 15 kg (33 lb) is on top of the cover.
		 Ensure that the device is either mounted in a rack with its rack kit or in a tabletop conversion cover. If the autoloader is not mounted in a rack or in the tabletop conversion cover, ensure that the six support feet are installed and that all of them are standing on a flat surface. The device must be supported only under both of its side edges or the bottom can bow and impede robotic movement.
		 Remove all magazines and look for any obstructions to the robot.
		Run the wellness test.
8E	Ends of gripper 1 movement not in expected range	 Remove all magazines and look for any obstructions to the robot.
		Run the wellness test.

Error code	Description	Details and solution
8F	Ends of slider 2 movement not in expected range	 If the error consistently happens on the same slot, try different tape cartridges in that slot. If the failure remains with the same slot, the magazine might be at fault.
		 If the failure follows the tape cartridge, the tape cartridge might be at fault.
		 If the device is performing an operation that automatically returns a tape cartridge to a certain slot, make sure that another tape is not loaded in that slot.
		Run the wellness test
90	Ends of elevator ³ movement not in expected range	Remove all magazines and look for any obstructions to the robot.
		Run the wellness test.
91	Ends of rotation 4 movement not in expected range	Remove all magazines and look for any obstructions to the robot.
		Run the wellness test.
92	Ends of sled 5 movement not in expected range	Remove all magazines and look for any obstructions to the robot.
		• Run the wellness test.
93	Gripper 1 reached a position beyond expected range	Remove all magazines and look for any obstructions
94	Slider 2 reached a position beyond expected range	to the robot. • Run the wellness test.
95	Elevator ³ reached a position beyond expected range	• Rull file welliless fest.
96	Rotation 4 reached a position beyond expected range	_
97	Sled 5 reached a position beyond expected range	_
98	Cartridge present sensor not found	Power cycle the device and retry the operation.
99	Slider 2 home sensor not found	_
9A	Rotation 4 home sensor not found	_
9B	Sled 5 position sensor not found	Power cycle the device and retry the operation.
		 Remove the magazines and verify that all the clear plastic inserts in the magazine storage slots, except the mailslots, are present and firmly seated.
		Run the wellness test.
9C	Gripper ¹ range of motion out of specification	Remove all magazines and look for any obstructions to the robot.
		Update the firmware to the latest version.
		Run the wellness test.

Error code	Description	Details and solution
9D	Slider ² range of motion out of specification	Remove all magazines and look for any obstructions to the robot.
9E	Elevator ³ range of motion out of specification	Run the wellness test.
9F	Rotation ⁴ range of motion out of specification	Remove all magazines and look for any obstructions to the robot.
		Run the wellness test.
A0	Sled ⁵ range of motion out of specification	Remove all magazines and look for any obstructions to the robot.
		Run the wellness test.
A1	Open Mailslot failed	Retry the operation.
		Ensure that nothing is obstructing the opening of the mailslot.
		 Remove the magazine and check for issues such as a tape label preventing the mailslot from opening.
A2	Error during elevator locking.	Remove magazines and look for any obstructions to the robot.
		Run the wellness test.
ВО	Command from the autoloader controller to robotics controller did not complete in time allotted	Reset the device and retry the operation.
B1	Robot controller reported format error on command from autoloader controller	Reset the device and retry the operation.
B2	Communication to robot from autoloader controller failed	Update the firmware to the latest version.
	raneu	Power cycle the device and retry the operation.
В3	Robot stopped due to a released magazine	Check that all magazines are completely inserted and retry the operation.
		 If this error was caused by a manual magazine removal, replace the magazine and try the operation again.
		 In earlier firmware versions, the device could appear unresponsive if a magazine was left out of the device too long. Power cycle the device to restore operation. Update to the latest firmware version to prevent this issue in the future.

Error code	Description	Details and solution
B4	"Tape in gripper 1" sensor did not report the expected value	Update the firmware to the latest version.
	value	 Remove the magazines and inspect them for a stuck tape. If no tapes are stuck in the magazines, shine a light in one of the open magazine bays to see if there is a tape in the robot or drive. If there is a tape in the robot, replace the magazines and power-cycle the device. If there is a tape in a drive, replace the magazines and run the Force Tape Eject operation. Run the wellness test
B5	Robotic controller not responding to command from autoloader controller	 Update the firmware to the latest version. Power cycle the device and retry the operation.
CO	Network initialization failed	Check the network cable.
CO	Network IIIIIaiization failed	Check that the network configuration is correct.
		If DHCP is enabled, ensure that a DHCP server is up and running on the same network as the device.
		Power cycle the device and try again.
C1	Telnet interface initialization failed	Check the network cable.
C2	Web server initialization failed	Check that the network configuration is correct.
		Power cycle the device and try again.
C3	EEPROM parameter failure	Power cycle the device and try again.
C4	LAN card initialization failed.	_
C5	EEPROM write data to failure.	_
C6	Ping command did not reach target	Check the network cable.
		• Check that the network configuration is correct.
		Power cycle the device and try again.
C7	Cannot upgrade firmware from USB	Ensure that the correct file was selected.
C8	Cannot upgrade firmware from FTP	Retry firmware upgrade.
		 If not successful, attempt a different firmware upgrade method.
C9	Cannot upgrade robotic firmware from Flash.	Retry firmware upgrade.
		 If not successful, attempt a different firmware upgrade method.
		If still not successful, contact customer support.
D0	ROM checksum incorrect	Retry autoloader firmware upgrade.
		• Ensure that the firmware is correct for the device.
		 If the device continues to fail, contact customer support.

Error code	Description	Details and solution
D1	RAM error during Power-On-Self-Test	Power-cycle the unit.
D2	Read or Write to NVRAM on autoloader controller failed	Power-cycle the unit.
D3	Time controller failed during Power-On-Self-Test	Power-cycle the unit.
D4	Internal UART serial communication error	-
D5	Communication to display failed	Power-cycle the unit.
D6	Autoloader controller memory error	-
D7	Firmware upgrade error	This error can occur is an attempt is made to upgrade a drive with the wrong personality or version for that drive. Ensure that the correct drive firmware is being used to update the drive. If the correct drive firmware is being used, update the autoloader firmware. Power cycle the device and attempt the operation again.
D8	Autoloader controller data base error	Power-cycle the unit.
D9	No SCSI IC detected	
DA	When running the wellness test, the bar code did not match the previous value for that tape	 Check the bar code label for proper application and damage. Run the wellness test again.
DC	I2C Bus failure.	Power-cycle the device.
E1	Key server token backup not successful (not enough available space on target token)	Retry the backup with a token with space for more keys. NOTE: Each token can hold 100 keys. Keys cannot be overwritten or deleted; only unique keys will be written to the token.
E2	Unsupported hardware detected. Some hardware that is connected to the autoloader requires updated autoloader firmware.	Update the autoloader firmware to the current version.
E3	Error during key server token backup; backup process unsuccessful.	 Retry the backup with a different token. If the error occurs again, contact customer support.

Error code	Description	Details and solution
E4	Drive firmware does not support encryption.	 Ensure that all tape drives that support encryption (LTO-4 and later generations) are at the minimum firmware required for the Encryption Kit: Ultrium 1760 SCSI: W22W
		o Ultrium 1760 SAS: U26W
		 If necessary, update the tape drive firmware to the current version.
E6	Key Server Token restore process did not complete, Key	Retry the operation on the same key server token.
	Server Token restore failed.	Retry the operation on a new key server token.
E7	Incorrect Key Server Token Type. Token not supported within this device.	Verify that the USB device is an HPE key server token from the 1/8 G2 & MSL Encryption Kit.
		Retry the operation on a new key server token.
FO	Drive exceeded temperature specification	Check ambient temperature to ensure that it is within operating specifications.
		 Check all fans to determine whether they are working properly.
F1	Autoloader controller lost communication with the drive	Power-cycle the device and retry the operation.
F2	Drive sled 5 not present	 Update autoloader and drive firmware to the latest versions.
		• Reseat the tape drive to ensure a good connection to the device.
		If possible, try the drive in another drive bay.
F3	Drive hardware error	Cycle power, after several occurrences, contact technical support.
F4	Load time-out. The drive has run into a time-out while loading a tape.	Check that the tape cartridge is supported and has not exceeded its usage life. Inspect it for damage.
		Retry the operation.
		Clean the drive.
		If the issue continues, remove the drive and inspect the opening for any obstructions.
		 Attempt the Force Tape Eject process. Once the tape cartridge is ejected, unlock the magazine holding the cartridge and inspect the cartridge for damage. Discard the tape cartridge if it is damaged.
F5	Time allotted for drive unloading exceeded	Retry the operation.
		 Attempt the Force Tape Eject process. Once the tape cartridge is ejected, unlock the magazine holding the cartridge and inspect the cartridge for damage. Discard the tape cartridge if it is damaged.

Error code	Description	Details and solution
F6	No drive installed. A tape drive has never been installed.	Install a tape drive.
		 If a tape drive is installed, reseat it by removing it and replacing it.
F7	Support ticket download from drive not possible.	Upgrade the tape drive firmware to the current version and try to download the support ticket again.
		Use the OCP or RMI to power cycle the tape drive and then retry the operation.
		 Attempt to use L&TT to get the tape drive support ticket.
F8	Invalid drive command	Update the tape drive firmware to the current
F9	Invalid drive parameter	version.Try the operation again.
FA	SDCI microcode error	If the error occurs again, contact customer support.
FB	Drive logged out	Update the tape drive firmware to the current .
FC	Internal SCSI command failed with check condition	version.Try the operation again.
FD	Internal SCSI command timeout	If the error occurs again, contact customer support.

¹Gripper: The part of the robotics assembly that pinches media to grip it.

Error sub-code descriptions

Robotic error sub-codes

Sub-code	Description
01	Mechanical initialization failure
02	Connection to slave robotic failed
03	Error motor initialization
04	Error during gripper ¹ close
05	Error slider ² home positioning
06	Error elevator ³ home movement
07	Error during sled 5 movement to rotation 4 position

²Slider: The part of the robotics assembly that plunges in and out for **get** and **put** operations.

³Elevator: The part of the robotics assembly that moves in the vertical direction.

⁴Rotation: The part of the robotics assembly that turns the robot to face each magazine and the drive.

⁵Sled: The part of the robotics assembly that moves the robot towards the OCP or back towards the drive.

Sub-code	Description	
08	Error during rotation 4 initialization, get range failed	
09	Error elevator ³ init	
OA	Error during rotation 4 to far position	
ОВ	Error first sled 5 init, move to sensor failed	
ос	Error during sled 5 movement to rotation 4 position	
OD	Error during rotation 4 to slide position	
OE	Error slider ² init, get range failed	
OF	Error during slider 2 forward movement	
10	Error gripper 1 init, get range failed	
11	Error during slider 2 home movement	
12	Error during rotation 4 to FAR position	
13	Error sled 5 init, move to sensor failed	
14	Error during sled move — check shipping lock	
20	Error inventory scan	
21	Error during gripper 1 close	
22	Error slider 2 home movement	
23	Error during move gripper 1 to scan pos	
24	Error reading bar code label	
28	Error Extra inventory scan	
29	Error during closing gripper 1	
2A	Error slider 2 preposition movement	
2B	Error during opening gripper 1	
2C	Error during sled ⁵ movement up to sensor	
2D	Error slider ² preposition backwards movement	
30	Error slot preposition	
31	Error during sled 5 movement in FLMoveRotation	
32	Command sending to robotic failed	
33	Error during elevator ³ movement in FLMoveRotation function	
34	Error during rotation 4 in FLMoveRotation function	
35	Error during elevator ³ movement in FLMoveRotation function	
36	Error during sled 5 movement in FLMoveSled function	

Sub-code	Description	
37	Error during sled 5 positioning to sensor in FLMoveSled function	
38	Error during sled 5 positioning to mailslot in FLMoveSled function	
39	Error during sled ⁵ positioning without sensor	
3A	Error during elevator movement without sensor	
3B	Error slot position sensor not found	
40	Movement to/from slot failed	
41	Error during first slider 2 movement	
42	Error during first gripper ¹ movement	
43	Error during second slider 2 movement	
44	Error during second gripper 1 movement, get range failed	
45	Error during third slider 2 movement, move home failed	
46	Error during set hold current to avoid torsion	
47	Negative direction blocked — the robot cannot move backward.	
48	Positive direction blocked — the robot cannot move forward.	
49	Robot is blocked in both directions.	
4A	Cartridge present sensor failure.	
4B	Destination blocked or full.	
4C	Source location empty.	
4D	Could not pull tape out of slot.	
4E	Unexpected tape on elevator, possible inventory lost.	
50	Preposition to drive failed	
51	Elevator ³ movement to home sensor failed	
52	Sled 5 movement to home sensor failed	
53	Error during sled 5 movement to drive position	
54	Error during rotation 4 to drive position	
55	Error during elevator ³ movement in drive position	
56	Error during sled 5 movement to rotation position.	
57	Error during rotation to end position.	
60	Move from/to drive failed	
61	Error during first slider 2 movement	
62	Error during first gripper 1 movement	

Sub-code	Description	
63	Error during second slider 2 movement	
64	Error during second gripper ¹ movement, get range failed	
65	Error during third slider 2 movement, move home failed	
70	Release magazine failed	
71	Error during sled 5 movement to rotation 4 position	
72	Error during rotation 4 to unlock position	
73	Error during move sled 5 to block	
80	Opening mailslot failed	
81	Error during movement to mailslot open position	
82	Error during moving back, sensor was found	
90	Movement to home position failed	
91	Elevator ³ movement to home position failed	
92	Error during sled 5 movement to rotation 4 position	
93	Error during rotation 4 to home or far position	
94	Sled 5 movement to home sensor position failed	
95	Sled 5 movement to transport position failed	
99	Error during rotation movement to rotation minimum position	
Α0	Movement to mailslot failed	
A1	Sled 5 movement to sensor failed	
A2	Sled 5 movement to rotation 4 position failed	
A3	Elevator ³ movement to home position failed	
A4	Error during rotation 4 to far position	
A5	Sled 5 movement to mailslot position failed	
A6	Error during elevator movement to position	
A7	Error during mailslot detection	
ВО	EEPROM on robotics controller not accessible or error during read/write operation	
B1	Save/restore configuration settings: not enough internal memory available for creating the file and restoring the file respectively	
B2	Save/restore configuration settings: restore buffer corrupted, checksum calculation failed	
В3	Save/restore configuration settings: database field corrupted	
B4	Save/restore configuration settings: invalid personality	

Sub-code	Description	
B5	Save/restore configuration settings: invalid file	
СО	Check on magazine type failed	
C1	Rotation 4 movement during check on magazine type failed	
C2	Elevator ³ movement during check on magazine type failed	
C3	Sled 5 movement during check on magazine type failed	
C4	Sled 5 movement to sensor during check on magazine type failed	
DO	12-mailslot magazine release failed	
D1	Elevator ³ movement to home position during 12-mailslot magazine release failed	
D2	Sled 5 movement to rotation position during 12-mailslot magazine release failed	
D3	Rotation 4 movement to far position during 12-mailslot magazine release failed	
D4	Sled 5 movement to home position during 12-mailslot magazine release failed	
D5	Sled 5 movement during 12-mailslot magazine release failed	
D6	Rotation 4 movement during 12-mailslot magazine release failed	
D7	Elevator ³ movement during 12-mailslot magazine release failed	
D8	Slider ² pre-position during 12-mailslot magazine release failed	
D9	Open gripper ¹ movement during 12-mailslot magazine release failed.	

¹Gripper: The part of the robotics assembly that pinches media to grip it.

Device error sub-codes

³Elevator: The part of the robotics assembly that moves in the vertical direction.

⁴Rotation: The part of the robotics assembly that turns the robot to face each magazine and the drive.

⁵Sled: The part of the robotics assembly that moves the robot towards the OCP or back towards the drive.

Error code Description

90	Robotic load not reached Cartridge Present sensor		
91	No activity after Load command		
92	Time-out while loading tape		
93	No activity after load command		
94	Time-out drive Unload		
95	Drive terminated unsuccessfully		
96	Tape not ejected at robot unload		
97	Slot not free at robot unload		
98	Cartridge not seated in load phase 1		

Drive error codes

Error code Description

01	Drive broken	
02	Temperature exceeds limit	
03	Tape error	
04	Cleaning cartridge is expired	
05	Drive needs cleaning	
06	Autoloader lost communication with the drive	
07	Warning that the tape is nearing its end of life	

Warning events

Event code	Description	Details and solution
30	SCSI: transport element full	The application software made an illegal request.
31	SCSI: all slots empty	_
32	SCSI: invalid opcode	_
33	SCSI: invalid element address	_
34	SCSI: invalid field in CDB	- - -
35	SCSI: invalid drive specified	
36	SCSI: SEND DIAGNOSTIC command: invalid test number	
37	SCSI: invalid LUN	_
38	SCSI: parameter list length error	_

Event code	Description	Details and solution
39	SCSI: parameter list error: invalid field	_
3A	SCSI: parameter list error: parameter not supported	
3B	SCSI: parameter value invalid	The application software made an illegal request.
3C	SCSI: saving parameters not supported	_
3D	SCSI: invalid ID message	_
3E	SCSI: destination element full	_
3F	SCSI: source slot or drive empty	_
40	SCSI: wrong checksum	_
41	SCSI: command sequence error	_
42	SCSI: drive disabled	The application software requested to use a drive that is disabled. Check the device configuration.
43	SCSI: mailslot disabled	The application software requested to use the mailslot, but the mailslot is disabled. Check the device configuration.
44	SCSI: flash image does not fit bootcode	Check the version of firmware used for the upgrade. The firmware is incompatible with this device.
45	SCSI: media removal prevented by drive	The application software has locked media removal and either the
46	SCSI: media removal prevented by library	software or device user interface attempted to remove the media. NOTE: This IS NOT a hardware issue.
	SCSI: flash image does not fit personality	If the issue cannot be resolved with the application software, power off the device, disconnect the data cable, and then power on the device. Check the firmware file used for the upgrade. The firmware is
		incompatible with this device.
48	SCSI: tape drive not supported by this library	The tape drive is not supported by the firmware in this device. Upgrade the device firmware to the most up-to-date version. Verify that the drive has an HPE MSL-G3 or 1/8 G2 firmware revision. If firmware is not the correct type, the wrong tape drive has been installed. Use only Hewlett Packard Enterprise-approved support to insure that the correct tape drives are used.
49	SCSI: incompatible magazine, magazine not accessible	Verify that a supported magazine for that slot is inserted. If the magazine is in the lower left position, verify that the type of magazine is consistent with the mailslot configuration.
4A	Source not ready	Retry the operation.
4B	Destination not ready	Retry the operation.
4C	Reservation failed	The application software made an illegal request.
4D	Library controller busy	Retry the operation.
4E	Invalid robotic request	_
4F	Robotic not initialized	_
51	Incompatible medium	Verify that the drives are installed correctly.
		 Verify that the cartridge and tape drive generation are compatible. See <u>Read and write compatibility</u>.
		Verify that the tape is correct for the operation initiated.

Event code	Description	Details and solution
52	All slots full; no movement possible	To make a slot available for the move operation, remove a cartridge from the device.
53	Wellness test: invalid test setup	Load tapes in the four top-level corner slots. See <u>The wellness test</u>
55	Invalid license key	Verify that the correct license key was entered.
		 Verify that the Caps Lock key is not stuck down. The key is case sensitive.
56	No decryption key available on token	Ensure that the key server token containing the key used to encrypt the tape is installed in the USB port.
57	Key server token PIN required	Use the RMI to enter the PIN for the key server token that is installed in the USB port.
		NOTE:
		The PIN is required every time a token is installed in the USB port and every time the autoloader is powered on.
58	Parity error	Retry the operation.
59	Error log overflow	If the problem continues, contact customer support.
5A	Unable to downgrade firmware while encryption enabled.	Disable encryption before downgrading firmware.
5B	Invalid cartridge. LTO-3 media is not supported	Verify that the tape cartridge is supported.
	with encryption enabled.	To use LTO-3 media, update the tape drive firmware to the
		latest version.
5C	IPv6 will not be supported after downgrading firmware.	Change the network settings to IPv4 before downgrading firmware.
5D	Wrong drive firmware — invalid drive firmware type.	Drive firmware is specific to the drive model and interface. Select the drive firmware specific to this drive. If the firmware file could have been renamed, obtain a new copy of the firmware file.
5F	No firmware downgrade possible.	The device firmware cannot be downgraded in cases that would compromise encrypted data, critical component support, or license terms. Check the configuration settings. If the device has been using the Encryption Kit, you might need to disable encryption before downgrading firmware.
60	Cleaning tape installed.	Complete the cleaning process and retry the operation.
61	Cleaning failure. Cleaning process could not be	Check cleaning tape and exchange if necessary.
	performed.	Retry the operation.
62	Cleaning tape expired.	Exchange the cleaning tape.
63	Invalid cartridge. Drive has rejected the cartridge as invalid.	Verify that the cartridge generation and technology are supported by the device. See <u>Tape cartridges</u> .
64	Invalid cleaning cartridge. Drive has rejected the cartridge as invalid.	Retry the operation.
	•	If problems persist, exchange the data cartridge.
65	Invalid upgrade cartridge. Drive has rejected the	Retry the operation.
	cartridge as invalid.	If problems persist, exchange the data cartridge.

Event code	Description	Details and solution
66	Diagnostic tape write protect.	The diagnostic test must write data but the tape being used for the test is write protected. Ensure that the device has a tape that is not write protected for use during the diagnostic test.
67	Incompatible medium	The drive tried to read or write data from a tape from an incompatible LTO generation.
70	SCSI message error	Check the SCSI cable connection and verify that the maximum
71	SCSI parity error	cable length is not exceeded. Verify that the SCSI bus is properly terminated.
72	SCSI invalid message	
73	SCSI: overlapped command attempt	The application software made an illegal request.
74	SCSI: echo buffer overwritten	
75	Download prevented — barcode reader hardware requires newer code revision.	Update the autoloader to the most current firmware version.
76	Destination element unexpectedly full.	This event can be reported if a cartridge is moved without the autoloader completing a full inventory. Rescan the tapes from the RMI or OCP.
77	Download prevented because of an incompatible autoloader controller.	Update the autoloader to the most current firmware version.
78	Download prevented because of incompatible robot firmware.	Update the autoloaderto the most current firmware version.
7B	Invalid firmware version. Only signed firmware images are allowed.	The autoloader will only accept signed firmware images. Download a signed firmware image.
80	Movement retry. Robotics movement did not succeed but was successful on a retry.	Recovered error move operation. No action required. Occasional retries are normal operation.
81	Drive sled fan alert. Fan motion has stopped.	To see whether the fan is operational and not obstructed, check the tape drive fan on the autoloader back panel. NOTE: Fan only operates when cooling is required.
82	Clean request from the tape drive	Clean the tape drive using a valid cleaning tape.
83	Media attention	Evaluate media status using L&TT.
84	Tape drive tape alert; tape drive reported a warning or critical tape alert.	Evaluate drive status using L&TT.
85	DHCP request has failed.	Check the network to ensure connection to the DHCP server.
		Check that the network configuration is correct.
		If DHCP is enabled, ensure that the DHCP server is up and running on the same network as the device.
		Power cycle the device and retry the operation.
86	Autoclean media warning; not enough media present to support autocleaning.	Insert a valid cleaning cartridge into the autoloader.
87	Drive not supported; the tape drive was disabled because it cannot be used in this autoloader.	Replace the drive with a compatible tape drive.
88	Drive firmware revision has not changed after a tape drive firmware upgrade.	 Verify that the firmware image is correct for the tape drive. Retry the operation. Retry using an alternative firmware upgrade method.

Event code	Description	Details and solution
8C	Invalid robotics code; does not match with the loaded autoloader firmware.	Install new autoloader firmware, which will install a compatible robotics firmware version.
8E	Cleaning tape nearly expired. Only one or two cleaning operations remain.	Obtain a new cleaning tape for use when the current cleaning tape expires.
8F	I2C bus recovery	Contact Service if this unexpected condition occurs.
92	VPD data recovery.	Power cycle the device and retry the operation.
DB	External drive cooling fan failure (fan motion has stopped). The subcode indicates which drive sled fan is affected. Subcode 00: drive sled #1 Subcode 01: drive sled #2, and so on	Verify that the fan for the indicated drive sled is operational and not obstructed. NOTE: The fan only operates when cooling is required.
F2	Drive sled missing.	 Power cycle the device and retry the operation. To ensure a good connection to the device, reseat the tape drive.

Configuration change events

Value	Event	Description
0x41	Drive SCSI changed	Drive SCSI ID has changed
0x42	Library SCSI changed	Autoloader SCSI ID changed (*)
0x43	Drive enable	Drive was enabled
0x44	Drive disable	Drive disabled
0x45	Master drive assigned	Drive master assigned
0x46	Drive sled added	Drive sled added
0x47	Drive sled removed	Drive sled removed
0x48	Library mode changed	Autoloader mode changed (automatic, sequential, random)
0x49	Element address	Element address changed
0x4A	Net parameter	Network parameter has changed
0x4B	Slots reserved	Slots reserved
0x4C	Mailslot support	Mailslot support
0x4D	Admin password	Admin password has changed
0x4E	Date/time set	Date and time of RTC set
0x4F	Barcode format	Barcode format alignment changed
0x50	Default config set	Default configuration set
0x51	FW upgrade library	Autoloader firmware was upgraded
0x52	FW upgrade drive	Drive firmware was upgraded
0x53	Auto-clean feature set	Auto-cleaning switched on or off
0x54	Drive FC parameters	Drive Fibre Channel parameters changed
0x55	Power supply added	A power supply was added to the system
0x56	Key server token was removed	A key server token was removed
0x57	Key server token was inserted	A key server token was inserted
0x58	Encryption has been enabled	Encryption has been enabled
0x59	Encryption has been disabled	Encryption has been disabled
0x64	Library door lock status change	The status of the autoloader door lock has changed
0x65	Hostname has been changed	Hostname has been changed
0x66	Database has been restored from robot	The autoloader configuration has been restored from the robot
0x67	Serial number has been changed	The serial number has been changed
0x68	World wide identifier base has been changed	The world-wide identifier base has been changed
0x69	UI64 identifier has been changed	EUI64 identifier has been changed
0x6E	License key has been added or removed	License key has been added or removed
0x71	User interface language change	User interface language has changed
0x76	Magazine access changed	The setting for whether the administrator password is required to remove magazines or not has been changed.
0x78	Ignore barcode Media ID configuration changed	The setting for whether the Media ID is required or ignored has been changed.
0x7E	KMIP encryption enabled	KMIP-based encryption was enabled.
0x7F	KMIP encryption disabled	KMIP-based encryption was disabled.



Value	Event	Description
0x01	Move element	Move element command
0x02	Inventory rescan	The inventory was rescanned.
0x03	Drive clean	Drive cleaning process
0x04	Mailslot open	Open mailslot command
0x05	Mailslot close	Close mailslot
0x06	Magazines remove	Magazines remove event
0x07	Magazine reinsertion	Magazine insertion event
0x08	Power on	Power on event
0x09	Power off	Power off event
0x0A	User login	User log in at interface (RMU, OCP, SERIAL)
0x0B	User logout	User log out at interface (RMU, OCP, SERIAL)
0x0C	System test run	System test run
0x0D	Wellness test run	The wellness test was run.
0x0E	Bus reset occurred	A bus reset occurred
0x0F	Device reset	Device reset command
0x10	Abort	SCSI task aborted
0x11	Drive tape alert flag	Drive reported informational tape alert flag.
0x12	Power on initialization done	Power on initialization completed successfully.
0x13	Incorrect key server token PIN entered	Incorrect key server token PIN entered
0x14	Backup initiated on key server token	The backup of the key server token has started.
0x15	Backup off key server token finished	The backup of the key server token has finished.
0x16	A new write key was automatically generated on the key server token.	A new write key was automatically generated on the key server token.
0x17	A new write key was manually generated on the key server token.	A new write key was manually generated on the key server token.
0x18	More than 5 invalid key server token PIN attempts	More than five attempts were made to set the key server token with invalid PINs.
0x19	Restore initiated on key server token.	A restore operation was initiated on the key server token.
0x1A	Restore off key server token finished.	A restore operation was completed on the key server token.
0x1B	Key server token is over 90% full.	The key server token is over 90% full.
0x1C	Key server token contains keys that have not been backed up.	The key server token contains keys that have not been backed up.
0x31	Proactive support ticket retrieval skipped.	The autoloader will not pull a support ticket when it does not have the resources to do so. Subsequent tickets will contain the information needed for analysis.
0x32	Could not reach SNTP server.	The configured SNTP server could not be reached. Synchronization with the time server is not possible.
0x36	Proactive support ticket retrieval skipped.	

Diagnosing problems with Library & Tape Tools

About this task

With Library & Tape Tools installed on the host server you can:

- Identify all parallel SCSI devices connected to your system.
- View detailed configuration, identification, inventory, and drive information for the device.
- Easily update device and drive firmware.
- Run advanced diagnostic tests, including connectivity, read/write, media validation, and testing the functionality of the device.
- View device and drive error logs.
- Generate a detailed support ticket that can be e-mailed or faxed to your support representative for analysis.

The Library & Tape Tools diagnostic provides an intuitive graphical user interface with integrated context-sensitive help. It can be downloaded free of charge from https://www.hpe.com/support/TapeTools.

Procedure

1. Run L&TT on the host server.

You can install L&TT on the host server, or run it from a CD-ROM or USB flash drive on the host server.

- 2. Pull a support ticket for the device.
- 3. Look at the device analysis results for additional information about the device operation.

Upgrading and servicing the autoloader



WARNING MOVING PARTS: Only personnel with technical and product safety training (referred to as users in this document) may have access to or operate the autoloader.

Read all documentation and procedures before installing or operating the autoloader.

Hazardous moving parts exist inside this product. Do not insert any tools or any part of your body into the tape library while it is operating.



CAUTION:

A discharge of static electricity can damage static-sensitive devices or microcircuitry. Proper packaging and grounding techniques are necessary precautions to prevent damage.

To prevent electrostatic damage, observe the following precautions:

- Transport products in static-safe containers such as conductive tubes, bags, or boxes.
- Keep electrostatic-sensitive parts in their containers until they arrive at static-free stations.
- Cover the device with approved static-dissipating material. Provide a wrist strap connected to the work surface and properly grounded tools and equipment.
- · Keep the work area free of nonconducting materials, such as ordinary plastic assembly aids and foam packing.
- Make sure that you are always properly grounded when touching a static-sensitive component or assembly.
- Avoid touching pins, leads, or circuitry.
- Use conductive field service tools.

 $\mathbf{\Lambda}$

WARNING:

The autoloader weighs 11.5 kg (25.4 lb) without media and 13.1 kg (28.9 lb) with media (eight cartridges). When moving the autoloader, to reduce the risk of personal injury or damage to the autoloader: 1) observe local health and safety requirements and guidelines for manual material handing, 2) always remove all tapes to reduce the overall weight of the autoloader, and 3) obtain adequate assistance to lift and stabilize the autoloader during installation or removal.



WARNING:

To reduce the risk of personal injury or damage to equipment:

- Extend leveling jacks to the floor.
- Ensure that the full weight of the rack rests on the leveling jacks.
- Install stabilizing feet on the rack.
- Extend only one rack component at a time. If more than one component is extended, a rack can become unstable.



Before moving the autoloader, remove all media. During a move, the cartridges could come out of the storage slots and damage the autoloader.

Subtopics

Possible tools needed

Replacing a tape drive

Removing and replacing a magazine

Removing and replacing the base chassis

Possible tools needed

To service the autoloader, you might need one or more of the following tools:

- Flat-blade screwdrivers (large and small)
- Short-handle #1 Phillips screwdriver
- #2 and #3 Phillips screwdrivers
- Ground strap
- Paper clip or pin (for manual magazine removal)
- Library and Tape Tools (L&TT) diagnostic software



NOTE:

You can use the L&TT diagnostic utility to perform diagnostic functions for the autoloader. L&TT is a diagnostic tool designed to aid in the installation and maintenance of tape storage products. L&TT includes several features designed for use by both storage customers and trained service personnel.

Hewlett Packard Enterprise updates L&TT periodically with new diagnostic features and device support. When using L&TT for troubleshooting, download and update to the current version. You can verify that you are using the latest version and download L&TT without cost from the L&TT website: https://www.hpe.com/support/TapeTools

About this task

Remove and replace the tape drive from the back of the autoloader.

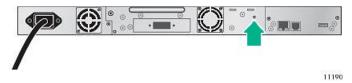


NOTE:

If you are upgrading a parallel SCSI drive, use supported cabling configurations.

Procedure

- 1. Using the RMI or the OCP, unload any tape cartridge from the tape drive, if present.
- 2. Power off the drive from the OCP or RMI. (See <u>Powering a drive on or off (Support > Power On/Off Drive)</u>.)
- 3. Make sure that the LED on the tape drive is off.



- 4. Remove the cables and terminator, if applicable, from the tape drive being removed.
- 5. Loosen the blue captive thumbscrews on the drive.



6. To remove the tape drive from the autoloader, pull straight back on the tape drive handle.



- 7. Before installing the new drive, inspect the connectors on the tape drive. Ensure that the connectors are intact, free of any foreign objects, and have no cracks or deformed or bent contacts.
- 8. Holding the tape drive by the handle and supporting it from the bottom, slide it into the drive bay until it is flush with the back of the autoloader.



A CAUTION:

Push in on the tape drive handle while supporting the bottom of the tape drive. Stop pushing when the tape drive is properly seated. If this procedure is not followed, the connector pins can be damaged.



9. To secure the tape drive to the chassis, use a torque driver to tighten the thumbscrews on the drive sled to 6 inch pounds or 0.68 N m.

If a torque driver is not available, use a #2 Phillips screwdriver to tighten the thumbscrews until a low initial threshold torque achieves a snug tight condition.

- 10. Attach the cords and terminator, if necessary, that you removed from the old tape drive.
- 11. Power on the tape drive.
- 12. If necessary, upgrade the autoloader and drive firmware using L&TT, the RMI, or a USB flash drive.

Removing and replacing a magazine

The autoloader has removable magazines. Magazine access is password protected. For safety reasons, the robotic motion is stopped when a magazine is removed. The magazines can be released using the OCP, the RMI, or by a manual release. When possible, release the magazine using the OCP or RMI.



IMPORTANT:

To release a magazine manually, see <u>Releasing the magazines manually</u>. However, only use this manual process if the magazine cannot be released using the OCP or the RMI, and the device no longer has power.

Subtopics

Removing a magazine using the OCP

Releasing magazines using the RMI

Releasing the magazine using the manual magazine release

Removing a magazine using the OCP

Prerequisites

Administrator password

Procedure

- 1. From the Home screen, press Previous or Next until the screen displays Operations.
- 2. Press Enter to select.
- 3. Press Previous or Next until the screen displays either Unlock Left Magazine or Unlock Right Magazine.
- 4. Press Enter to select the desired magazine to unlock.
- 5. Enter the administrator password if requested.
- 6. The display reads Left Magazine Unlocked or Right Magazine Unlocked.

- 7. Pull the released magazine out of the device.
- 8. The screen displays Insert Left Magazine or Insert Right Magazine. The autoloader cannot perform any other operation until the magazine is replaced. After exchanging tapes in a magazine, slide the magazine completely into the autoloader. The magazine locks into place after it is correctly installed and the autoloader inventories the magazine.

Releasing magazines using the RMI

Procedure

- 1. Log in to the RMI as the administrator user.
- 2. Select the Administrator Account Type, enter the administrator password, and press Sign In.
- 3. Navigate to the The Operations > Magazines page.

From this page you can release the right, left, or both magazines from the autoloader. Once the magazines are released, you have 30 seconds to pull out the magazines before they relock.

Releasing the magazine using the manual magazine release

About this task

(i) IMPORTANT:

Only use this manual process if the magazine cannot be released using the OCP or the RMI and the device no longer has power.

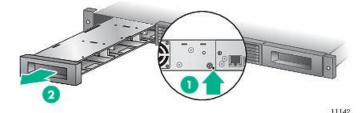
Procedure

1. From the back of the autoloader, locate the magazine release hole associated with the magazine being released. The magazine release latches are accessed from the magazine release holes on the bottom tape drive plate.



Item Description

- 1 Right magazine release access hole
- 2 Left magazine release access hole
- 2. Push a small metal pin or paper clip about 1.5 cm (0.6 inch) into the appropriate release hole to push the release latch while another person grasps the magazine and removes it from the autoloader.



Item Description

- Insert a pin into access hole.
- Release and remove the magazine.

(i) IMPORTANT:

Do not force the pin once you encounter resistance. Doing so can damage the autoloader.

Removing and replacing the base chassis

About this task



WARNING:

The autoloader weighs 11.5 kg (25.4 lb) without media and 13.1 kg (28.9 lb) with media (eight cartridges). When moving the autoloader, to reduce the risk of personal injury or damage to the autoloader: 1) observe local health and safety requirements and guidelines for manual material handing, 2) always remove all tapes to reduce the overall weight of the autoloader, and 3) obtain adequate assistance to lift and stabilize the autoloader during installation or removal.



WARNING:

To reduce the risk of personal injury or damage to equipment:

- Extend the leveling jacks to the floor.
- Ensure that the full weight of the rack rests on the leveling jacks.
- Install the rack stabilizer kit on the rack.
- Extend only one rack component at a time. Racks might become unstable if more than one component is extended.



NOTE:

If the Autoloader is being managed by Command View TL, the library should be removed from the managed library list in the CVTL Management Station prior to powering off the autoloader chassis being replaced. After the autoloader chassis is replaced, refer to section Configuring the autoloader for Command View TL management to add the autoloader back to CVTL.



NOTE:

Replacing the autoloader chassis changes the autoloader serial number, mac address and the autoloader and drive WWNN because the autoloader controller is a component of the chassis.

Procedure

1. Record the configuration settings.

If the OCP or RMI works, save the configuration settings to the USB flash drive from the OCP or to a file from the RMI. You will need these settings to re-configure the autoloader after replacing the chassis.

Remove the tape cartridge from the tape drive with the OCP or RMI.



If you cannot remove the tape cartridge from the tape drive, handle the tape drive gently during the rest of the procedure to avoid damaging the tape and losing data.

3. Remove the cables, magazines, and tape drive.

- 4. Remove the base chassis from the rack or tabletop conversion cover.
- 5. Unpack the new chassis and place it on a sturdy table. Save the packaging materials to return the old chassis.
- 6. Reinstall the autoloader into the rack or tabletop conversion cover.
- 7. Replace the cables, tape drive, and magazines.
- 8. Reconfigure the autoloader.

Subtopics

Removing the cables, magazines, and tape drive

Removing the base chassis

Installing the replacement chassis

Replacing the tabletop conversion cover

Replacing the autoloader components and cables

Verifying the chassis replacement

Removing the cables, magazines, and tape drive

Procedure

- 1. If the OCP or RMI is operational, remove the magazines using the RMI or OCP.
- 2. Power off the autoloader.
- 3. Remove the power cord and other cables from the autoloader.
- 4. If the magazines have not been removed, remove the magazines from the autoloader using the manual process (see <u>Releasing the magazines manually</u>).
- 5. Loosen the blue captive thumbscrews on the drive.

Figure 1. Captive screws on the tape drive



6. While supporting the bottom of the tape drive, pull straight back on the tape drive handle to remove the tape drive from the autoloader.

Place the drive on a static-safe surface.

Removing the base chassis

Prerequisites

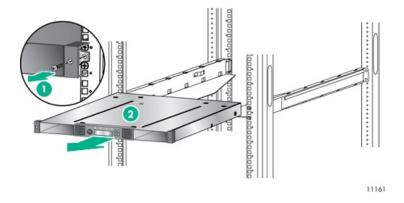
#2 Phillips screwdriver

About this task

Lift the autoloader from the side edges. Lifting the autoloader from the magazine or tape drive openings can damage the autoloader.

Procedure

- Obtain adequate assistance to lift and stabilize the autoloader during removal and replacement.
- If the autoloader is mounted in a rack or tabletop conversion cover, from the front of the autoloader:
 - Loosen the screws inside the left and right front bezel (these screws are captive and cannot be removed).
 - Slide the autoloader out of the rack or cover using assistance.



Installing the replacement chassis

About this task

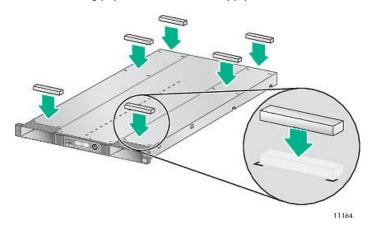


↑ CAUTION:

Lift the autoloader from the side edges. Lifting the autoloader from the magazine or tape drive openings can damage the autoloader.

Procedure

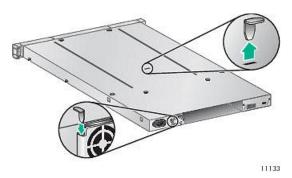
- 1. If the autoloader will be sitting directly on a flat surface, attach the feet.
 - a. Locate the six support feet that were shipped with the base chassis.
 - With another person, gently turn the chassis over and set it on its back.
 - Locate the six inscribed foot location lines.
 - Peel the backing paper off each foot and apply it within a set of foot location lines.



- e. With another person, gently turn the chassis over and set it on its feet.
- 2. Remove and store the shipping lock.

The shipping lock prevents the robotic transport mechanism from moving during shipment. Remove the shipping lock before powering on the autoloader. The shipping lock is held in place with a piece of tape and is located in the top center of the new chassis. After the shipping lock is removed, it should be stored on the back panel of the chassis for future use.

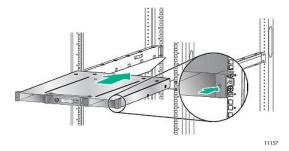
a. Locate the tape and lock at the top of the chassis.



- b. Remove the tape, then remove the lock.
- c. Store the lock on the back panel of the autoloader.



- 01010529
- 3. Mount the autoloader in a rack or in the tabletop conversion cover if it does not have the rubber support feet attached.
 - a. With assistance, slide the autoloader onto the metal rails that are already in position in the rack.
 - b. From the front of the autoloader, secure the front bezel to the rack using a #2 Phillips screw driver placed through the small holes in the mounting bracket to tighten the captive screws on each side of the autoloader.



Replacing the tabletop conversion cover

Procedure

1. Set the replacement base chassis on a sturdy surface in front of the cover.

Figure 1. Sliding the autoloader into the cover



- 2. Slide the chassis into the cover until the front panel of the chassis is aligned with the cover.
- 3. Tighten the captive screws on the chassis front panel until the cover is secure.

Replacing the autoloader components and cables

About this task

Replace the autoloader components by reversing the removal procedures. Align the components carefully in the guide slots. If the thumbscrews cannot be tightened easily, verify that the component is aligned properly.

Procedure

- 1. Replace the magazines.
- 2. Replace the tape drive.

To secure the tape drive to the chassis, use a torque driver to tighten the blue captive thumbscrews on the drive sled to 6 inch pounds or 0.68 N m.

If a torque driver is not available, use a #2 Phillips screwdriver to tighten the thumbscrews until a low initial threshold torque achieves a snug tight condition.

- 3. Reattach any SAS, FC, and Ethernet cables removed earlier.
- 4. Reinsert the USB device if you removed it earlier.
- 5. Reattach the power cord.

Verifying the chassis replacement

Procedure

- 1. Power on the autoloader.
- 2. Check the overall autoloader status from the RMI Status > Autoloader screen.
- 3. Verify that the configuration settings are correct.

If necessary, restore the settings from a file or saved settings or re-enter them using the RMI or OCP.

- a. If the autoloader has licensed features, verify that the license information was retained and then re-enable the feature.
- b. Verify the date, time, and timezone information and reset them if necessary.
- c. Update any configuration settings that changed since the settings were saved.
- 4. If using the MSL Encryption Kit, re-enter the token password.
- 5. Resume host applications.

Technical specifications

Autoloader capacity

Characteristic	Value
Form factor	1 U
Maximum cartridge slots	8
Mailslots	0, 1
Maximum tape drives	1

Supported interfaces

LTO generation	Interface	SCSI ID
LTO-3, LTO-4	Ultra 320 SCSI LVD, SAS	4
LTO-5, LTO-6, LTO-7, LTO-8, LTO-9	Fibre Channel, SAS	NA

Subtopics

Physical specifications

Environmental specifications

Electrical specifications

Regulatory specifications

Regulatory compliance identification numbers

Default and restore defaults settings

Physical specifications

Characteristics	Product alone	Packaged
Height	44 mm (1.73 inches)	250 mm (9.84 inches)
Width	482 mm (18.98 inches)	580 mm (22.83 inches)
Depth	809 mm (31.85 inches)	990 mm (38.98 inches)
Weight	11.5 kg (25.35 pounds)	25.5 (33.73 pounds)

Environmental specifications

LTO-9	LTO-7 and LTO-8	LTO-5 and LTO-6
15°C to 25°C	20°C to 25°C	
15°C to 32°C. Derate 1°C/ 300m above 900m.	10°C to 35°C up to 3000m and 10°C to 30°C above 3000m and up to 4000m.	10° to 35°C
-30° to 60° C	-30° to 60° C	-30° to 60° C
5° C per hour	10° C per hour	10° C per hour
20% to 50% RH (non-condensing) 20 to 50% RH (non-condensing)		
20 to 80% RH (non-condensing, 22°C dew point maximum)	20 to 80% RH (non-condensing, max wet bulb temperature = 26°C)	20 to 80% RH (non-condensing, max wet bulb temperature = 26°C)
10 to 90% RH (non-condensing)	10 to 90% RH (non-condensing)	10 to 95% RH (non-condensing)
3048 meters	4000 meters (see Operating temperatures)	4000 meters
ISO 14644-1 Class 8	ISO 14644 -1 Class 8	Less than 200 microgram / cubic meter
	15°C to 32°C. Derate 1°C/ 300m above 900m. -30° to 60° C 5° C per hour 20% to 50% RH (non-condensing) 20 to 80% RH (non-condensing, 22°C dew point maximum) 10 to 90% RH (non-condensing)	15°C to 32°C. Derate 1°C/ 300m and 10°C to 35°C up to 3000m and 10°C to 30°C above 3000m and up to 4000m. -30° to 60° C -30° to 60° C 5° C per hour 10° C per hour 20% to 50% RH (non-condensing) 20 to 50% RH (non-condensing) 20 to 80% RH (non-condensing, max wet bulb temperature = 26°C) 10 to 90% RH (non-condensing) 10 to 90% RH (non-condensing) 3048 meters 4000 meters (see Operating temperatures)

Electrical specifications

Power — 80 Watts (max)

Input Requirements — 100 - 240V AC, 727 - 333mA, 50/60Hz

Regulatory specifications

CSA test conditions

Characteristic	Tested condition or value
Equipment mobility	Stationary (rack-mount or desk-top)
Connection to the mains	Pluggable — Type A
Operating condition	Continuous
Access location	Operator accessible
Over voltage category (OVC)	OVC II
Mains supply tolerance (%) or absolute mains supply values	-10%, +6%
Tested for IT power systems	No
IT testing, phase-phase voltage (V)	N/A
Class of equipment	Class I
Considered current rating (A)	20 A (branch circuit protection)
Pollution degree (PD)	PD 2
IP protection class	IPX0
Altitude during operation (m)	Max 2000
Altitude of test laboratory (m)	38
Mass of equipment (kg)	Max 25 kg
Manufacturer's Declared Ambient (°C)	40 °C



NOTE:

The CSA test conditions might differ from the product specification limits.

Regulatory compliance identification numbers

For the purpose of regulatory compliance certifications and identification, each product is assigned a unique regulatory model number. The regulatory model number can be found on the product nameplate label, along with all required approval markings and information. When requesting compliance information for the product, always refer to this regulatory model number. The regulatory model number is not the marketing name or model number of the product.

The Regulatory Compliance label is on the bottom of the autoloader. To view this information, from the back of the autoloader, tilt the autoloader up until the label is visible.

Product-specific information:

Regulatory model number: LVLDC-0501

FCC and CISPR classification: Class A

These products contain laser components. See Class 1 laser statement in Safety and Compliance Information for Server, Storage, Power, Networking, and Rack Products, available at https://www.hpe.com/support/Safety-Compliance-EnterpriseProducts

Manufacturer: Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company, Palo Alto, California

Manufacturer's representative: ZAO Hewlett-Packard A.O.

Default and restore defaults settings

You can save the autoloader configuration settings to a file, restore the settings, or reset the autoloader configuration to the default settings. The following table lists the autoloader configuration parameters, with their default settings and whether they are reset to default or saved to a file.

Parameter	Default setting	Reset by Set Defaults	Stored in Saved Config file
Tape drive settings			
SCSI drive address	4	Yes	Yes
FC drive configuration	Automatic speed, auto port type	Yes	Yes
Drive power	Drive powered on	Yes	Yes
Auto clean	Disabled	Yes	
Slots			
Active slots	Maximum possible	Yes	
Reserved slots	0	Yes	Yes
Mailslot configuration	Mailslot disabled	Yes	Yes
Administrator password required for mailslot removal	Enabled	Yes	Yes
Barcode reader settings	s		
Barcode reader label length	8	Yes	Yes
Barcode reader alignment	Left	Yes	Yes
Ignore barcode Media ID	Disabled	Yes	Yes
Error and event setting	s		
Event log levels and filter	Continuous trace and all levels and filters active (for Hewlett Packard Enterprise Service use only)	Yes	Yes
Error recovery	On	Yes	
E-mail notification	Disabled	Yes, but configurations retained	Yes
Administrator password	Unset	No	Yes
Network settings		No. The network is always enabled and the network addresses are retained.	Yes, including DHCP, DNS, IPv4, and IPv6 addresses
HTTPS	Disabled	Yes	Yes
SNMP	Disabled, but saved addresses do not change	Yes, but saved addresses do not change	Yes

Parameter	Default setting	Reset by Set Defaults	Stored in Saved Config file
Restricted network access	Enabled	Yes	Yes
Miscellaneous settings	5		
Autoloader mode	Automatic	Yes	Yes
Date and time	Blank or existing	No	
Encryption and security settings	Disabled	Not applicable	Yes
License Keys	None	No	Yes

Electrostatic discharge

To prevent damaging the system, be aware of and follow precautions when setting up the system or handling parts. A discharge of static electricity from a finger or other conductor may damage system boards or other static-sensitive devices. This type of damage may reduce the life expectancy of the device.

Subtopics

Preventing electrostatic damage

Grounding methods

Preventing electrostatic damage

To prevent electrostatic damage, observe the following precautions:

- Avoid hand contact by transporting and storing products in static-safe containers.
- Keep electrostatic-sensitive parts in their containers until they arrive at static-free workstations.
- Place parts on a grounded surface before removing them from their containers.
- Avoid touching pins, leads, or circuitry.
- Always be properly grounded when touching a static-sensitive component or assembly. See the next section.

Grounding methods

There are several methods for grounding. Use one or more of the following methods when handling or installing electrostatic-sensitive parts:

- Use a wrist strap connected by a ground cord to a grounded workstation or computer chassis. Wrist straps are flexible straps with a minimum of 1 megohm (±10 percent) resistance in the ground cords. To provide proper ground, wear the strap snug against the skin.
- Use heel straps, toe straps, or boot straps at standing workstations. Wear the straps on both feet when standing on conductive floors or dissipating floor mats.
- Use conductive field service tools.

Use a portable field service kit with a folding static-dissipating work mat.

If you do not have any of the suggested equipment for proper grounding, have your authorized reseller install the part.



For more information on static electricity, or assistance with product installation, contact your authorized reseller.

Websites

General websites

Single Point of Connectivity Knowledge (SPOCK) Storage compatibility matrix

https://www.hpe.com/storage/spock

Storage white papers and analyst reports

https://www.hpe.com/storage/whitepapers

For additional websites, see Support and other resources.

Subtopics

HPE StoreEver autoloader websites

HPE StoreEver autoloader websites

For more information on StoreEver products, see https://www.hpe.com/storage/msl.

For the most current list of supported devices, see the StoreEver Support Matrix at https://www.hpe.com/storage/StoreEverSupportMatrix.

For product information about Command View for Tape Libraries, see https://www.hpe.com/storage/cvtl.

To download Command View for Tape Libraries, see https://www.hpe.com/support/cvtl.

For more information about TapeAssure Advanced, see https://www.hpe.com/storage/tapeassure.

For more information about Data Verification, see https://www.hpe.com/storage/dataverification.

Download HPE Library & Tape Tools without charge from https://www.hpe.com/support/TapeTools.

Support and other resources

Subtopics

Accessing Hewlett Packard Enterprise Support

Accessing updates

Remote support

Customer self repair

Warranty information

Regulatory information

Accessing Hewlett Packard Enterprise Support

For live assistance, go to the Contact Hewlett Packard Enterprise Worldwide website:

https://www.hpe.com/info/assistance

· To access documentation and support services, go to the Hewlett Packard Enterprise Support Center website:

https://www.hpe.com/support/hpesc

Information to collect

- Technical support registration number (if applicable)
- · Product name, model or version, and serial number
- Operating system name and version
- Firmware version
- Error messages
- Product-specific reports and logs
- Add-on products or components
- Third-party products or components

Accessing updates

- Some software products provide a mechanism for accessing software updates through the product interface. Review your product documentation to identify the recommended software update method.
- To download product updates:

Hewlett Packard Enterprise Support Center

https://www.hpe.com/support/hpesc

Hewlett Packard Enterprise Support Center: Software downloads

https://www.hpe.com/support/downloads

My HPE Software Center

https://www.hpe.com/software/hpesoftwarecenter

To subscribe to eNewsletters and alerts:

https://www.hpe.com/support/e-updates

• To view and update your entitlements, and to link your contracts and warranties with your profile, go to the Hewlett Packard Enterprise Support Center More Information on Access to Support Materials page:

https://www.hpe.com/support/AccessToSupportMaterials

(i) IMPORTANT:

Access to some updates might require product entitlement when accessed through the Hewlett Packard Enterprise Support Center. You must have an HPE Onepass set up with relevant entitlements.

Remote support

Remote support is available with supported devices as part of your warranty or contractual support agreement. It provides intelligent event diagnosis, and automatic, secure submission of hardware event notifications to Hewlett Packard Enterprise, which initiates a fast and accurate resolution based on the service level of your product. Hewlett Packard Enterprise strongly recommends that you register your device for remote support.

If your product includes additional remote support details, use search to locate that information.

HPE Get Connected

https://www.hpe.com/services/getconnected

HPE Tech Care Service

https://www.hpe.com/services/techcare

HPE Complete Care

https://www.hpe.com/services/completecare

Customer self repair

Hewlett Packard Enterprise customer self repair (CSR) programs allow you to repair your product. If a CSR part needs to be replaced, it will be shipped directly to you so that you can install it at your convenience. Some parts do not qualify for CSR. Your Hewlett Packard Enterprise authorized service provider will determine whether a repair can be accomplished by CSR.

For more information about CSR, contact your local service provider.

Warranty information

To view the warranty information for your product, see the links provided below:

HPE ProLiant and IA-32 Servers and Options

https://www.hpe.com/support/ProLiantServers-Warranties

HPE Enterprise and Cloudline Servers

https://www.hpe.com/support/EnterpriseServers-Warranties

HPE Storage Products

https://www.hpe.com/support/Storage-Warranties

HPE Networking Products

https://www.hpe.com/support/Networking-Warranties

Regulatory information

To view the regulatory information for your product, view the Safety and Compliance Information for Server, Storage, Power, Networking, and Rack Products, available at the Hewlett Packard Enterprise Support Center:

https://www.hpe.com/support/Safety-Compliance-EnterpriseProducts

Additional regulatory information

Hewlett Packard Enterprise is committed to providing our customers with information about the chemical substances in our products as needed to comply with legal requirements such as REACH (Regulation EC No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and the Council). A chemical information report for this product can be found at:

https://www.hpe.com/info/reach

For Hewlett Packard Enterprise product environmental and safety information and compliance data, including RoHS and REACH, see:

https://www.hpe.com/info/ecodata

For Hewlett Packard Enterprise environmental information, including company programs, product recycling, and energy efficiency, see:

https://www.hpe.com/info/environment

Documentation feedback

Hewlett Packard Enterprise is committed to providing documentation that meets your needs. To help us improve the documentation, use the Feedback button and icons (located at the bottom of an opened document) on the Hewlett Packard Enterprise Support Center portal (https://www.hpe.com/support/hpesc) to send any errors, suggestions, or comments. All document information is captured by the process.